FOR THE NAMES OF NEW YORK MEN ACCEPTED FOR THE DRAFT ARMY, SEE PAGES 9 AND 10

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today and probably Thursday, slightly cooler; wind south.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,746. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1917.—EIGHTEEN PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

CROPSEY THREAT TO OPPOSE MAYOR; FUSION STIRRED

Committee Tells Justice His Candidacy Would Elect Tammany Ticket.

HIS DECISION TOMORROW

But Brooklyn Hears He Will Resign from Bench to Enter Republican Primary.

LIVINGSTON IS CONFIDENT

Brooklyn Leader Says He Is Sure His Candidate Will Make the Race.

What seemed to be a well-founded report that Supreme Court Justice James C. Cropsey intended to resign within a day or two to enter the Republican primary to contest the Mayoralty nomination with Mayor Mitchel was circulated in Brooklyn late yesterday. One report had it that Justice Cropsey would announce his resignation today. While Mr. Cropsey would not discuss the rumor, it was learned that he is preparing a statement of his intentions, and that it would be issued tomorrow. Mr. Cropsey's friends have persistently urged him to make the contest. It was said apparently for him last night that he had finally decided to throw his hat into the ring.

Word reached the Fusion Committee of 250 yesterday that the Justice had definitely decided to enter the race against Mayor Mitchel, and a delegation of Fusionists at once called upon him and urged him not to enter the race against Mitchel. This delegation was headed by William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Fusion Committee. Others on it were Brooklyn members of the committee, including Herbert R. Twitchell, Alfred T. White, James H. Post, Colonel Willis L. Ogden, and Frederick E. Gunnison. The Brooklyn contingent was selected with the hope that they would have more influence with Mr. Cropsey than members from any other borough.

In Conference with Cropsey.

The delegation met Justice Cropsey about 4 o'clock in his chambers in the Garfield Building, near Borough Hall, and the conference lasted about an hour. During this time it was said that Mr. Childs and his associates used all their powers of persuasion to have Mr. Cropsey announce his withdrawal and leave the field open to Mayor Mitchel. One argument brought to bear by Mr. Childs was that if Mr. Cropsey headed a third ticket he would have no chance of success himself, even if he won in the primaries, as the Fusionists would have their ticket in the field right up to election day and that the split in the Republican forces would necessarily mean the triumph of Tammany. Mr. Childs told Mr. Cropsey that every Republican of prominence in Manhattan and also many in Brooklyn were unalterably opposed to a Republican primary contest and that the Republican organization in Manhattan and the Bronx, at least would support the Mitchel ticket to a man. The Fusion leaders admitted that there might be some defection in Queens, Kings, and Richmond.

The conference had not proceeded far when Jacob A. Livingston Republican leader of Kings, who has backed the Cropsey boom from the start, and Albert E. Vass, Chairman of the Kings County Republican Committee, were called in. It is understood that they insisted that Justice Cropsey had as good a chance as Mayor Mitchel to win the Republican nomination in the primaries. They argued that should Mr. Cropsey win the nomination Mayor Mitchel would withdraw, leaving the field to the Brooklyn Justice. It was also learned that Justice Cropsey emphatically insisted that he had not sought the nomination, but that evidence had been presented to him in the shape of petitions from citizens all over the city urging him to enter the contest, and that he felt it was his duty to make the fight.

His Decision Within 24 Hours.

When the conference broke up it was understood that Mr. Cropsey would hold back his decision twenty-four hours longer and give another hearing to the Fusion leaders. It is expected that Chairman Childs and other members of the Fusion Committee will meet Mr. Cropsey again today. No one who was at the conference would discuss what had taken place. Justice Cropsey said he had no statement whatever to make. Mr. Childs seemed somewhat perturbed and hurried away. He said he had nothing to say as to what had taken place. Mr. Childs went at once to his home at Greenwich, Conn., and could not be reached later on the telephone.

Jacob Livingston emerged from the conference wearing a broad smile. Asked as to what had taken place, he said:

"I really don't know what it is all about. I don't know why Mr. Childs and the other Fusionists came over here, I am sure."

It was learned, however, that Mr. Livingston was thoroughly satisfied with the progress of the Cropsey boom, and that he expected important developments within the next day or two. Mr. Livingston's friends said the Republican leader was confident that Mr. Cropsey would make the race against Mayor Mitchel.

John T. McGovern, a Brooklyn lawyer, who is a close friend of Justice Cropsey, said last night that the petitions which had been circulated by Leader Livingston to find out Justice Cropsey's strength among the voters had all been tabulated, and that they would be turned over to the Justice tomorrow morning. Last week the petitions were turned over to Mr. McGovern to check up and put in shape. It was intimated that the public would be surprised when the number and calibre of the petitions were made public.

"They show indisputably," said one

Continued on Page 5.

Germany May Guarantee Immunity to Hospital Ships

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Evening Standard says it has high authority for stating that negotiations are in progress, with every expectation of success, toward obtaining immunity for hospital ships from submarine attacks.

According to a dispatch from Madrid, published by The Standard, it has been arranged that a Spanish naval officer will go aboard every hospital ship to guarantee that the ship is used only for the transport of sick and wounded.

NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF CITY'S QUOTA IN

Official Figures Indicate 12,000 Have Waived Draft Exemption and Are of the Army.

SLACKERS TURN TO BRIBERY

One Offer of $300 for Disqualification—Big Prices Charged for Exemption Blanks.

Deputy Attorney General Roscoe Conkling, representative of the Federal and State authorities in charge of the draft selections in New York City, announced at midnight last night that complete returns of their work from the beginning to date made to him by 50 of the 189 exemption boards in New York City showed that those 50 boards had obtained to date 3,358 men who have waived exemption, without reservation of any kind, and were now of the National Army.

These boards represent a little more than one-fourth of the boards in the entire city, and if the ratio of men who have waived exemption is maintained in the remaining 139 boards, it means that New York City has already furnished about 12,000 of its quota of 39,000 men for the first great selective draft army.

Seventy-eight boards in the city reported last night on the work they did yesterday. The total number of men examined by these boards yesterday was 8,526, of whom 1,602 passed the tests and waived exemption. The average for each board yesterday was nearly 22.

Detailed figures of both these reports are printed on Page 9.

Mr. Conkling called yesterday on all boards in the city for returns showing the number of men called, the number examined, the number qualified physically, the number who have filed exemption claims, and the number who have positively waived exemption.

Mr. Conkling last night sent the following telegram to Adjt. Gen. Stotesbury and to Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder:

"Of eighty-six boards actually inspected in all boroughs up to 9 o'clock tonight, seven have posted call lists but have not begun examinations.

"Seventy-nine boards show calls of 49,368.

"Seventy-one boards show 23,607 physically exempted.

"Fifty-five boards show 11,623 physically qualified.

"Fifty boards show 3,358 accepted, with no question of exemption to be settled.

"It is estimated that 70 per cent. of the able-bodied men in New York City have filed claims for exemption or discharge. There is no way of estimating at this time how many of these claims will be disallowed. CONKLING."

Slackers Offer Bribes.

Unscrupulous men of draft age, among them a few person of means, have approached Exemption Board officials and attempted through bribery to escape the draft, according to Deputy Attorney General Roscoe Conkling, who is supervising the drawing of New York City's quota of 39 000 men for the national army. One man, Mr. Conkling said last night, offered to pay $300 to a member of a board if that member would secure his exemption on any grounds.

Mr. Conkling's statement was made in an answer to this question: "Has any man called for examination tried to escape service by offering a bribe to a member of an Exemption Board?"

"Yes; several have tried that way of getting exemption," Mr. Conkling replied, "and in one instance a board member—and he is one of New York's most reputable citizens—was offered $500 if he would use his influence to get a certain person of conscript age exempted. Of course this man indignantly spurned the offer and reported the matter to the proper officials, who are now investigating the case.

"In the other instances of attempted bribery brought to my attention," Mr. Conkling added, "the amounts offered were not so large. I am glad to say, however, that in no case has a bribe been offered by an American born citizen. In nearly all instances the criminals were alien born, a few of whom seemed to think it entirely proper to buy their exemption. I am sorry I am not in position to give names tonight, but until the investigation by the Federal authorities is completed I don't think I should divulge that information. I can state that every board member approached spurned the bribe that was offered."

Passed, Exempted, Then Passed.

An unusual case brought to Mr. Conkling's attention concerns a man who was called for examination last week and who passed all physical tests and was listed as eligible for service. After the man had been passed and listed he was recalled before the board, examined a second time, and disqualified by the doctors. Yesterday the man was ordered by Mr. Conkling to appear before Dr. Victor C. Pederson and Dr. Frederick Smith of the headquarters board, for a third examination. Drs. Pederson and Smith pronounced him an almost perfect physical specimen and referred him back to his original exemption board, which was ordered to restore him to the eligible list.

Owing to the delays of some boards in getting to work and to the failure of others, which have been examining men, to report on their districts, officials have been unable to make up any

Continued on Page 5.

SENATE AGREES TO VOTE ON FOOD BILL TODAY AT 4

Leaders Predict Substantial Majority for Conference Report, Enacting Measure.

WADSWORTH FOR PUBLICITY

Says Country Is Suspicious of Administration Because It Keeps War Costs Dark.

WILLIAMS DEMANDS LOYALTY

Tells Senators to Line Up with Wilson for America or Frankly with Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—By unanimous consent the Senate agreed today to vote tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock on the conference report of the Food Administration bill.

This action was taken at the close of a stirring debate. Senator Wadsworth of New York criticised the Administration for what he termed its failure to take the people into its confidence with respect to the conduct of the war, especially in the matter of expenditures, and regretted the failure of the amendment for supervision by a war board of Congress.

Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi followed Mr. Wadsworth with an appeal to Senators to discard partisanship and align themselves with the Administration for the winning of the war, or, else frankly line up with Germany for the defeat of America.

Probably a Law by Saturday.

Not a voice was raised in protest when Senator Chamberlain, sponsor of the bill, arose at the end of the day's debate and asked that the Senate agree to dispose of the bill at the hour he named, 4 o'clock tomorrow. Senator Hardwick of Georgia, one of the opponents of the measure and the only one to speak on the Oregon Senator's motion, smilingly remarked that he would not interpose an objection, as the measure might "only be worse mangled," if it went back to conference.

The vote tomorrow, according to the Senate leaders, will confirm the conference report by a substantial majority. If this is done, the bill, which has been before Congress since June 14, will go at once to the House for the signature of the Speaker. The House will not be in session until Friday. Under the rules the Speaker cannot sign any bill except in open session of the House.

After Speaker Clark has signed the bill, which was confirmed by unanimous vote of the House last week, after it was reported from conference, it will be returned to the Senate for the signature of the Vice President. This would put the bill in the hands of the President by Saturday night.

Judging from the disposition of the Senate today, the Food bill has weathered its worst storm. The bitterness of the opposition to the conference report seems to have melted away, and no Senator could be found tonight who did not believe the measure would be put through tomorrow. Upon signing the bill the President could at once appoint Herbert C. Hoover Food Administrator, so that his term of office would begin Saturday night.

Wadsworth Attacks Administration.

In debate today Senator Wadsworth of New York criticised the Administration, saying it had failed to take Congress into its confidence in the conduct of the war. He accused Administration leaders of bad faith in having sidetracked the Food Survey bill for the food control measure, after, as he said, the Admnistration had urged people throughout the country to speed up agricultural development on the promise that the Food Survey bill would be hurried through Congress.

Senator Wadsworth contended that the President ought to accept the Senate proposal for a Congressional committee on the conduct of the war, so as to enable the people to keep in intimate touch with war affairs. The New York Senator felt, he said, that the people would become restive unless the Administration showed more of an inclination to throw light upon matters in which they were vitally concerned in the conduct of the war.

"Congress is in the dark as to how this seventeen billion dollars is to be spent," said Senator Wadsworth. "Such darkness breeds suspicion, and suspicion in any quarter of the land, whether in the industrial communities of the East or the wheat fields of the West, in turn breeds hostility.

"Not only is Congress in the dark, but the whole public of the United States is in the dark. Go about the country, and you will find, not that the people are suspicious or are asking embarrassing questions as to the military or naval plans of the Government, but, 'How much are these cantonments costing?' I cannot tell them, you cannot tell them, and nobody is willing to tell them; they cannot find out, and thereupon their suspicion that all is not well grows and expands until it becomes a menace to the confidence of the public in their Government.

Wants a Link with the People.

"That is an improper way to wage a war. This is not a war of the Government; it is not a war of the Administ-

Continued on Page 4.

Allied War Conference Continued in London

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A continuation of the Paris conference among the representatives of the Entente Allies was opened in London this morning. David Lloyd George, the British Premier, presided.

Among those present at the conference were Premier Ribot and Minister of War Painleve of France; Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister; A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and Arthur Henderson and the other members of the British War Cabinet. All the Entente Allies, in fact, were represented by either Ambassadors, Ministers, or special representatives.

GIVES TAFT TITLE OF MAJOR GENERAL

H. P. Davison Gains Similar Rank Under President's Order Reorganizing Red Cross.

WADSWORTH A BRIGADIER

All Members Abroad Must Have Commissions or Warrants and May Wear Uniforms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, announced today that President Wilson had reorganized the American National Red Cross on a military basis. Hereafter duly qualified officers of the Red Cross will be recognized by military titles, with assimilated rank and for appropriate duties. The President's action is taken under authority granted to him by a joint resolution passed by Congress last April. General army orders were issued putting the reorganization into effect, fixing the military titles, and describing the uniforms to be worn.

The two chief officers of the Red Cross will have the rank of Major General. These are ex-President William Howard Taft, Chairman of the Red Cross Central Committee, and Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council.

Eliot Wadsworth, Vice Chairman of the Central Committee, and Charles D. Norton, Grayson M. P. Murphy, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., and Edward N. Hurley, members of the committee, receive the rank of Brigadier General. The General Manager and Director General of the Red Cross, Harvey D. Gibson, recently President of the Liberty National Bank of New York City, becomes a Colonel.

In explaining the action of the President, Secretary Baker made it clear, these commissions conferred no military authority, obligation, or other incident attached to rank or office, nor any right to pay or allowances of similarly described grades in the United States Army. They, however, serve as certificates of identity. In line with the rejection recently of Red Cross nurses of German origin, the General Orders issued in connection with the reorganization of the Red Cross direct that, in order to avoid the presence in European theatres of war of persons who may not be acceptable to the authorities of any foreign Government, or in whose loyalty there may not be placed undoubted confidence by the Government of the United States as well as of such Governments, the name, residence, and former employment of each member of the Red Cross to be sent abroad will be furnished to the Adjutant General of the army. If employed abroad, similar information will be furnished to the commanding General in France.

Chance for War Knitters.

One million pounds of knitting wool, to be knitted by American women into garments to protect American soldiers and sailors from cold this Winter has been purchased by the Red Cross. This yarn is to be distributed to Red Cross warehouses and sold to the chapters throughout the United States, the proceeds to be turned back into the treasury of the Red Cross and made available for other work.

Three spinning mills are now engaged in making this yarn. It will furnish material for 1,800,000 sweaters, or 2,000,000 pairs of woolen socks. It could be turned into 2,000,000 mufflers or 8,000,000 knitted wristlets.

These sweaters, when completed, will be worth at least $6 each retail, and the other articles proportionately valuable. This material, when worked into finished shape, will, in dollars and cents, represent over $2,000,000 yarn value, and $5,700,000 value in the time and effort of American women.

As much of the yarn probably will be purchased by individuals, it will be safe to say that this one undertaking will represent $7,800,000 additional value in articles donated through the Red Cross to make our soldiers and sailors warm and comfortable.

The Red Cross has established at Philadelphia for the use of the navy the first general Red Cross Hospital in this country. The City of Philadelphia had condemned the building and grounds of the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital in order that a boulevard might be cut through its grounds. The usefulness of the building, however, was not seriously interfered with, and Philadelphia offered this hospital to the Red Cross for an indefinite term without rental.

It contains about 250 beds.

In response to an urgent cablegram from Major Grayson, M. P. Murphy, head of the Red Cross Commission in France, the Red Cross is planning to ship to Europe 100,000 one-half pound

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Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville. Finest summer resort in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted.—Adv.

OUR ARMY RECAST ON ALLIES' MODEL; CORPS AGAIN USED

Old Division of 28,000 Men Is Reduced to 19,000, Which Is Less Unwieldy.

CAVALRY BRANCH DETACHED

Artillery and Machine Guns Increased and Trench Mortar Batteries Added.

TWO BRIGADES TO A DIVISION

Each Will Comprise Two Regiments —Reorganization Reverts to Civil War Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Brig. Gen. Henry P. McCain, Adjutant General of the army, announced tonight that a general order had been issued by the War Department providing for important changes in the organization of the army to be sent abroad.

The order provides for the creation of actual army corps and armies. In the American army these existed only on paper ever since the close of the civil war. There were army corps in the Spanish war designated as such, but none of them was operated as a corps to any important extent. There will be three infantry divisions in each of the new army corps. There are sixteen infantry divisions in the National Guard and an equal number in the new national army approximately, which means that probably ten army corps will be formed out of the guard and draft army forces. Each army will consist of three or more corps.

In the reorganization announced tonight the ratio of artillery strength will be greatly increased in proportion to infantry. The machine gun arm also will be greatly enlarged. Each new army division will consist of approximately 19,000 men. At present, under war strength, each has 28,000 men. Under the new arrangement there will be nearly 33 per cent. more army divisions than under the old method. The reduction in size of the divisions grows out of the conditions of modern warfare on the trench front in France and Belgium. The new American divisions will conform in size and organization practically to the units utilized by our allies in Europe.

Announced by Gen. McCain.

General McCain's announcement follows:

"The ratio of artillery strength to infantry is greatly increased. A division will hereafter include only four infantry regiments in two brigades in place of the old division of three brigades, each comprising three regiments of infantry. There will still be three regiments of field artillery in each division. Thus, in the new organization, there will be three regiments of field artillery to every four regiments of infantry instead of the ratio of three to nine. In addition, a trench mortar battery is attached to each division.

"The machine gun arm is also materially enlarged. A machine gun battalion of four companies has been made a unit of each division, in addition to the three machine gun companies included in each regiment.

"The American division will be made by this order to conform practically to the units utilized by the Entente Allies, among whom a division numbers approximately 19,000 men. The reason for the change is that the division as heretofore made up of about 28,000 men is too unwieldy for the demands of trench warfare. With so large a unit, sure and swift communication with all parts is difficult. The problem to be met was basically one of mobility for the peculiar needs of fighting on the western front.

"The smaller sized units call for maintenance of all units at full fighting strength. For this purpose reserve battalions will be provided. These will consist of 612 men each and are listed in the general order as 'separate training battalions.' The number of these battalions has not been made public. Details of regimental organization are also withheld for military reasons.

"The new order provides for army corps and armies, units which have practically existed only on paper since the civil war. Corps were organized during the Spanish war, but were not actually operated as such to any great extent.

Three Divisions to a Corps.

"Each army corps will consist of three infantry divisions, corps headquarters, and certain army corps troops not specified. Each army will normally consist of three or more army corps, army headquarters, and certain army troops not specified.

"Under the new order each infantry division will be composed as follows, the changes from the present organization being as indicated:

"One division headquarters, (same as at present.)

"One machine gun battalion of four companies, (new.)

"Two infantry brigades of two regiments and one machine gun battalion, (four companies) each. (The present division is three infantry brigades of three regiments each.)

"One field artillery brigade of three regiments and one trench mortar battery, (same, except trench mortar battery is new.)

"One field signal battalion, (same.)

"One train headquarters and military police, (same.)

"One ammunition train, (same.)

"One supply train, (same.)

"One engineer train, (same, except

Continued on Page 5.

PICK HELFFERICH TO STEER PEACE PLANS; LEANS TO ENGLAND, SAY BERLIN CRITICS; OUTCRY AGAINST JUNKERISM GROWS

Kerensky's Health Causes Worry in Russia; Friends Fear He Will Collapse Under Strain

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The health of Alexander F. Kerensky, Russia's man of the hour, is a matter of grave concern to his friends and associates, according to members of an English delegation which has just returned from Petrograd. Premier Kerensky's health was none too good when he took office, and the strain since has been not only constant, but probably heavier than on any other statesman in the world today.

Illustrative of his weakness it is stated that even during the first weeks of the revolution every public speech he made was followed by a period of faintness. His friends say that only his tremendous will power and nervous energy have kept him going so long.

Those who have seen the brilliant Russian leader in the last few weeks describe his face as being haggard and drawn, his figure emaciated, his voice still strong and vibrant, but speech marred by frequent coughing, and his eyes brilliant, but not with the brilliance of ruddy health.

The Premier's whole appearance unmistakably shows the effect of the enormous work required of him every twenty-four hours and the heavy responsibility and constant drain on his slender physical resources.

"If Kerensky can only hold out," is the phrase more and more frequently heard among his friends and admirers, indicating their dread of his physical collapse and what it would mean to the destinies of free Russia.

NEW CABINET IS ATTACKED

Vice Chancellor Called the Real Power on Foreign Policies.

FOE OF RUSSIAN OVERTURES

Denounced as Hostile to U-Boat War, Though Lacking a Consistent Attitude.

REFORMERS' HOPE CRUSHED

Socialists Adopt Waiting Policy —Reichstag Is Urged to Curb the Bureaucrats.

German Professors Petition Against New Peace Offer

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—Seventy-eight professors of Bonn University have signed a petition urging the German Government never to make another peace offer, "since Germany's recent offer has been answered by the British challenge to retire behind the Rhine."

The signers consider that another peace proposal would be mischievous.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—It cannot be said that the appointments of the fourteen new men who are to help Dr. Michaelis carry out his promises as Chancellor have been hailed with acclamations of joy by the German people, but for the most part the press observes an attitude of respectful expectation.

Some newspapers deplore that the new men are nearly all bureaucrats, or, to put it in another way, administrative officials, though they receive due credit for the excellent records all of them have earned as such.

The Socialist newspaper Vorwärts this morning published a list of the new appointments without one word of comment. Its editor informed your correspondent that he received the news too late last night to express an opinion, but then the list was publicly known nearly two days before it received the Kaiser's approval.

Socialists Adopt Waiting Policy.

One of the principal leaders of the Social Democrats, who warned me that he was not voicing the sentiment of his party but merely his own, which, he hoped, represented that of his party as nearly as possible, said that it had been understood among his associates that although the present appointments did not meet their expectations they would wait and see. It was not the Socialist policy to kick against any and every measure for the mere sake of making things uncomfortable, he said, but on the contrary, the new men should be given a fair chance to show what they can do. Any progress whatever was welcome, and the new appointments, at least, did not mean reversion to Junkerdom.

If the Socialist attitude is one of wait and see, it can hardly be that of the Pan Germans, whose organ, the Deutsche Tageszeitung, also remained speechless this morning. Count zu Reventlow will probably have recovered sufficiently tomorrow to give those responsible for the appointments a piece of his mind.

Finds No Sign of Progress.

The Zeitung am Mittag, reviewing the comments in the papers, contends that the general opinion is that the new men have been selected by old methods. It says:

"If one wants to be strictly correct, one cannot call it a Cabinet solely composed of bureaucrats, but it is impossible to discover any new method in the composition of this new Government. Chief Burgomasters have been appointed to Ministerial chairs before, also parliamentarians have been singled out now and then. That is no progress. It has nothing to do with the new era, nor is it likely to arouse eager attention.

"This new Government suggests no new program, but there is this to be said for the new men—they are all pledge to the Kaiser's message on ballot reform. Perhaps that was the principal reason for their selection.

"Some observant persons claim to have discovered a more liberal tendency than ever before existed in those high attitudes, but on the whole the general attitude of the public press seems to be one of wait and see. Some think the very anti-spasmodic character of the new Cabinet is an advantage from the viewpoint of interior peace, but we do not believe in treating the political aspirations of the nation merely with calming medicaments. We did not expect parliamentarisation all of a sudden, which, after all, involves many constitutional difficulties, but it would perhaps have been just as easy to select a Government bench which in its com-

BRITISH ADMIRALTY GETS A SHAKEUP

Wemyss Succeeds Burney as Second Sea Lord—Anderson Construction Chief of Navy.

FIRST STEP OF NEW POLICY?

Daily Mail Attacks It as a Half-Measure; Says Secrecy as to U-Boats Hampers Us.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Commenting on the changes in the British Admiralty, announced last night, by which Vice Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss succeeds Admiral Sir Cecil Burney as Second Sea Lord, and Alan Garrett Anderson, who has been Vice Chairman of the Wheat Commission, assumes the Controllership of Naval Construction, the post formerly filled by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, the new First Lord of the Admiralty, The Daily Mail calls them "an obviously procrastinating half-measure," and asserts that they have brought about only "continued depredations of submarines and resultant public anxiety."

"From the moment America came into the war," it proceeds, "it was clear that one of her most valuable contributions would be ships. It is because of the shortage of vessels for transporting her troops to Europe that Germany affects to despise her utmost efforts. Ships, and yet more ships, are essential if the ravages of submarine warfare are to be offset, and if Britain and her allies are to be effectively supplied with foodstuffs and raw material from the boundless store of America's resources.

Says Admiralty's Policy Hampers Us.

"It was, therefore, to the problem of shipbuilding that the United States gave its first attention. Mr. Hurley is grappling with his task with comprehensive energy, and it is obviously in the British interest that he should be assisted in every possible way. But on the very threshold of his work our New York correspondent tells us he is confronted by the obstacle created by the misleading and designedly secretive character of the Admiralty's weekly statement of tonnage losses. It handicaps Mr. Hurley in his endeavors to speed up construction. It prevents him from explaining to the American people and to the workmen on whose skill and labor so much depends how serious the situation is. He has to deal with generalities that hide the truth and conceal the danger. He cannot lay before those whose enthusiasm he wishes to arouse the plain facts of the shipping position. The British people hate being treated like fools and children. The American people hate it even more. To get the most out of them, as out of our own people, it is necessary to tell them the facts. Then, like ourselves, they will achieve impossibilities.

"Such an Admiralty as the nation wants would answer the American appeal for the publication of the tonnage sunk by submarines in a proper way. It would not be afraid to reveal the facts. The present British Admiralty returns seem chiefly designed to throw dust in our eyes. They do not deceive the Germans, but they do mislead the British nation and its allies."

Special Duty For Admiral Burney.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The changes in the British Admiralty are attracting much attention and are interpreted as the first step in a reorganization which it is supposed Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, was appointed to carry out.

In quarters where the existing Admiralty methods are regarded as unsatisfactory it is declared that the change ought to have been so complete as to "give the country a resolute and energetic Admiralty permeated by an offensive spirit."

There is no implication of incapacity against Admiral Sir Cecil Burney, whose services as Admiral Jellicoe's second in command of the Grand Fleet are recognised, and an official announcement states that he will be employed on special duty. It is assumed that, as his record was made in active command, he may welcome the change.

An official statement contains the an-

Continued on Page 5.

MACKENSEN TAKES 1,300 PRISONERS

Also Captures 13 Guns in Drive at Russian Positions in Rumania.

MORE REGIMENTS MUTINY

Two of Russian Southern Wing Voluntarily Quit the Line, Petrograd Reports.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—Austro-German forces yesterday began an offensive against the Russo-Rumanian armies in Moldavia, on the Rumanian front. Russian positions north of Fokshani were stormed, according to the official statement issued today by the German General Staff, and 1,300 prisoners were taken. Thirteen guns and numerous trench mortars also were captured. The statement follows:

Army Group of Prince Leopold: The position is unchanged.

Front of Arenduke Joseph: In the Sereth and Suchawa Valleys we gained ground as the result of fighting, and we continued to advance in the mountains in spite of stubborn enemy resistance.

Renewed Rumanian attacks on Casinului and near the Lepsa Monastery in the Putna Valley broke down with severe losses.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: In a local attack Prussian and Bavarian regiments stormed Russian positions north of Fokshani. Thirteen hundred prisoners, thirteen guns, and numerous trench weapons were brought in.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—In the direction of Fokshani, on the Rumanian front, the forces of the Central Powers and their allies began an offensive and pressed back the Russo-Rumanian troops across the River Tyrladesus, says the official communication issued today by the War Department. In the direction of Kimpolung, in Bukowina, Austro-German forces, after a battle with the Russians, occupied the heights at Molit. In the region of the River Bystritsa two Russian regiments voluntarily left their positions, causing the Russian troops to retire a few miles. The text of the statement reads:

Western Front: To the southwest of Brody, in the region of the villages of Dube and Zarkov, the enemy is conducting an intense artillery fire. To the south of Grijmalov our advance detachments drove back one of the enemy's advanced posts.

In the region to the west of the Zbrocs, enemy troops are hastily gathering the harvest.

In the valley of the River Sereth, and chiefly of the River Suchawa, the enemy is continuing to press back our troops. The villages of Askovcy, Satulmary, Hadauta, Burla, and Gilt were occupied by the enemy.

Rumanian Front: In the direction of Kimpolung the enemy, after a battle, has occupied the heights to the north of the railway station of Molit. In this region the Cadet Corps of the Two Hundred and Sixtieth Infantry Regiment, under the command of Captain Luchkin, beat off several attacks of the enemy and forced them to retire in disorder. Two of our machine gunners, Protsenko and Valktrus, took prisoner a German scouting party consisting of three noncommissioned officers and twelve privates.

In the region to the west of Hazlin enemy attacks were repulsed. On the River Bystritsa, in the region of Kotergachi and Kochnaborcheni, two regiments of one of our divisions voluntarily left the positions occupied by them and went to the rear, which caused our troops to retire from this region a few versts to the east.

In the direction of Fokshani the enemy, after artillery preparation, began an offensive along the Fokshani-Marasechti railway and the Fokshani-Chiusiela road. On Aug. 6 the enemy occupied our positions in this region, having pressed our troops back across the River Tyriadesua.

Aviation: Our airplanes dropped bombs on the railway station at Baranovichi. Successful hits were observed.

On Aug. 4-5 enemy airplanes made a series of flights on the coast and islands of the Gulf of Riga. Recently there has been a noticeable increase of aerial scouting and activity in the Gulf of Riga.

KISHINEV, Russia, Aug. 7.—Austro-German troops between the Dniester and the Pruth have been thrown back on the front ten miles from Chotin, according to

Continued on Page 2.

position would represent more accurately average national elements than the mere bureaucratic patriarchate."

Deplores Ignoring of the People.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—Germany's press is decidedly lukewarm today in its welcome to the new occupants of the Ministerial bench, and characterizes the fourteen newcomers to executive and minor posts as a Cabinet constituted of officials whose appointment does not betray a change in system.

"It cannot be denied that the events occurring in our internal politics lack historic dimensions, as compared with our present military achievements, says the Tageblatt. The great German nation, which is the only 'kultur' people in the world, exercises neither direct nor indirect influence in the selection of its servants. The present reorganization of the governmental personnel is of little moment as regards the internal development of the empire."

The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"If parliamentarization has assumed but modest proportions on this occasion we can but welcome the circumstance, inasmuch as we do not deem it prudent to reconstitute one's dwelling at a time when a world of enemies is trying to break in. The selections prove that the emphasis has been placed not on principles but on men, as is evidenced by the appointment of two chief magistrates and a Social Democrat."

"Simon Pure Ministry of Officials."

The National Liberal Boersen Zeitung says:

"Is the result which we are now permitted to contemplate that to which we and, with us, many others have looked forward? The question may promptly be answered in the negative. We have again a Simon Pure Ministry of officials. Two parliamentarians, Dr. Spahn and Dr. von Krause, cannot be considered as an evidence of a sincere desire for parliamentarization. While their appointments are a compliment to the parties the fact remains that the widely-heralded change in personnel is not wholly satisfying."

The Conservative Taegliche Rundschau has this comment:

"What has been created is a Cabinet of officials, after the old-time fashion, with the addition of two parliamentarians. Chancellor Michaelis up to this time has been noted for his fortunate selection of the men about him and his faculty of securing their close co-operation. It is to be hoped that his good luck has stood by him in the present appointments and that he will soon be able to demonstrate that the conduct of our Government will be once more in firm, capable hands."

Calls Helfferich Pro-English.

The Vossische Zeitung discusses the retention of Dr. Helfferich at length, branding him as a bad legacy from the Bethmann Hollweg administration and as an inspiration for a pro-English current in German foreign policy. It charges him with having delayed and then discredited the U-boat campaign.

"It cannot be denied that," says the Zeitung, "that in Dr. Helfferich not only has a follower of the old system been incorporated in the new Government which gives no foreshadow of a change in methods, but above all one of the strongest opponents of the U-boat war, and that a man of leading political capacity. Dr. Helfferich's ambition is to exercise an influence on foreign politics, and in this he has additionally changed the outward method of his former policy. He at no time has subscribed to a genuine serious determination to achieve a firm Continental understanding as opposed to the aggressive world policy of England and of the United States. Personally the new Foreign Secretary is suited to the realization of views of world politics and of power representation in the new Government."

Official circles share the view that the selection of the men has been prompted solely by their personal qualifications, and that the presence of the newcomers shows that the Government has reached out in every direction to obtain the best men available, the selection being confined in scope.

Helfferich Kept for Peace Task.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—Will Dr. von Kühlmann or Dr. Karl Helfferich, Vice Chancellor, be the real director of foreign policies under the administration of Dr. Michaelis, the Imperial German Chancellor? This is the political problem of the hour in connection with the shake-up of Cabinets in Germany. It is known the versatile Dr. Helfferich desires to have a hand in steering Germany's new course in world politics after the war, and it is rumored that the new Chancellor, unacquainted as he is with international affairs, desires to retain the ex-bank director, Dr. Helfferich, as his special adviser, mouthpiece, particularly for this field.

In fact, one of the avowed reasons for Dr. Helfferich's retention, despite his present unpopularity in the Reichstag, was that his services are indispensable in peace negotiations. The Berlin Tageblatt, the Lokal Anzeiger, the Vossische Zeitung all refer to the possibility of a conflict, as Dr. von Kühlmann, it is understood, is disinclined to permit himself to be relegated to a subordinate place.

A second feature of the shake-up is the consideration shown the Catholic Centre Party, whose demand for representation in the Imperial and Prussian Cabinets for the Roman Catholic population was recognized by the appointment of three Roman Catholics, Spahn, Waldraff, and Von Kühlmann. With a revocation of the anti-Jesuit and Polish expropriation laws also part of the Centrist program, that party is considered to have done very well as a result of the Parliamentary crisis.

Stand-Patters Defended.

While the Radical and Socialist press is dissatisfied at the absence of any marked concession to parliamentarism in the new Cabinets and at the failure to consult the Reichstag on the appointments, newspapers of the opposite camp are aggrieved at the shelving of Dr. Beseler, Prussian Minister of Justice; Count Loebell, Prussian Minister of Interior; Baron von Schorlemer, Prussian Minister of Agriculture, and other stand-patters on Prussian franchise reform.

The Tageszeitung shows its dissatisfaction in a short, cool, noncommittal paragraph of greeting to the new administration and by giving far more space to a sketch of the departing statesmen than to biographies of the new appointees. Herr Zimmermann, former Foreign Secretary, in an article in the Lokal-Anzeiger, scolds Dr. Michaelis for jettisoning those tried and trusty officials in favor of political novices of untried worth. The Vossische Zeitung severely criticises the appointments of Dr. Helfferich and Dr. von Kühlmann on the ground that both favor rapprochement with England and not with Russia as a basis of post-bellum policy. It says Dr. Helfferich was Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg's evil genius in foreign affairs who first delayed unrestricted submarining by getting out statistics, and then discredited it by impossible predictions.

Theodor Wolff, editor of the Tageblatt, scoffs at all the appointments except that of Dr. von Kühlmann, whom he advises to use his elbows vigorously to gain room to run his own department and prevent intrusion by Dr. Helfferich. The Lokal-Anzeiger also advises caution, and holds out as an enticement the glittering opportunity of leading the premier military power of the world to a just and permanent peace, which would be as great a victory for Germany on the diplomatic field as that of Hindenburg on the field of war. The Anzeiger's adoption of the phrase, "peace by understanding" does not imply any change of heart in the paper, which is committed absolutely to a powerful Pan-German peace.

A Socialist Under Secretary.

Among the new men appointed to posts in the Ministry are two recruits from the ranks of the communal administrators. Herr Waldraff, Minister of the Interior, and Herr Schwander, Minister of Economics, were associated with Chancellor Michaelis in his former work of food distribution and control and attracted his notice by the energy and ability with which they handled the food problems in their respective municipalities. Waldraff is politically a member of the Free Conservative party, one of the Burgomaster members of the Prussian House of Peers, and in the food debates in that body repeatedly defended the interests of the urban population against agrarian selfishness.

One of the most interesting members of the new Administration, if he accepts office, will be the Socialist, August Muller, whose name is as indicative of popular extraction as John Burns would be in American life. Herr Muller's acceptance of an under secretaryship in the food administration is said to be doubtful, and if he becomes the first Socialist Under Secretary in Germany's history, it apparently will be because he finds himself viewing his possible services in the problem of the proper nutrition of the people as either not incompatible with or as outweighing his socialistic principles.

Dr. von Kühlmann is greeted by the Socialist news paper Vorwärts as representative of the spirit of a peaceful, friendly understanding with Germany's present enemies. It takes the optimistic view that he accepted the office with the intent of pursuing a policy based upon the Reichstag resolution. This assumption also explains the friendly acceptance extended to him by the radical press.

Reichstag Watchfulness Advised.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 7.—The new appointments of Imperial German Secretaries and Prussian Cabinet Ministers are considered unsatisfactory by the German democratic groups. Three of the new appointees, according to the Vossische Zeitung, are conservative agrarians, otherwise Junkers. The Clerical Dr. Porsch belongs to the annexationist group, while the appointment of Cologne's Mayor, Herr Wallraff, to the Imperial Home Office is rendered suspicious by the fact that he is known as a Conservative.

The Vossische Zeitung says it now rests with the Reichstag to see that the new appointees do not run contrary to democratic wishes. The responsibility, it holds, will rest with the Reichstag, though it had no voice in the appointments.

Theodor Wolff, in the democratic Berliner Tageblatt, says:

"It is obvious that to Michaelis the true democratic parliamentary course of policy is just as foreign as any exotic sea monster. In Germany only the army is allowed to make world history.

The industrial annexationist Lokal-Anzeiger is, on the whole, satisfied, explaining that the corps of the Imperial Secretaries retains its bureaucratic character and that the parliamentary course remains within modest limits, which is the only intelligent solution.

The semi-official Berlin correspondent of the Cologne Gazette says that all the new appointees and the Prussian Ministry have been carefully catechized by Dr. Michaelis as to their willingness to assist in democratizing the Prussian electoral system, as promised by the Kaiser July 11.

Reports which came received in Holland show that throughout Germany the news of the appointments had been received with disappointment by all who hoped for a democratic turn in domestic policy. Kühlmann's appointment as Foreign Secretary received particular attack, and to be objected to only by Reventlow, who thinks Kühlmann disapproves the submarine campaign.

REVENTLOW ANSWERS LLOYD GEORGE SPEECH

Says British Premier Tries to Excuse "Military Failure in Flanders."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—Commenting in the Deutsche Tageszeitung on Lloyd George's speech last Saturday, Count zu Reventlow says:

"The speech has two principal points, of which the first is his attempt to veil the great military failure of the British Army in Flanders. He is incensed that Germany should have flagged the British attempt and that the German papers report the British occupied only a narrow strip of devastation dotted with gaping craters.

"Lloyd George is simply talking to distract attention from England. France and Italy are deeply disappointed that the attack did not result in breaking through the German lines after that same Lloyd George, with the air of a St. Nicholas, had promised a pleasant surprise to the Entente.

"Is that line of inundated craters really Lloyd George's idea of the pleasant surprise he had in mind? If he claims it was the British method of saving as many human lives as possible in a military advance, he can only accentuate suppression of the record of British losses, as they would expose his lie. His remark that British strategy accomplished its aim is not worth commenting on. Germany is calmly explain why the British nation should be joyous over the result of the battle.

"We, on the contrary, may well be pleased. In the west we resisted unparalleled attacks by the enemy and in the east we were conducting a magnificent offensive, while at the same time the U-boat war is unceasingly leading toward a victorious decision.

Lloyd George's speech simply confirms our own knowledge of the pessimistic mood prevailing in Great Britain. It also confirms our confidence that the German Empire is on the right way to victory.

"The other point in the speech was Lloyd George's attempt to paint the possible fate of England's allies as black as possible. All of them, including North and South America, he says, would by this time languish under the German yoke had it not been for England's strength. Now after three long years of war England's allies have not been led to victory, but are still where they were three years ago. They have already become slaves to Britannia, who will yet lead them to final defeat.

He uses strong words in speaking of weakened German nerves. He wants to teach the Kaiser the pronunciation of the word restitution, of course, in the English sense, which is synonymous with the restitution of English domination over Belgium. The conquest of Belgium by English arms has failed, and that is why the Chancellor now tries to reconquer it with his mouth. He prefers that as the safer method. But we need not bother about this. We have but one aim—the security of our frontiers—which can only be achieved by victory."

GERMANS HONOR CASEMENT.

Tablet to His Memory Unveiled in Bavaria—Big Procession at Traise.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—According to the Lokalanseiger a tablet, commemorating the execution of Sir Roger Casement was unveiled on the shore of Lake Anmer, near Rederau, in Bavaria, on Aug. 5.

The tablet is under a window of a hotel where Casement lived for some time. A large number of people of all classes were present at the ceremony.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The anniversary of Sir Roger Casement's death was celebrated in Traise on Sunday by a procession to McKenna's Fort, where he was arrested on landing from a German submarine. The demonstration was a sort of pilgrimage to the spot. Thousands of men and women wearing Sinn Fein badges and colors attended, coming from all parts of the country. The procession included 800 horsemen, 500 cyclists, and hundreds of others in cars, each of which carried a Sinn Fein flag. It was intended to celebrate mass in the field, but it is stated that the local clergy objected to this part of the demonstration.

HINT NEW VATICAN POLICY.

Different Course Toward Germany Predicted if Gasparri Retires.

ROME, Aug. 7, (Delayed.)—Many Italian newspapers and some authorities on Vatican affairs continue to affirm that Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal Secretary of State, has resigned. The retirement of the Secretary, it is asserted, will permit the inauguration of a new policy by the Vatican toward Germany.

The official Osservatore Romano is silent on the subject, but the semi-official Vatican organ Correspondensa flatly denies that the Papal Secretary has retired.

Italy Plans Exchange of Professors.

ROME, Aug. 7.—Francesco Ruffini, Minister of Public Instruction, has named a commission, composed of Senator Vito Volterra and Professor Bonfante Rossi, which has been charged with the preparation of a legislative bill providing for the study of Italian students abroad and for an exchange of professors between Italian and foreign universities.

CANADIANS PUSH CLOSER TO LENS

Gain 200 Yards on a 600-Yard Front in Southwestern Outskirts.

RAID CROWN PRINCE'S LINES

French Take Captives as They Break Through at Three Points —German Check Near Verdun.

By The Associated Press.

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Aug. 7.—The British lines continue to tighten about the French city of Lens, north of Arras. Canadian troops, who on Saturday night pushed their positions forward approximately 200 yards along a front of 1,000 yards into the western environs of the city, late yesterday added a 600-yard front of a similar depth to their defenses south and west of the outskirts of that mining centre.

The Germans have been showing signs of decided uneasiness in the Lens sector for several days, as has been evidenced by their practice of throwing a curtain of fire on the British trenches each morning at dawn.

Vimy and Farbus, towns behind the British lines south of Lens, have also been shelled daily by enemy batteries.

The rest of the British front has continued in a state of comparative calm as far as infantry actions have been concerned.

Canadians Hold Lens-Bethune Road.

By The Canadian Press, Limited.

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Aug. 7.—The Canadian outposts around Lens have established a new line in a group of houses which is within a few yards of the enemy front line at that point. The Lens-Bethune Road is now safely within our lines almost up to the city of Lens.

The enemy does not intend to submit to the loss of Lens without making a fight for it. While our outposts were establishing their new posts this morning the Germans turned loose a heavy artillery and machine-gun barrage upon the crater recently captured and built into a strong point. Sheltered by this barrage, his infantry advanced upon the crater, which was only slightly held as an outpost. Our men in the crater withdrew without suffering any casualties, and the Germans reoccupied it.

Intermittent artillery duels were conducted yesterday by our artillery at an extended rate.

French Make Raids in Champagne.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—French troops last night broke into the lines of the German Crown Prince on the Champagne front at three places, inflicting losses on the Germans and bringing back prisoners, it was officially announced today by the French War Department.

A German attack between Avocourt Wood and Hill 304, in the Verdun sector, was driven off with heavy losses to the assailants. The Germans gained a foothold in the French first line in Cauriéres Wood, but were expelled today by a counterattack.

There were fairly violent artillery duels in the Ypres-Lys sector of the Belgian front, and between Hurtebise and Craonne, north of the River Aisne.

The text of the early statement says:

There has been fairly violent artillery fighting in Belgium, particularly in the Bixschoote sector, and north of the River Aisne, along the Hurtebise-Craonne front. The infantry was not engaged.

In the Champagne region we penetrated the German lines at three places. This made it possible for us to inflict losses on the enemy and to bring back prisoners.

On the left bank of the River Meuse, after a spirited bombardment, German troops this morning undertook an attack between Avocourt Wood and Hill 304. Met by a violent fire from our forces, delivered with precision, our assailants were compelled to return at once to the trenches they had left, after suffering perceptible losses.

In Upper Alsace there have been encounters between patrols.

Germans Checked Near Verdun.

The War Office issued the following official statement tonight:

In Belgium the cannonade was rather violent during the day.

On the right bank of the Meuse, (Verdun region,) the enemy directed an attack against our positions in the Cauriéres Wood. An enemy detachment which had succeeded in gaining a foothold in an element of our first line was thrown back immediately by a counterattack.

Intermittent cannonading has occurred on the rest of the front. It was especially spirited to the west of Cerny and in the direction of Hurtebise.

The Belgian communication says:

Some artillery activity and grenade fighting took place in the direction of Dixmude.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The official report from British headquarters in France issued tonight reads:

Beyond the usual artillery activity on both sides, there is nothing of special interest to report.

Intense Cannonade Near Hulluch.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—Lively artillery firing at intervals in some sectors of the Flanders front is reported in today's Army Headquarters statement. Further south an intense bombardment is in progress between Hulluch and the Scarpe. Otherwise only scouting and raiding operations have occurred along the Franco-Belgian front, according to the statement, which reads:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—In Flanders the fighting activity of our own and the enemy's artillery is temporarily lively in some sectors. In the crater field several engagements took place between reconnoitering parties.

In the Artois there was an intense fire, which was directed against positions between Hulluch and the Scarpe.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince.—Thrusts by Oldenburg and Württemberg storming troops in the Beasy ravine, north of the Laon-Soissons road, and near Berry-au-Bac and the Aisne brought us gains in prisoners and booty.

AMERICAN AIRMEN BATTLE OVER BELGIUM

Driven Off by Reinforcements, but Suffer No Damage—Lufbery Disables His Foe.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—A patrol of the Lafayette Escadrille, composed of Adjutant Lufbery, Lovell, Willis and Parsons, engaged six German aviators six miles within the German lines in Belgium on Sunday. The air battle was progressing favorably for the Americans when six other German aviators joined in, forcing the Americans to withdraw before the superiority of numbers. Although they had been fighting for some little time, the quartet got away without receiving a bullet hole.

A German aviator who had been attacked by Lufbery was seen gliding down with his propeller stopped. It is believed a bullet disabled his motor.

The weather has cleared and the members of the Lafayette Escadrille are anxious to get into action again.

JULIAN ALLEN WOUNDED.

John V. Newlin, Another American Ambulance Driver, Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Allen of New York, who are visiting here, received word today that their son, Julian Allen, had been wounded by a German shell while driving an ambulance in France. He was recently decorated by the French Government for bravery.

A news dispatch also reports that John V. Newlin of Whiteford, Penn., has been killed. Both men were members of Section 59 of the American Ambulance Corps. Allen's wounds are not serious.

SENDING FUNDS TO GERMANY

Federal Authorities Find Teutons in Cleveland Are Forwarding Money.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 7.—Federal agents today were investigating reports that thousands of dollars in money is being sent monthly from Cleveland to Germany through the Swiss Government.

Investigation, it is said, has revealed that scores of Germans and persons of German extraction are sending funds to Germany, ostensibly to relatives. Federal officials want to learn whether any of this money is reaching the German Government.

Edinburgh to Honor W. H. Page.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A movement is on foot, according to The London Times, to offer the freedom of the City of Edinburgh to Walter Hines Page, the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's.

BRITISH ADMIRALTY GETS A SHAKEUP

Continued from Page 1.

nouncement that opportunity is to be taken of the appointment of Vice Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss to rearrange the duties of the Second Sea Lord, who will be relieved of detailed administrative work connected with the personnel of the fleet. This is interpreted as meaning that the Second Lea Lord will not be trammeled by details which subordinates can handle, but will be associated more closely than his predecessor was with the preparation of war plans.

Permanent Secretary Displaced.

Another change in the Admiralty is the removal of Sir William Graham Greene from the permanent secretaryship at the Admiralty to a secretaryship in the Ministry of Munitions under Winston Spencer Churchill. Sir William's departure from the Admiralty is regarded as of considerable importance, as the holder of the post of permanent secretary, which he has retained since 1911, has always been largely responsible for the continuity of Admiralty tradition and policy. It is this continuity which is regarded by many as a most dangerous factor in that it hinders initiative and adaptability to current needs.

Mr. Anderson, who will be responsible for the Admiralty's shipbuilding requirements, has a close knowledge of both shipping and railways. He was long associated with a company of shipping brokers and is a Director of the Midland Railway. He is a son of Dr. Elisabeth Garrett Anderson, a well-known physician and the first woman to be elected as Mayor in England, being the Chief Magistrate of Aldeburgh.

FIGHTER TO AID JELLICOE.

Wemyss, New Second Sea Lord, Distinguished Himself at Jutland.

According to Geoffrey Butler, who came to this country with the Balfour mission and is now here on British Government service, the appointment of Vice Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss as Second Sea Lord of the British Admiralty indicates that Admiral Jellicoe, the First Sea Lord, is to have the assistance of a man who, though little known to the public, has a distinct reputation as a fighter of the first order throughout the British Navy.

"He took a foremost part in the Jutland fight," said Mr. Butler last night, "and acquitted himself admirably. He comes of one of the old Conservative families of England, being a son of the late J. H. Erskine Wemyss of Wemyss Castle, Fife. He entered the navy in 1877, was made a Lieutenant in 1887, a Commander in 1898, and Captain in 1901. He was commander of the Royal Naval Barracks in 1911 and 1912, Rear Admiral of the Second Battle Squadron in 1912 and 1913, and was an extra equerry to the King.

"Vice Admiral Wemyss represents the old aristocratic element. The Second Sea Lord is at present responsible chiefly for the appointment of the personnel of the navy, and he is undoubtedly taken as first assistant to Admiral Jellicoe because of his knowledge of men and his reputation as a fighter.

Anderson a Shipping Man.

Of Alan Garratt Anderson, named as the new Controller of Naval Construction, Mr. Butler said:

"Anderson, like Sir Eric Geddes, is one of the business men who have sprung into prominence in the course of the war. It is interesting to note that when the British Government wished to find a chief of the Joint Bureau, which controlled the pooling of wheat for all the Allies, they went not to a great farmer or wheat controller, but to President of one of the big Liverpool shipping firms, Alan Garratt Anderson. He comes of one of those English families known for its progressive qualities.

"Anderson was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, but was not graduated, preferring to settle down to business. It will be remembered that he accompanied Mr. Balfour on his mission to this country, and that he paid a visit to Chicago at a time when there was great excitement in the wheat market. One of his partners in the shipping firm is a descendant of William Penn and bears the same name. He impressed those who came into contact with him on his recent journey to America as a typical Liverpool merchant of the old school."

Greene's Removal Significant.

The following comment on the removal of Sir William Graham Greene from the Permanent Secretaryship at the Admiralty to a Secretaryship in the Ministry of Munitions was sent to THE TIMES last night:

"Has the political head of every Government department (the member of the Cabinet responsible) there is always in England a permanent head drawn from the permanent civil service whose fame is generally unknown, but who, having the experience of many years' service, exercises profound influence. Woe betide the Secretary of State who neglects his advice or runs counter to his wisdom! The only case of the overriding of the permanent chief known to history is the famous instance of Lord Randolph Churchill, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, who, when faced with an argument by his permanent head, duly substantiated by statistics so full as to include decimal points, remarked, to his mentor's horror, 'I expect you are perfectly right, my dear fellow, but, you know, I never could understand those damned dots, so I think we'll have it as I originally suggested.'

"Sir Graham Greene was the permanent head of the Admiralty. As the tenure of office of such men is regarded as sacrosanct, 'having,' as one disgruntled junior said, 'neither beginning nor end,' the removal of Sir Graham Greene establishes another record for the Lloyd George Government. It will be recollected that a full-dress debate in both houses of Parliament failed to remove Lord Hardinge, who was permanent head of the Foreign Office and had been subjected to much public criticism."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Alan Anderson, the new Controller of Construction of the British Navy, is well known to men in the grain trade in Chicago. He was the guest of honor at a dinner given by the Board of Trade at the Blackstone Hotel when he visited Chicago with the Balfour Commission.

While here he had a number of conferences with board leaders on the wheat price situation as affected by heavy buying of the Allies, and also on securing facilities for shipping grain.

At one time Mr. Anderson was with a grain firm which had connections in the Chicago field.

PERSHING PICKS TYPE FOR NATIONAL ARMY

Thinking Men with Individuality, Healthy and Well Disciplined, Are Needed.

TRAINED AS FOR FOOTBALL

Sammies Prepare to Don Masks and Enter "Gas House" for Experimental Purposes.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Major Gen. Pershing, commander of the American expedition in France, said today that it was highly essential that the men in America's draft army should be in excellent physical condition, well disciplined and capable of individual action. He added that the army organization must be built from the bottom up, each man and officer devoting all his energies to the work. The General said:

"Our men must be in good physical condition, keeping their morals clean and thereby capable of meeting the trying conditions of modern warfare. The men must learn to obey orders promptly, implicitly and willingly, but not, necessarily automatically.

"I object to the word 'automatic,' because we do not want a machine-made organization, but an army of thinking men—men with individuality, men fully capable and ready to assume command of units, should their officers be killed or incapacitated, as sometimes happens in trench warfare.

"The men must be made to realize that war is not sport or play, but serious work demanding the utmost energy and attention to insure success."

General Pershing likened army organization to a football team, in which each man is trained to physical perfection under strict discipline, but is capable of brilliant individual action in a crisis. He added: "We want our men trained the same way."

The General was optimistic and confident that America's army would give a very excellent account of itself and would come up to the expectations of our allies despite the tremendous amount of work necessary before active American participation in trench warfare was possible.

SAMMIES TO DON MASKS.

Prepare to Face Extra Strong Vapors in "Gas House."

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Aug. 6.—The issuance of French gas masks to the American soldiers has brought them a little nearer to the realization of their proximity to real warfare. The men are looking forward to the gas experiments with the greatest possible interest as giving a touch of adventure to their training. When the so-called "gas house" is completed the men will be put through a mixture of a deadly vapor several times stronger than will ever be encountered upon the field of battle.

Some German prisoners have declared that in their advance training they have endured periods of from five to ten minutes in a gas mixture fifty times as strong as could possibly be maintained in an open air attack. The men are put through these intense mixtures to demonstrate to them that with proper care and use of their equipment they cannot be hurt by any gas likely to be encountered in the front-line trenches.

It is a most important branch of the modern training of a soldier that he should be convinced there are many methods of effectively dealing with the deadliest terrors of later-day warfare, and that careless, slovenly, and unready soldiers are the ones first to succumb. It is even demonstrated to the soldiers that the terrifying liquid fire can be avoided except in most extraordinary circumstances, such as being caught in a trench or a dugout with the enemy in such a position that he can pour flames through the entrances.

In training the Americans regarding gas the greatest weight is to be laid in demonstrating to each man the value of his protective appliance and seeing that he is fully instructed in its proper use. It will be made to realize, however, that only by skillful and rapid adjustment of the mask can protection be assured, and that it shall be a daily task with him to see that his appliance is in good condition. It must be assured, for otherwise the gas penetrates through every small hole and attacks the eyes and mouth so that in a short time that man is put out of action.

Lectures on gas are being arranged first for the officers, then for the men; for in gas training officers have to go through identical drills as enlisted men. Ten seconds will be the outside limit allowed for the adjustment of helmets after the gas alarm has been sounded. The increasing use of gas shells even from the longest range guns makes the carrying of masks far back of the line an imperative military necessity. The first traces of gas poisoning are a hot mouth and irritation of the throat.

Despite proof that the Allies have so often produced to the contrary and the fact that it is detailed against them when this hideous mode of warfare was first sprung upon unsuspecting foes by the high command of the German Army, private soldiers and Germans say the gases are so-called 'smelling substances and are not poisonous. The fortunates, they assert, exert a stupefying action and after long exposure have an asphyxiating effect. Under their influence vision is affected. A man is forced to close his eyes in a few seconds and can observe nothing.

Germans natives admit, however, that "it is impossible to remain in these gases without protection." The exact nature of the composition of practically all of the German gases is known to the Allies, and the Americans are obtaining immediately the full results and benefits of all this laborious and dangerous work.

MUST REPORT TO PERSHING.

All Our Officers Get Orders Designed to Frustrate Spies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—To enable Major Gen. Pershing, commanding the American expeditionary forces in France, to have complete information regarding all persons and units connected with the American military forces sent abroad, the War Department has issued a general note which also safeguards the interests of the Government against persons who may attempt to gain military information by impersonating American army and marine officers.

The order was issued July 8, but not made public until today. General Pershing, of course, has complete information regarding American army and marine officers attached to his expedition. But there are other American army and marine officers on duty in France, England and elsewhere, whose status is not reported on regular organization returns and concerning whom General Pershing may know nothing as to their qualification or status. In the circumstances, unless proper military safeguards were instituted, it might be possible for persons impersonating army officers to obtain military information from British and French officers. To guard against this, orders have been given by which all American officers in France or England desirous of obtaining information from the French or English War Offices must submit their applications to General Pershing, who alone is authorized to present such requests on behalf of officers in those countries.

The general order of the War Department follows:

Washington, July 6, 1917.

"General Orders.

"No. 85.

"To the end that information concerning the organizations and individuals serving in connection with the United States military force operating against Germany may be in possession of the Commanding General of such forces and of the War Department, the following orders are promulgated:

"I. All officers of the armies of the United States, of every kind and character, and of the Marine Corps attached to the army, who are now or may hereafter be on duty in France, England, or elsewhere, in connection with the United States military operations in Western Europe, and whose status is not reported on organization returns, will report by letter to the Commanding General, United States forces, at Paris, France, on the last day of each month, giving duties on which engaged, or status, and address. Those hereafter ordered to duty in countries of Western Europe will report by letter to said Commanding General immediately upon their arrival in any of the countries specified.

"II. One copy of the monthly return of each organization or unit, including base hospital, not forming part of a brigade, division, army corps, or army, will be furnished to the Commanding General, United States forces at Paris. All officers not accounted for on organization returns will be accounted for on the returns of the headquarters, United States forces at Paris.

"III. Officers in France or England, or hereafter going to those countries, who for any reason desire or find it necessary to apply for information from the French or English War Office will submit their applications or requests to the Commanding General, United States forces, at Paris, who alone is authorized to present such requests on behalf of officers in the countries named to the Governments of France and England.

"By order of the Secretary of War:

"TASKER H. BLISS,
"Major General, Acting Chief of Staff.

Official:

"H. P. McCAIN
"The Adjutant General."

AMERICAN AIRMEN CHOSEN.

Selected to Complete Their Training in Allies' Schools.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—It was announced at the American Aviation Service today that American airmen had been picked to enter British, French and Italian aviation schools for completion of their training at the earliest possible moment.

The problem of sending the most efficient airplanes has been solved in part by the purchase of all available materials from the Entente Allies, thus permitting the Americans to begin their aerial operations much sooner than otherwise would be the case. The service has been divided into purchasing and operating divisions.

Officers in the American service emphasize their belief that nothing should interfere with the aviation plans in the United States. The officers say that where one man is needed in the reserve for each man in the trenches, in aviation, to insure American protection and supremacy, it is estimated that five reserve men are needed for each man flying.

ITALIAN AIR RAIDERS MADE HAVOC AT POLA

Bombed Austrian Arsenal and Fired Naphtha Depot and Seaplane Station.

ROME, Aug. 7.—A detailed report on the air raid at Pola, the Austrian naval base, on Friday night, following the raid of Thursday night, shows that it began at 11 P. M. and ended soon after dawn. Each Italian machine carried eight bombs and six grenades. The first members of the squadron arrived over Pola an hour after their departure, and the last at 4 A. M. They carried out their task, which comprised a flight of 820 kilometers, (nearly 500 miles,) 100 of which were over enemy territory, without the loss of a single machine.

D'Annunzio, the poet, was aboard one of the larger planes, piloted by Captain Gori. The damage effected was most important. The arsenal was bombed and a naphtha depot and a seaplane station were set afire and burned like paper. The Italian aviators, who kept their average height of from 2,500 to 3,000 yards, were able to gauge of the extent of the destruction by the enormous sheets of flame and columns of smoke which shot up to a height of 500 yards.

The Austrians were unable during the bombardment to extinguish any fires started by the bombs, but they kept up a furious fire with their anti-aircraft guns, and thirty of their most powerful searchlights threw dazzling beams over the space where the Italians were flying. Notwithstanding, the latter cruised over the city for nearly five hours and escaped unhurt and victorious.

Artillery Duels on Italian Front.

ROME, Aug. 7.—Reporting military operations on the Austro-Italian front the War Office announcement issued today says: "No important events were reported yesterday. Artillery duels took place on the Julian front."

DUTCH RIDICULE GERMAN 'CHIVALRY'

Newspapers Display U-Boat Murder in Parallel Column with Pastoral Letter.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—Dutch newspapers print in a parallel column with an account of the murder of the crew of the British steamship Belgian Prince a Berlin telegram giving the following extract from a pastoral letter read in all the Protestant churches of Berlin last Sunday:

"We will comport ourselves as Christians toward our enemies and conduct the war in the future as in the past with humility and chivalry."

The pastoral letter was read at a service which Emperor William and the German Empress attended at the Cathedral. It exhorts the people to humanity and recognition the hand of God in the protection from invasion which the Fatherland has enjoyed.

The British steamship Belgian Prince was sunk July 31 by a German submarine. According to survivors who reached a British port the Germans removed the lifebelts and outer clothing of all the members of the crew except eight, smashed the lifeboats with axes, and then re-entered the submarine and closed the hatches, leaving the men on deck. The submarine traveled on the surface for about two miles and then submerged. Thirty-eight of the crew were drowned. Three others were rescued by a patrol boat.

U-BOAT IN DUTCH PORT.

Another Attacks Vessel in Spanish Territorial Waters.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—The German submarine U-30, accompanied by two Dutch torpedoboats, today entered the waterway of the Netherlands fishing town of Maassluis, ten miles west of Rotterdam, according to a dispatch to the Handelsblad. It is understood that the U-boat merely is awaiting better weather.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Admiralty learns that a German submarine yesterday attacked a Spanish fishing boat in the neighborhood of Bilbao, Spain, within Spanish territorial waters. Two of the crew were severely wounded.

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SWEEPING SLAUGHTER OF GERMAN CATTLE

Fodder Shortage Causes Drastic Action in Reducing the Number of Animals.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—A shortage in fodder has compelled the Germans to undertake a sweeping slaughter of home stocks of cattle. German buyers in Denmark, who last week cut prices 15 per cent., are, according to a dispatch today from the interior, discontinuing purchases altogether until the surplus at home is utilized.

This has brought about another reduction in the price of meat in Denmark, and it is said that further cuts will follow.

A decrease in prices for meat also will be aided by the action of the Danish Meat Bureau, which, finding a number of butchers charging prices involving an excessive profit, has withdrawn from the offenders the bounty derived from the fund accumulated from the export tax on meat and applied to reducing prices to Danish consumers.

BRITAIN EXPORTS LESS TO US

London Shipments Fell $10,000,000 in the Last Seven Months.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Extraordinary fluctuations in Anglo-American trade are shown by the Consular figures as to British exports from the Port of London, from which more than half the British exports to America are shipped. The shipments for April were the highest, and those for July the lowest since the beginning of the war. The April exports were valued at $18,500,000, and those for July only $8,500,000. Exports from January to July, inclusive, last year were $100,000,000, and for the same period this year less than $60,000,000.

The slump began in June, with exports of $9,500,000, as against $12,500,000 last year. Those for July made a still worse showing, being $8,420,000, against $10,475,000 last year. This fall occurred despite the big increase in exports of rubber from $28,800,000 in the first seven months of last year to $37,825,000 for the same period this year.

One reason for the decrease is the rigid restrictions on the exportation of certain articles. Exports of tea for the seven months were only $740,000, as against more than $2,000,000 last year; those of wool $1,500,000, as against $1,-300,000 last year; of hides $2,800,000, as against $3,800,000. There were also decreases in the exports of precious stones, indigo, and art objects.

BOASTED OF 19 SHIPS SUNK.

U-Boat Captain Told Artensis Survivor of Vessels He Destroyed.

Harold Hansen, a survivor of the crew of the Norwegian sailing ship Artensis, 1,780 gross tonnage, which was sunk on July 19 eighty-two miles off Black Rock, on the coast of Ireland, returned yesterday to an Atlantic port with the report that one U-boat had sunk nineteen vessels, aggregating 66,000 tons, in a three weeks' cruise. He was told this by the Commander of the submarine that sunk the Artensis, who was evidently proud of his achievement, and wanted the people of America to know it.

Hansen said that the Artensis was sailing from Glasgow to Hampton Roads when the submarine fired a torpedo which missed the stern by a few feet. The Captain of the Artensis hove to. When the U-boat appeared the commander ordered the crew of the ship to get into the boats and pull for the nearest land. After removing all the food, tobacco, and provisions from the sailing vessel the Germans put bombs in her hold and blew her up.

NEW ITAL

REFORM DOMINATES TAMMANY PLATFORM

Municipal Ownership Pledge Includes Traction, Gas, Electricity, and Telephones.

'NO POLITICS IN EDUCATION'

Riverside to be Kept Intact and the City's Charities Taken from "Control of Charity Trust."

The platform on which the Tammany candidates for city, county, and borough offices are to run in the municipal campaign this year was adopted last night by the Democratic Fusion Committee of 170, which is a combination of all the elements opposed to the Mitchel administration. Municipal ownership and operation of public utilities is the keynote of the platform. The plank on this subject pledges the party to the public ownership and operation of all traction systems, including marginal railways and docks, gas, electricity, and the telephone, as well as terminal markets, storehouses, and refrigerator plants. The municipal ownership plank says:

It is the purpose of the Democratic voters of the city of New York in the approaching municipal election to fight for municipal ownership, the true principle of all municipal reform. Just as the source of all municipal misgovernment is the privately owned and operated public utility franchise, so the correction of the evils of municipal government lies in the adoption of the universally accepted truth that every public service which is in its nature a monopoly should be a public monopoly. In other words, we stand unqualifiedly for the principle of municipal ownership and operation of all public utilities. And we propose to effect this reform as rapidly and as steadily as is possible, with earnest endeavors in every field in which it can be promoted, and with a spirit of convinced adherence to the principle.

The Fusion Administration say they are for public ownership and operation, but they qualify this by the statement that the city is not yet ready to undertake it. Their insincerity is recognized by all the public utility corporations of the city, which are supporting the Fusion Administration. These corporations, which have so long fattened upon the city, have a very clear understanding of just how much, or rather how little, the Fusion Administration means in its declaration in favor of public ownership. No so-called good-government movement, composed of the self-styled better elements in any American city has ever shown either the courage or the disinterestedness to really grapple the public utility franchise question. The elements that compose the Fusion movement are always restrained by selfish pecuniary interests, a fear for their investments, and the consequent diminution of their excessive returns from private ownership and operation of public utilities. They stand for superficiality and insincerity in municipal administration, ignoring the sources and the causes of misgovernment while content to gloss and palliate their surface manifestations.

It is for the purpose in this campaign to strike a blow for true reform, and we are proud to reflect that it is the first time in the history of municipal government in this country that a great political party has brought its organized strength to the service and to the support of this great principle of civic regeneration. Specifically we are in favor of the public ownership and operation of all public utilities, including traction, gas, electricity, and the telephone. The supply of transportation, light, and power is of the utmost importance to the community. The services rendered have become a necessity to the life, health, comfort, convenience, and industry of the city. Through public ownership and operation only can the cost of these indispensable public services be reduced to the cost of similar services in many progressive cities, and thus only can the selfish resistance of the public utility corporations be made to give way to a progressive development of the city in the interest of the people.

As part of the municipal ownership plan the platform states that there will be continued in the public service necessary employes of private corporations whose operations are taken over by the city, to the end that all faithful service employes shall receive the protection and benefit of the civil service laws. The program also calls for the improvement of port conditions and the internal waterways of the city. One plank deals with promised reforms in the Board of Education as follows:

We regard that function of government which deals with the education of the youth as sacred. We will drive politics and political influence out of the Board of Education. We deplore the attempt of corporations and foundations to control our school system. We will banish the imported Gary system, which aims to make our public schools an annex to the mill and factory. We declare it to be un-American and undemocratic in that it foreshadows the establishment in this country of insidious distinctions between the children of the rich and the children of the poor. That there should be sufficient seating accommodations for all children of school age within the city is fundamental. We promise the children of our citizens every opportunity for a good, sound education that will fit them to take advantage of the benefits of the greatest republic in the world.

A reorganization of the Health Department is promised, with a responsible head located in each borough. The platform states that the control of the charity trust over our public charities" will be eliminated and that municipal charities will be "restored to the control of municipal authorities." Taking up the west side terminal problem, the platform states that there shall be no monopoly of waterfront given to any railroad nor grant of property or of franchise in perpetuity, and adds:

Nor shall there be any settlement which shall not include in its provisions the preservation of the artistic and recreation features of Riverside Park and an intelligent co-ordination and rearrangement of passenger transportation facilities to relieve the congestion of traffic through the inadequate Park Avenue tunnel.

The platform sidesteps the proposition of having a garbage disposal plant on Staten Island, declaring:

We hold that the reducing, rendering, and destruction of garbage and waste, as a municipal function, should be cared for by the municipality and not by private interests, to the end that profits therefrom may accrue to the municipality itself.

Fair and equitable charges on all municipal ferries are promised, as well as the maintenance of the merit system for appointment to public office, a test of the two-platoon system in the Fire Department, and the reclaiming for the city of all void, forfeited, and lapsed public franchises. The platform also pledges the Democratic Party to obtain legislation at Albany on the following subjects:

Amendments to the Public Service Commission's act providing for the election of the members of the Public Service Commission for the First District, one for each borough, to the end that men more representative of the people, as well as the several localities, may have the power to regulate the public utilities.

An amendment to the charter of the city making the office of Corporation Counsel elective and thereby answerable directly to the people.

An amendment to the State Constitution which will guarantee complete emancipation from State control and interference in the management of affairs that are purely local.

The power and influence of the administration will be similarly exerted to oppose the imposition of further direct taxes upon the people of the city for State purposes and legislation that seeks to abolish borough or county lines or in any wise to impair local autonomy.

On the subject of alleged Fusion misgovernment the platform has this to say:

A survey of existing conditions in this city shows nothing to explain, much less to justify, the extravagant boasts put forward by the Fusion administration in its efforts to perpetuate itself by re-election. Since 1913 the annual budget has increased over $26,000,000, and the gross debt has increased nearly $868,000,000, amounting to the enormous total of $1,490,440,000. The interest charges upon this stupendous liability are appalling.

The inequitable and unjust assessment of real estate and the high rate of taxation have made ownership of real estate in the City of New York a heavy burden, imposing intolerable hardships on the real estate owner and the great masses of the people who pay rent. The lamentable condition of the city's financial affairs is largely due to the unwise and reckless administration of the present Fusion officials, who today stand indicted before the people of the city on charges of extravagance, incompetence, and surrender to favored interests.

Among instances specified as being handled with extravagance and incompetence are the Manhattan Court House plan, the Municipal Building in Brooklyn, the South Brooklyn Marginal Railroad scheme, the surrender of Rockaway Point to the National Government for a fort site, the purchase of Dreamland and Rockaway Parks, the Riverside Drive improvement plan, and alleged fads and fancies in the conduct of the Police Department and in the Board of Education. Continuing, the platform says:

An administration which responds only to the promptings of self-seeking financial interests which exploit the people for profit can have no definite policy of government which will be of benefit to the masses of this great cosmopolitan city. A vital issue of this election is, Shall the control of the affairs of the city remain in the hands of a financial and social autocracy? The Rockefeller-Morgan group is the chief beneficiary of all the railroads having terminals in this city and of those that lease city piers. They are also largely interested in steamship property and dominate every avenue of distribution of the necessaries of life. They are the controlling factor in virtually every lighting company in our city.

The present high cost of food and other necessaries is largely due to the greed and selfishness of this anti-social group. They control the banks. They have large holdings in the milk trust, the coal trust, and in most of the corporations which serve the public. In fact, it is no mere coincidence that the interests which are conspicuous in the fight to continue the present administration in power are the chief beneficiaries of every monopoly which afflicts the city. Many franchises of public service corporations have long since expired. Other public franchises are preceded by void. Yet such is the power wielded by these interests over the present administration that no sincere move has been made to recover these valuable assets, which belong of right to the people.

Despite the mounting cost of the city's administration, nothing has been done to ameliorate living conditions in the congested districts of this city. Disease prevention, hospital treatment for the sick, sanitary control over food supplies, adequate breathing spaces in crowded districts, recreation requirements, the scientific control of food supply, and the regulation of transportation and marketing cost, not to mention other legitimate and highly important functions of the modern city, have been wholly neglected or touched upon in the most insincere and ineffective manner. Such an administration must not be continued in power.

The platform concludes with the statement that the Democratic Party can be depended upon to carry out its pledges and that with the party again in power, a sane, economical, and constructive administration is assured.

"There shall be no backward step taken by the Democratic Party in system or methods which practical experience has justified," the platform adds. "The ideals of good government will be maintained and the substantial welfare of the people of this great city re-established as the chief end and purpose of municipal government."

Ellison Leads Tammany Slate.

William B. Ellison gained strength yesterday among Tammany leaders as their choice for Mayor. Because the time is drawing near when Tammany will have to name its candidate to oppose Mayor Mitchel, Tammany district leaders held a great deal of earnest discussion yesterday of the qualities of the group of men suggested as possible candidates, and it appeared last night that all except Ellison had been rapidly losing ground. Supporters of General Henry De Witt Clinton were still active and will receive a hearing today by the Business Men's League.

The probabilities are that both the Business Men's League, representing real estate interests in the main, and the Democratic Fusion Committee will indorse Ellison. As counsel for various organizations of the police and city employes, it is believed that Ellison would be in a position to make an aggressive campaign against Mayor Mitchel, who is held by Tammany to be unpopular with employes in most departments of the City Government.

With the drift of Tammany sentiment in favor of Ellison, there was a similar movement to settle definitely on the men to run with him. The choice for Controller appeared to be fixed on Congressman J. J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn. Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, will probably run for Borough President against Marcus M. Marks, while Sheriff Al Smith seems sure to be the Tammany candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen. Tammany leaders were particularly pleased with the men in view for running mates with Ellison. While the strength of Ellison is considered debatable, the rest of the ticket is considered the strongest that could possibly be put into the field.

GERMAN SAILORS STRICKEN.

Interned Men in Boston Inoculated to Stop Spread of Typhoid.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 7.—Two cases of typhoid fever among the German sailors interned at Gallop's Island in Boston Harbor has caused a cancellation of all visiting privileges, it was announced today. The men affected have been removed to the marine hospital at Chelsea.

The 270 other Germans at the island have been inoculated against the spread of the disease.

To Free Ships for Cotton.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—In a speech, winding up with debate on the Corn Production bill in the House of Commons today, R. E. Prothero, President of the Board of Agriculture, pointed out that if the bill succeeded to the extent expected in adding to the home grown wheat acreage, there would be released sufficient tonnage to bring from America the entire cotton supply required by Great Britain last year.

GEN. O'RYAN APPEALS FOR A MORAL ARMY

Warns His 37,000 New York Soldiers Against the Vices of Camp, Especially Alcohol.

A MOVE FOR EFFICIENCY

Fourth Brigade Held by Lack of Equipment — Guard to be Inspected in Central Park.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the federalized New York troops, redesignated as the Sixth Division, U. S. A., makes public today a communication he has addressed to the 37,000 men of his command, warning them against drink and other evils which trail the soldier on active duty. Inasmuch as Camp Wadsworth is in South Carolina, a bone-dry State, the General's advice is evidently aimed at what the soldiers will face in France. The letter follows:

"You are about to engage actively in war—in the greatest war in the world's history. The majority of the soldiers of the division are young men. Their future careers are to be affected mightily by what they do and how they act during the period of the war. Right among your comrades in the ranks of the division today are future leaders in public life—Governors, Mayors, ministers, financiers, manufacturers, educators, and great soldiers. In all probability there are some whose lives will be complete failures. In which group do you propose to be? Have you thought of this? The subject is an important one for you. It is because of this and because of the effect of your attitude and habits upon the efficiency of the division that I am addressing you in this personal way.

"If you are new in the military service you will find your life very different from what you have been accustomed to—and probably very different from what you expect. Up to the present your life has been regulated by your family ties, by your employer's requirements, by the influence of your church, and in large measure by your personal views and habits. From now on it is to be regulated for you by the regulations and orders in force in the military service. If you try to 'buck' these rules you are in for an unpleasant time. If you seek a substitute for what is prohibited or required what your own judgment or preferences dictate you will not be 'playing the game'—you will not be a well-oiled cog in the big machine—and this is to be a war of big machinery. On the contrary, you will be a gritty part, you will work out of adjustment, and your summary readjustment will follow.

"If, on the other hand, you can be persuaded at the outset to believe that the rules under which you are to live and to act were formulated by those intensely interested in your well-being and in the efficiency of the command, are based upon years of trial—if you can be made to understand this, and, understanding, make it the habit of your daily existence to do with all that is in you what you are given to do, and to refrain absolutely from that which is forbidden, you will make good, and you will soon come to experience the satisfaction which every man enjoys when he knows he is making good.

"In the first place, you will notice in reading this letter that no reference is made to the effect upon your morals of the use of liquor or of uncommendable associations. You are largely the custodians of your own morals. The chaplains will remind you of your moral responsibilities. The plea contained in this letter is based upon soldierly grounds—upon principles of scientific military management. Our job is to whip the enemy hard and with the least loss to ourselves. In training our military machines to do this we must eliminate backsliders, rattlers and excessloads. We must have every part healthy, strong and dependable, not part defective, diseased or obsolete.

"This cannot be if we are to permit 'booze' in any form into our military machine. Alcohol, whether you call it beer, wine, whisky, or by any other name, is a breeder of inefficiency. While it affects men differently, the results are the same, in that all affected by it cease for the time to be normal. Some become forgetful, others quarrelsome. Some become noisy, some get sick, some get sleepy; others have their passions greatly stimulated. When you stop to consider the thousands in a division, do you not see how vital to efficiency is the elimination of liquor? If one officer or man is permitted to use liquor, then others will claim the right to do so. How can a division of troops be ever ready—ever up on the bit to drive ahead or to thrust back the enemy's drive—if through the presence of this insidious evil some soldiers forget their orders, or become noisy when silence is essential, fall asleep, when every faculty should be alert, or absent from their posts?"

In announcing that the Navy Department had rescinded its orders terming the New York troops the Twenty-seventh Division Major Edward Olmstad, Assistant Chief of Staff, said that it was done in accordance with the President's proclamation of mobilization. In that document it is stated that guard organizations shall retain their State designation until the time they depart for actual service.

Though the names of Colonels Fiske of the Seventh and Bates of the Seventy-first have been mentioned as probable successor to Brig. Gen. John H. Foote, who was removed from command of the Second Brigade because of physical disability, the opinion at headquarters was that a regular army officer might be detailed to that post. In this connection the selection of Captain W. N. Haskell, who whipped the Sixty-ninth into shape on the border, would find favor, it was said.

CALL FOR NEW ARMY EXPECTED IN QUOTAS

Crowder Preparing Final Set of Rules on Mobilization and Assignments.

RECRUIT DEPOT IN FRANCE

Regiments at Front Will Be Kept Up to Full Strength from a Reservoir There.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Provost Marshal General Crowder and his assistants are at work on the final set of regulations to be promulgated this week to complete the organization of the selective draft army. These regulations will govern actual mobilization of the men selected, and how they are to be assigned.

The only hint of the probable method of mobilization of drafted men lies in a recent ruling by General Crowder, which shows that the Adjutant General may summon the quotas of the districts in increments. Division of each quota into five equal parts is suggested; each part to be called up separately as needed.

Under this arrangement it would be possible to call out at once the men to form the new national army, and to summon later those who are to compose the reserves for all elements of the army. Men temporarily needed in harvest fields or elsewhere would be classified by local boards into these later increments to meet emergency situations in their districts without delaying organization of new forces.

It is regarded as likely that the mobilization regulations soon to be issued will show that the surplus of drafted men is to be used as a recruit reservoir, and that all the men will be put under training as quickly as possible. A recruit depot will be established in France, from which regiments at the front will be kept filled up, drafts of men from the main recruit depot in this country being sent over to this distribution center as needed. In the same way, sick or wounded men will be returned to the front when recovered, and a steady flow of recruits to maintain active regiments at top-fighting efficiency will be provided in this way.

Statements issued today by the War Department show that preliminary figures place the total force of National Guard taken into the Federal service Aug. 5 at 13,093 officers and 419,834 men. Another statement showed that 10,708 war volunteers had been recruited for the regular service since April 1, leaving only about 2,000 vacancies in the regulars at war strength.

These figures mean that approximately 725,000 men are now under arms, exclusive of the Navy and Marine Corps, to be supplemented within the next few weeks by 687,000 raised under the Selective Draft bill. Of the latter number about 500,000 will compose the third great element of the war army, the national army, and the remainder will go to fill up the regulars and the guard and their reserves.

The National Guard statement shows that only the number of men short of the 419,834 figure, shown by checking of the muster rolls by department commanders and the rejection of any found unfit, will be taken from the draft forces for the guard service. The recruiting service expects to fill the regular army to full war service tomorrow or the next day, so that there probably will be a surplus of 150,000 or more men when the full 687,000 of the first increment of the national army is assembled.

In addition, recruiting throughout the country will supplement the excess, and those who volunteer going into the regulars or the National Guard or into the reserve after full war strength is reached.

The mobilization regulations will show how the drafted men are to be assigned. Already the War Department has received countless applications from men certain to be called in the first increment of the draft forces for assignment to some particular arm or branch of the service. Where a man has been summoned by his local board for physical examination, no method exists whereby he may enlist in the regulars and have his service count on the home quota. It is probable, however, that some effort will be made to meet the wishes of the drafted men in this regard as far as possible when they are mobilized. It can only be done to a limited extent, as the regulars and guard, as shown by today's statement, are practically filled up now.

The War Department has taken over recruiting for the National Guard as well as the regulars, the entire guard having now become a part of the army of the United States and having no connection with the States. Today's statement says that about half the men applying for enlistment are within the draft ages. Those accepted will count as credits on subsequent quotas of their districts.

Liberia Declares War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Liberia, the negro republic on the coast of Africa, has declared war on Germany. Some time ago Liberia broke off diplomatic relations.

The declaration of war now gives opportunity to intern German merchants and others who have been accused of unneutral activities. The United States was advised today of the little republic's action.

NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF CITY'S QUOTA IN

Continued from Page 1.

definite figures. Mr. Conkling sent an order to every board in the city yesterday to submit full data immediately.

The Federal authorities also want to know the men who failed to respond when called for examination. The names of these men are to be posted in each district and the delinquents listed as "accepted for military service." The first to post such a list was Board 128, Ninety-third Street and Amsterdam Avenue. There are thirty-eight names on the list. Three are known to be in hospitals. They are Arthur B. Friedman, Harry Sherman, and Walter L. Shepherd. Manual Vasconcellar is said to be in the West Indies and J. P. Viera is reported to be in Porto Rico.

The list posted by Board 126 follows:

Rose, Charles, 574 West End Av.
Soloman, Joseph L., 320 W. 87th St.
Butler, Earl E., 110 W. 90th St.
Williams, Arthur J., 208 W. 84th St.
Weil, Mortimer R., 128 W. 85th St.
Lovestrom, Richard E., 94 Riverside Drive
Hetzel, Robert D., 109 W. 80th St.
Stillman, William A., 142 W. 91st St.
Valdes, Manuel, 115 West 88th St.
Webster, Willard, 251 W. 81st St.
Raymond, George D., 490 West End Av.
Viera, Joof Passos, 153 W. 84th St.
McDonald, Samuel, Yacht off 80th St.
Barends, Armuifs, 135 W. 85th St.
Andrews, John T., 182 W. 91st St.
White, Frank Leo, 120 W. 90th St.
Friedman, Arthur B., 601 West End Av.
Sherman, Harry, 320 W. 86th St.
Lopez, Juan de J., 115 W. 88th St.
Fanning, John Matthew, 126 W. 90th St.
Costelbled, Maurice de, 207 W. 88th St.
Reinoso, Louis de, 149 W. 84th St.
Olsson, Sven A. F., 101 W. 87th St.
Kitazaki, Wakichi, 272 W. 90th St.
Shephard, Walter L., 104 W. 89th St.
Leonard, Ashley, 210 W. 85th St.
Valentine, F. R., 205 W. 89th St.
Ryan, John N., 151 W. 84th St.
Vasconcellar, Manuel, 153 W. 84th St.
Nandez, Jose R. V., 625 Amsterdam Av.
Guerin, Joseph, 137 W. 84th St.
Currie, William, 322 W. 90th St.
Frerice, Benjamin E., 109 W. 84th St.
Meza, Andreas, 205 W. 89th St.
Hislop, John J., 500 Amsterdam Av.
Arce, Jose M., 107 W. 84th St.
Sansores, Camilo, 225 W. 89th St.
Antonion, Murad, 182 W. 88th St.

A list of those who are said to be in the militia or naval service of the United States was also posted. This list contains fifteen names. The board says that the status of these men is not finally settled. The list follows:

McLoghlin, George C., 220 W. 87th St.
Flato, Walter Cecil, 150 W. 87th St.
Thompson, Raymond B., 230 W. 82d St.
McQuirk, Alex H., 120 W. 89th St.
Conley, Harold, 111 W. 90th St.
O'Donnell, John Hall, 340 W. 86th St.
Spanz, Elwood P., 142 W. 91st St.
Bozarty, John J., 166 W. 94th St.
Joyce, Martin M., 159 W. 84th St.
Read, Geo. W., Jr., 128 W. 94th St.
Reiper, Harry P., 147 W. 88th St.
Knoles, Richard R., 153 W. 84th St.
MacArthur, Alex A., 346 W. 84th St.
Hughes, Harold T., 286 W. 84th St.
Williams, David G., 125 W. 90th St.

Many Ignore the Call.

In some districts it is stated that more than seventy-five men ignored the call. In many instances the letters of notification were returned from the Post Office marked "not at address," although the addresses were those given in the registration on June 5. The authorities will look up every man who fails to appear.

Notwithstanding gloomy reports from some districts, as, for example, the Fourth, in the Bronx, where of 123 men examined yesterday only five waived exemption, Mr. Conkling and other officials were optimistic, and said that New York's quota would be in sight within ten days. There are still a few boards which have not started examining. Board 136, at 221 West 120th Street, began yesterday, and Board 130, at 143 Baxter Street, it was said last night, would begin tomorrow morning. Board 96, at the Bowery P. O. Building, in Third Street, won't start before Saturday, and possibly not until next Monday. Board 127 was nicknamed the "leisurely board" yesterday because of a report that it meets only on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Among the boards which came to the front yesterday with good reports were 66 and 82 in Brooklyn. The former got 79 soldiers out of 103 men examined, and the latter 72 fighting men out of 131.

In Manhattan Board 92 examined 92 men yesterday, of whom 54 were "ready to fight." In the Bronx conditions are the worst in the city, judged by last night's reports. Board 12 examined 97 men and got 12 fighters. Board 18 got five men out of 112. Board 20 made the best showing with 20 exemption waivers out of 125 men examined.

Complaint was made to Mr. Conkling yesterday that the Eye and Ear Infirmary had refused to examine, without compensation, men of draft age sent by boards to have their eyes tested. Dr. Pedersen called the infirmary and learned a clerk had refused to enter a few men except upon payment of the customary dispensary fee of 10 or 25 cents. The clerk had not been instructed to enter men free, and the hospital authorities immediately remedied the situation.

Does Alimony Exempt?

Several members of the exemption boards have asked Mr. Conkling to rule on the status of men who pay alimony. A lot of alimony payees are claiming exemption as the sole support of divorced wives. The question has been submitted to the War Department.

William Henkel, Jr., Chairman of Board 119, 238 East Eighteenth Street, was disappointed at the showing of his district. "We will be lucky if we get one man out of every eight," said Mr. Henkel last night. "We called 700 men to fill our quota of 191, and we are now calling a second 500, and may have to issue a third call. The natives are all right, but it is different with the alien-born population, which is large in this district. They want to take all they can from the country and give nothing in return."

Police Commissioner Woods received from Secretary of War Baker yesterday a letter in which the Secretary unofficially said that he believed members of the Police and Fire Departments were not exempt. The Secretary said the matter came within the province of the Provost Marshal General, but he personally thought the Provost Marshal would rule that the men are subejct to the call.

Judge John F. McIntyre in General Sessions a few weeks ago called attention to the increasing number of men of conscript age being convicted of misdemeanors, and said the belief seemed to prevail that conviction barred a man from military service. This impression is wrong.

Big Prices for Exemption Blanks.

Deputy Attorney General Roscoe Conkling and the Federal authorities were informed yesterday that lawyers and notaries co-operating with members of Exemption Boards were making large profits drawing exemption claims for registrants who could not get blanks through regular channels. There has been great scarcity of these blanks at some exemption offices, and many have had stenographers write out forms or have had them drawn by lawyers. According to information that reached the Deputy Attorney General, members of some Exemption Boards materially assisted the lawyers by telling registrants where to find them. In one instance reported the name of a favored lawyer was prominently displayed on a sign at the Exemption Board office.

Deputy Attorney General Conkling, the Mayor's Committee, and the Federal authorities took immediate action. Philip J. McCook of the Mayor's Committee referred the matter to United States Attorney Francis G. Caffey, who promised to take any measures possible under the law. Later John C. Knox, Mr. Caffey's assistant, reiterated this promise. "This office," he said, "is as anxious as the Mayor's Committee or any patriotic, decent citizen to stamp out any exploitation of those called in the draft."

Deputy Attorney General Conkling notified the office of one lawyer involved that his case would be referred to the Bar Association after he had heard several registrants who had paid from $5 to $15 each for exemption claim blanks.

"This is despicable," he said. "I am a lawyer myself, and know that a lawyer is entitled to a legitimate fee. But this practice, growing out of the shortage of exemption blanks, is not legitimate."

The Deputy Attorney General was especially concerned because a Bronx neighborhood newspaper had published the assertion that he had sanctioned the practice. The newspaper mentioned Otto Henschel of 2 Rector Street, living at 518 Ritter Place, the Bronx, as one who had been drawing exemption blanks for persons living in District 13.

It was announced at Exemption Board 13, Jennings Street and Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, that Henschel was, until recently, a volunteer worker at that place. "When the exemption blanks ran out," Philip Storminger of 1,338 Prospect Avenue, Chairman of the board, explained to Deputy Attorney General Conkling, "we referred people desiring them to Mr. Henschel, knowing that he knew how they should be drawn.

"The calls for exemption blanks being numerous, we had a sign put up, saying that Mr. Henschel would draw copies for any one who called on him. As soon as we heard of a complaint we took the sign down, and we have not referred any one to him since."

Blank Cost $15.

The board's attention was called to the charges alleged to have been made by Henschel when C. A. Kelly, 1,317 Franklin Avenue, sought exemption on the plea of a family. Kelly said Henschel charged him $15 for an exemption blank, although he charged two others who went to him $10 and $5, respectively.

Mr. Conkling called Henschel's office on the telephone, but was told by an employe that he was not in. At his home last night Mr. Henschel told a TIMES reporter that he had no statement to make.

Judge Martin T. Manton in the United States District Court yesterday sent two men charged with failure to register to serve sixty days in the penitentiary at Trenton, N. J.

MORE ARRESTS IN OKLAHOMA.

Fifty Draft Resisters Captured as Disorders Subside.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 7.—Confidence that a majority of the residents of Central Oklahoma are loyal to the United States and willing to do military service despite organized resistance to the draft on the part of a few was expressed tonight by Governor Robert L. Williams, in commenting on the fact that peace conditions virtually have been restored in the counties where three men have been killed in the efforts of posses to quell opposition to the draft.

"I did not want to send troops in there except as a last resort," the Governor said. "To let the citizens themselves put down the trouble was unassailable proof that as a whole the people were absolutely loyal and thoroughly amenable to law and order."

Fifty more draft resisters were arrested today, including two alleged leaders, "Doc" Caleb and a man named Fink. It was announced that Roy Crane of Oak Grove and John Barnhardt of Newoka, said to be organizers of the "Working Class Union," were two of the men for whom the Government would ask the death penalty on charges of treason. The rank and file of the men involved in the disturbance, most of them tenant farmers, probably will have to face the lesser indictment of conspiracy to evade the draft. About 300 men have been taken into custody, and the problem of feeding their dependents will demand attention in a few days.

The wounding of William McEwen, Deputy Sheriff, when guarding a railroad bridge at Wetumka, the capture of John Harjo, notorious snake leader of the Indian working class union membership of the Green Corn Rebellion, and the confession of Mate Harris that he ordered the burning of a bridge near Francis were late developments of the night.

OUR ARMY RECAST ON ALLIES' MODEL

Continued from Page 1.

that pontoon and searchlights sections are not included in new plan.)

"One sanitary train of four field hospital companies and four ambulance companies, (same.)

"The new organization provides for no cavalry in the division. The division as at present constituted calls for one regiment of cavalry. The present division also calls for one aero squadron, while the new plan calls for none, the aircraft units being otherwise provided for.

"The order specifies sixteen divisions of the national army to be organized and numbered from 76 to 91, both inclusive, and states the numbers to be given to each of the different units in each division. It provides that the sixteen divisions of the National Guard now organized shall be reorganized to conform to the new plan as soon as practicable after their arrival in the training camps.

"The regular army, the National Guard, and the national army will all conform to the same plan."

So far as the regulars are concerned, it has been understood that the reorganization already has been carried out for the units now in France.

Every time you see a man smoking a Fatima, you know he is getting all the *comfort* that is possible in a cigarette.

The original Turkish blend

20 for 15¢.

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette

CIVIL SERVICE.

Chief Medical Examiner
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Salary $7,500.

Physicians 30 years of age and over who are skilled Pathologists, and learned in the field of legal medicine, who have had at least ten years' work in a pathological laboratory of a recognized medical school, hospital, asylum or public morgue, or corresponding official capacity and having performed at least five hundred autopsies.

Subjects and weights: Experience, 4; Practical test, 3; Oral test, 3. Applications received at Room 1400 Municipal Building until AUGUST 14, AT 4 P. M. For further particulars see CITY RECORD, published daily, or apply to

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

THE WAR

—By Happy chance the Perrier Springs have been spared the Ravages of War, and is *the* drinking Water of the Allied Armies in the Field

DRINK TODAY

at every Club, Hotel and Restaurant

OFFICERS' UNIFORMS
AND ACCOUTREMENTS
Quick Delivery—Moderate Prices
Brooks Uniform Co.,
143 West 40th St.

Describe Your Loss.

Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.—Advt.

FUSIONISTS HEAR CROPSEY WILL RUN

Continued from Page 1.

of Mr. Livingston's friends, "that Justice Cropsey will be the unanimous choice of the Republican voters for the Mayoralty nomination."

Fusionists Not Surprised.

A Fusion leader who is in touch with the Brooklyn developments admitted last night that the Cropsey situation had assumed very disturbing proportions and that some bad news so far as fusion was concerned might be forthcoming soon.

"Yesterday's conference," he said, "was called for the purpose of rounding up the situation and finding out just where Justice Cropsey stood. He has never publicly stated his attitude, but we have known that he has never been eliminated by any means. It would not surprise us in the least if Justice Cropsey has decided to fight Mayor Mitchel in the primaries."

It was announced at Fusion headquarters, 224 Madison Avenue, last night that a Fusion ticket for the Bronx had been agreed upon. The final step in affecting harmony was taken yesterday when Coroner William J. Flynn, who had been a candidate for the nomination for Borough President, withdrew and announced that he would support Thomas W. Whittle, for Borough President, Eugene McGuire, for Sheriff, and the other candidates on the Bronx Fusion ticket. Friends of Mr. Flynn threatened at first to make a fight against Whittle. They appealed to Mayor Mitchel, Fire Commissioner Adamson, the Fusion candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, and William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Fusion Executive Committee.

After going over the matter the Mayor and others took the position that the ticket had already been agreed upon by the Bronx conferees, who were the proper persons to settle it, and they asked Mr. Flynn to surrender his personal aspirations and fall in line. This he finally agreed to do.

The Business Men's League, which is seeking to find a business man for Mayor, announced last night that it would give a hearing today to representatives of real estate interests who are advocating the nomination of General Henry De Witt Hamilton for Mayor. The real estate interests are against the Mitchel administration, it was said, because they believe that real estate owners have not been accorded fair treatment. It was announced at the league's headquarters, 50 East Forty-second Street, that the Hamilton Committee will be the last to be heard and that a final decision as to the candidates to be selected will be reached at a meeting to be held tonight.

General Hamilton is a patient at the New York Hospital suffering from a broken leg and arm. Three days ago he was taken to the hospital in an automobile. The leg and arm were set, and it was said last night that his condition was good. Friends of the General who were visiting him last night refused to discuss the accident.

HONORS FIRST DRAFTED MAN

President Appoints Washingtonian a Second Lieutenant of Cavalry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Harry C. Gilbert of this city, the first drafted man to qualify in the national army, has been appointed by President Wilson as a provisional Second Lieutenant of Cavalry and confirmed by the Senate.

Harry C. Gilbert is the son of a White House policeman, and his red ink number in the draft was 258, the first drawn. He was called for examination, passed the physical test, and waived exemption.

$17.50 For A $25, $30 Or $35 Stein-Bloch Suit

THE truth can be as well told in 4 inches, as in 14. This is my Final Clearance. The values are as great as they are genuine.

Alterations free, if required.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.

Call attention to

A Clearance Sale of Men's Suits

Formerly $19 to $24
Now Reduced to $16.50

Not hand-tailored—bought for purposes of comparison—and never advertised till now

FROM time to time during the past season we have bought the best available examples of machine-made suits for purposes of comparison. It is the accumulation of these suits which we now offer for quick sale. Bargains at $16.50, but not many of them. So hurry if you are interested.

A Few Hand-Tailored Suits
Formerly $25 to $35 Reduced to $20

Men's Clothing Shop — 8 West 38th Street — A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Franklin Simon

HAND-TAILORED

Suits of Olive Drab
$16

Cut on regulation Army lines, but a cut above the regulation tailoring and cut.

The same craftsmen who make our hand-tailored civilian clothes also make these Olive Drab Uniforms. And they put into the cut and the tailoring all those little manifestations of fine workmanship and finish which can never be produced by the treadmill processes of a sewing machine. You can tell it easily in the looks and the lines, but you can tell it best in the fit and the feel.

Also, Ready-for-Service or to Order

Uniforms of Olive Drab Serge . $39 to $58
Uniforms of Olive Drab Melton . . 42
Army Overcoats of Olive Drab Melton . 65

Munson Army Shoes, $6.00
in tan or black . . .

Men's Clothing Shop—8 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

MORTGAGE-BONDS

Netting **5½%**

The mortgages deposited to secure these Bonds average less than 40% of the value of the real estate securing them.

Payment Guaranteed by

THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO. OF NEW YORK

GEORGE A. HURD, President

Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000

55 Liberty Street

Advertising Man Wanted

A NEW YORK AGENCY desires a representative who can secure accounts. They need not be large, but susceptible to development. We offer an opportunity—not a "job." The man who makes good can, in time, obtain an interest in the business. Agency is quite small. Possesses a splendid reputation. Growing and wants to grow faster. Somewhere, we hope to find an ambitious, broad-gauge man who seeks a future. He may be selling agency service now, or perhaps he is an advertising manager, who wishes to enter a broader field. As for remuneration—it can be as large as the successful applicant cares to make it. If *you* happen to be the man, send complete details, which we shall consider confidential. Those lacking experience as well as confirmed job-hunters need not apply. Address L 168, care THE TIMES, New York City.

Keep Cool in Dresses of Voile, $3.95

A ridiculously low price, to be sure, when you've noted the dresses, refreshing, dainty and prettily styled. Besides there are:

10 racks of Misses' and Women's sizes. Styles galore, in as many colors. Voiles are plain, striped, up-and-down and around, figured or white combined with colored voile.

Remarkable Values You Should Not Miss.

Second Floor.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO

Bloomingdale's

59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Ave.

Chicago Limited

Leave New York 2 P. M. (D., L. & W. R. R.).
Ar. Chicago 2 P. M. (M. C. R. R.).

Lackawanna Railroad

Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M. (Nickel Plate)

TICKET OFFICES:

	Cor.	Wall St.
Broadway	"	Park Pl.
	"	28th St.
	"	42d St.
Brooklyn.	505	Fulton St.

COMMEND FOOD BILL WHITMAN OPPOSES

Dairy, Fruit, and Cold-Storage Interests Speak for Committee Measure at Hearing.

T. R. CALLED A SLACKER

But Senator Brown Immediately Takes It Back—Opposition to Perkins for Food Controller.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 7. — Disapproval of food control in this State by George W. Perkins and approval in general of the War Committee's Food Control bill, which has been denounced by Governor Whitman as a measure drafted for the benefit of the cold storage interests, were voiced at the second hearing on the bill held in the Senate Chamber today before the War Committee. With one exception, the speakers represented the dairy, fruit-growing, and cold storage industries.

The feature of the bill most commended by the speakers was that against which the Governor had directed his severest criticism, the naming of the three members of the proposed Food Control Commission with Theodore Roosevelt heading the list.

"One of the best features of the bill," said Judge Isaac S. Segnor, who represented the fruit growers of Orleans County, "is the naming of the men who are to compose the Food Control Commission. Not only do we think that the Legislature ought to name these men, but we think also that the people ought to know that the Legislature has made sure before adjourning that they will accept. Fear of the personnel of the commission is greater among the food producers and distributers up State than of the bill itself, though it is drastic in many respects."

"Naturally," said Senate Leader Elon R. Brown, who is head of the Joint Committee on War Measures of the Senate and Assembly, "the committee felt some delicacy and refrained from asking the distinguished men who were named if they would accept before their names were written into the bill. But I am glad to say that up to date we have found only one slacker, and he undoubtedly had a good excuse."

The reference to Colonel Roosevelt as a "slacker" stirred the crowd in the Senate Chamber to laughter. A little later Senator Brown said he desired to withdraw what he had said "flippantly," with reference to Colonel Roosevelt.

"I want to correct any inference that might be drawn from my unfortunate and ill-considered remark," said the Senator. "I will call no man a slacker who has three sons on the front in France."

The opposition to Mr. Perkins was voiced more openly by E. S. Beckwith of Albion, representing the fruit growers of Western New York and the Cold Storage Association, than by any other speaker.

The one speaker at today's hearing who represented the consumers was Mrs. J. Wells Wentworth of New York City, Chairman of the Food Committee of the Woman's Suffrage Party in the Nineteenth Assembly District. She pronounced the bill cumbersome and unwieldy and not designed to give the necessary relief to the consumer. She urged that the bill be amended so as to provide a practical plan of food control.

Spokesmen for the fruit growers and apple shippers told the committee that, with the apple crop in this State a failure, the Western apple growers refused to send their products to the warehouses here, because they feared that the Food Control bill would provide for the confiscation of foodstuffs stored. The fruit growers wanted all fruit exempted from the operations of the law. Senator Brown took pains to reassure them, and to point out that the bill did not go any further than the Federal Food bill in that respect.

John D. Miller of Susquehanna, Penn., speaking for the Dairymen's League, urged the establishment of a $300,000 milk distributing plant in New York City under State auspices.

The large delegation from New York which had been expected failed to put in an appearance. At the conclusion of the hearing it was announced that the committee would meet again tomorrow at 11 A. M. The special session of the Legislature will reconvene tomorrow night.

$16,000,000 CLOTH ORDER.

Navy Lets the Biggest Series of Uniform Contracts in History.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7. — The Navy Department has just contracted for 4,500,000 yards of woolen uniform cloth at a cost of more than $16,000,000 to meet the enormous wartime requirements and provide for future needs. These contracts constitute the largest purchase of woolen cloth ever made for the navy, and one of the most important single contracts for goods placed in the history of the trade here or abroad.

With the placing of an order for 1,000,000 yards with the American Woolen Company of New York, substantially all contracts embraced in the department's schedule in blue uniform cloth have now been awarded. The amount of wool in the grease required for the manufacture of the cloth is upward of 15,000,000 pounds. It will be sufficient for the manufacture of about 1,000,000 shirts or jumpers, 800,000 pairs of trousers, and 350,000 overcoats.

GIVES TAFT TITLE OF MAJOR GENERAL

Continued from Page 1.

tions of ether. Because of the shortage of anaesthetics in France, the Red Cross War Council, in addition, has authorized Major Murphy to establish, as soon as practicable, a central plant to manufacture nitrous oxygen or "laughing gas," the most effective and harmless of anaesthetics for short operations.

American machinery will be shipped to France for this purpose, and American operatives will be sent over to conduct the plant.

Also, by reason of the shortage of surgical apparatus, the Red Cross has planned to establish in France a small factory for the repair of surgical apparatus and the manufacture of the more simple instruments. Four men, expert in the repair of orthopedic appliances, are to go to France immediately, and the necessary manufacturing machinery will be sent over as soon as it can be obtained.

The text of the General Order promulgating the reorganization of the Red Cross is as follows:

WAR DEPARTMENT.
Washington, July 5, 1917.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 82.

1. The President, having been directed to employ all the resources of the Government in the prosecution of the war, the existence of which was recognized by the joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, April 6, 1917, has accepted the co-operation and assistance of the American National Red Cross with the land and naval forces of the United States, under the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved April 24, 1912, and also the extension by the American National Red Cross of its humanitarian services to the armies and to the civilian population of countries now at war with the Imperial German Government.

2. To facilitate the discharge of their authorized functions, duly qualified members other than units, sections, and individuals accepted for service by the War Department and incorporated in the commissioned or enlisted strength of the Medical Department of the Army, are recognized by titles with assimilated rank and for appropriate duties, as shown in the following table:

OFFICIALS.

Grade, Title, and Assimilated Rank.	Duties.
1. Chairman, Central Committee, (Maj. General.)	Indicated by title.
Chairman War Council, (Maj. General.)	Indicated by title.
Members of War Council, (Brig. General.)	Indicated by title.
Vice Chairman Central Committee, (Brig. Gen.)	Indicated by title.
3. Director General, (Colonel.)	1—In charge civilian relief. 2—In charge military relief.
4. Asst. Director General, (Lieut. Col.)	1—Indicated by title. 2—Directors of certain bureaus. 3—Other duties of like importance.
Commissioner, (Lieutenant Col.)	1—Commissioners to any theatre of war, (as France, Italy, Russia, &c.)
5. Director, (Major.)	1—Directors of certain bureaus. 2—Representing Amer. Nat. Red Cross at army or corps headquarters; at headquarters of line of communications or base abroad; or at a divisional camp or cantonment in the United States. 3—Base hospitals. 4—Supply depots. 5—Other duties of like importance.
6. Assistant Director, (Captain.)	1—Representing the Amer. Nat. Red Cross with any detachment of the army less than above. 2—Storekeeper. 3—Assistant to any official of higher grade. 4—Adjt. or Q. M. of a base hospital. 5—Other duties of like importance.
7. Assistant Director, (First Lieut.)	.....

EMPLOYES.

8. Secretary, (Sergeant Major.)	(Secretarial.)

RED CROSS BASE HOSPITALS.

9. Red Cross master hospital Sergt. (master hospital Sergt., Medical Department.)	Base hospitals.
10. Red Cross hospital Sergeant, (hospital Sergt., Med. Department.)	Base hospitals.
11. Red Cross Sergt., first class, (Sergeant, first class, Med. Dept.)	Base hospitals.
12. Red Cross Sergt., (Sergeant, Medical Dept.)	Base hospitals.
13. Red Cross Corp., (Corporal, Med. Department.)	Base hospitals.
14. Red Cross cook, (cook, Medical Department.)	Base hospitals.
15. Red Cross private, first class, (private, first class, Med. Dept.)	Base hospitals.
16. Red Cross private, (private, Medical Department.)	Base hospitals.
17. Red Cross laborer, (private, Medical Department.)	Any duty imposed.

3. Officials, (grades 1-7, inclusive,) will be nominated by the Chairman of the War Council, and, if properly qualified, will be given commissions signed by the Secretary of War and countersigned by the Chairman of the War Council. These commissions confer no military authority, obligation, or other incident attaches to rank or office, nor any right to pay or allowances of similarly described grades in the United States Army. They serve as certificates of identity authorized by Paragraph 5 of the proclamation by the President published in General Orders 170, War Department, 1911. They indicate to members of the land and naval forces that officials of the assimilated rank indicated in their respective commissions are persons in whom the Commander in Chief and the American National Red Cross have confidence and for whom the above authorities enjoin co-operation in the discharge of their functions and that courtesy and respect due to persons designated for such important duties to humanity.

4. Warranted employes, (grades 8-13, inclusive,) will be appointed by the proper superiors of the American National Red Cross, being given warrants signed by officials designated by the American National Red Cross.

Employes, (grades 14-17, inclusive,) will be given certificates of identity signed by officials designated by the American National Red Cross.

The same restrictions upon military authority, obligations, pay, allowances, &c., described in Paragraph 3 as applicable to commissions, apply to warrants and certificates of identity.

5. To avoid the presence in European theatres of war of persons who may not be acceptable to the authorities of any foreign Government, or in whose loyalty there may not be placed undoubted confidence by the Government of the United States as well as of such Governments, the name, residence, and former employment of each member of the American National Red Cross below Grade 7 who is to be sent abroad will be furnished to the Adjutant General of the Army for transmission to the Chief War College Division of the General Staff Corps. If employed abroad, similar information will be furnished the Commanding General, United States forces, in France.

6. Pursuant to authority conferred by Section 125 of the act of Congress, approved June 3, 1916, the American National Red Cross is designated by the Secretary of War as an organization the members of which are permitted to wear their prescribed uniforms; in this case the uniform of the United States Army, or such other uniform as may be recommended by the American National Red Cross and approved by the Secretary of War.

7. As insignia of title and assimilated rank, the following distinctive marks are prescribed, to be worn as indicated:

(a) On cap, hat, or helmet.

Grades 1-7, inclusive: Greek cross in red enamel above the coat of arms of the United States in bronze metal.

Grades 8-17, inclusive: Greek cross in red enamel.

(b) On both sides of collar of coat or shirt.

Grades 1-17, inclusive: The letters U. S. in bronze metal and Greek cross in red enamel, placed as are the U. S. and corps insignia of officers of the army.

(c) On both sleeves of coat or shirt, midway between the elbow and the end of sleeve.

Grade 1: Horizontal band of blue cloth, three-quarters of an inch in width, about the arm. Two stars of silver metal, one inch apart and one inch above the band, and a Greek cross of red cloth one inch above the interval.

Grade 2: Same as 1, with one star one inch above centre of band in lieu of two stars.

Grade 3: Five bands of blue cloth, each ⅝ inch in width and 2½ inches in in length, midway between elbow and end of one inch above the band, and a Greek cross of red cloth one inch above centre of upper band.

Grade 4: Same as 3, with four blue bands.

Grade 5: Same as 3, with three blue bands.

Grade 6: Same as 3, with two blue bands.

Grade 7: Same as 3, with one blue band.

When dress uniform is worn, bands will be of gold braid instead of blue cloth.

Grades 8-14: Of same forms and in same positions as prescribed for chevrons of similar grades of the enlisted strength of the army, but of dark blue cloth with Greek cross in red cloth one inch above each chevron.

Grades 15-17: Greek cross of red cloth on sleeve midway between shoulder and elbow.

8. Uniform and insignia will be supplied by the American National Red Cross.

9. The use of military titles, rank, and uniform is authorized only from the American National Red Cross representatives actually in foreign countries constituting the theatre of active war.

By order of the Secretary of War.

TASKER H. BLISS,
Major General, Acting Chief of Staff.

Official:
H. P. McCAIN,
The Adjutant General.

TO VOTE ON FOOD BILL TODAY AT 4

Continued from Page 1.

tration; it is the people's war, at least so it has been stated, as we are informed that it is a war for democracy. And yet it cannot become a people's war until and unless the people are taken into the confidence of the people's Government.

"I would like to see some connecting link established between the executive and the legislative branches of this Government. The management of a war waged for democracy must not be a thing remote from the people.

"Both of our great allies, England and France, have recognized this state of affairs, and both have met it along the lines suggested by the provisions of the pending bill, which received an overwhelming and convincing vote in the Senate. Great Britain recognized the needfulness of co-operation between the executive and legislative branches of its Government. The members of the Ministry of Great Britain urged such a relationship upon their Parliament. The British Ministry is responsible directly to Parliament; how much more needful does it appear that such a co-operative arrangement ought to be established between the two branches of Government when, as in the United States, the Cabinet owes no responsibility to the legislature!

"In France not one connecting link, but two or three, or more, exist between the Ministry and the Chamber. The committees have open sessions, they are permitted to have closed sessions as well; the understanding is complete, the labors of the committee in making popular the measures which of necessity arise in the great emergency of war are of incalculable value in the development of the power of the French nation."

Senator Wadsworth attacked the proposal in the Food bill to fix a minimum price of $2 for wheat during 1918, saying that no man, "whether he be a Hoover or not," could attempt to say that a flat minimum price of $2 would be fair to all farmers throughout the country.

"What may be a fair price in Ohio or Kansas or some other State might not be a fair price elsewhere," argued Senator Wadsworth. "The price to be fixed for wheat depends upon the productivity of wheat fields in different localities. It varies in different States. A field yielding twenty-five bushels to the acre should command a higher minimum price than one yielding forty bushels. This minimum price is unfair, and I am against it. This whole matter of regulating food products is so complicated in this bill that I predict infinite trouble for the country when an effort is made to carry it out."

Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, in a speech lasting an hour, called upon the Senate to stop talking about the Food bill and pass it at once. The Senator alluded to an interview in which Oscar Staus was quoted as saying, "There is no politics in this country now except on Capitol Hill."

"As I said yesterday, I am rapidly coming to the conclusion that it is about time that we forgot, during the war, partisan alignments in the Senate," said Senator Williams. "I am glad to say a majority of the Democratic and a majority of the Republican Party have forgotten them. But there is a little group of men on each side who have formed themselves into a sort of third party anti-Administration and, in a certain sense, anti-American Party. Somehow they have either consciously or unconsciously placed themselves in the attitude of obstructing or delaying or opposing everything that goes toward seeing this war issue through to a victorious end.

"The majorities on both sides should get together and say to these two little groups: 'You have danced your ballet, you have sung your song. America is tired of you, and we are tired of you. We want you to do something.'

"This is not a partisan domestic question; it is an international question. It is not a question between Woodrow Wilson and Congress. It is not a question between the American Administration and some Americans, unless those Americans are disloyal. This is a question between America and Germany.

"It is time that the men in this chamber were lining themselves up, without partisanship, as pro-Administrationists and pro-Americans, or else, frankly and bravely, as anti-Administrationists and anti-Americans. I, for one, am ready to take my stand.

"Everybody who knows me knows that I am a dyed-in-the-wool Bourbon Democrat. But when a great international question like this confronts the entire American people, when my boys must go to the front to be maimed or killed and the boys of other citizens, equally worthy and in many cases more so, must go, I confess to a little bit of impatience with the men who cannot realize the situation.

"Those of you who followed Roosevelt, follow him now. He is setting you an example. Those of you who followed Taft, follow him now. He is setting you an example. Those of us who have followed Woodrow Wilson and would follow him to the death, under the Constitution and the laws of the country, follow him now. He is setting a glorious and loyal and able example.

"All three of these men have proved their Americanism. As far as war legislation is concerned, these three men might as well be standing on the same platform. They are all speaking the language of the American tribe.

"They are tired, the country is tired, and two-thirds even of this Senate is tired and a larger proportion of the other House is tired of constant gabble-feating, constant gabbing about nothing—tired of gentlemen intoxicating themselves, without even enlivening any one else, through the exuberance of their verbosity."

Senator Williams remarked that when his attention was called to what he characterized as the "absolute spiritual disloyalty of the German-edited newspapers," he had said: "Let them talk. The more you let men talk and write, the more you find out about them."

"We not only know how we want to vote and why we want so to vote, but each one of us, in true Senatorial dignity and egotism, thinks that he knows better than anybody else in this chamber. So why use up the time of the American people in this gabble-festing—like sanders hissing at one another on a pond bank so as to show off before the goose?"

Speaking in opposition to the conference report, Senator Gronna pronounced it a "victory for the Standard Oil Company and the grain exchanges of the country," declaring there was nothing in it to control prices of the oils the farmer needs. Senator Chamberlain interrupted Mr. Gronna to deny that the oil companies benefited under the bill.

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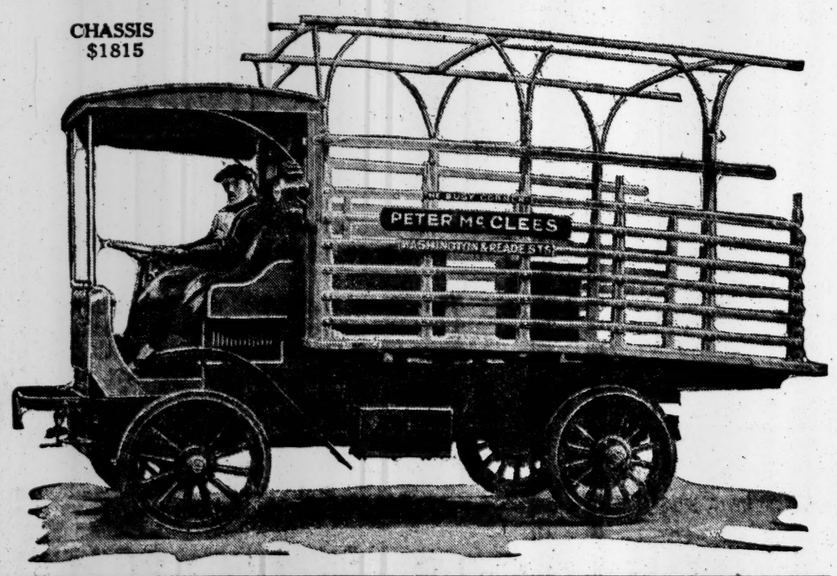

"Always Ready for Any Work, Night or Day"

"Quickness counts with perishable goods, and my three Autocars mean everything to my business," says Peter McClees, commission merchant, of New York City. "They are always ready for any work night or day and never give out. One car displaces three single trucks and is cheaper than the horses to keep and operate."

For information on the Autocar in *your* line of business, see the Autocar Sales Co., 553-557 W. 23rd St., New York City. ('Phone Chelsea 6060)

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The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa. Established 1897

Invest in Krumbles

The new whole wheat food with its delicious flavor and its high food value at a low price.

Children like KRUMBLES and it *builds them up* because of the extra nutrition of Durum wheat, which is rich in protein and mineral salts.

KRUMBLES is appetizing with cream or milk, and a special treat with berries, sliced peaches or bananas.

One Cent a Dish for Krumbles

Originated and developed by Kellogg Toasted Corn Flake Company of Battle Creek, Mich., makers of Kellogg's—the original Toasted Corn Flakes.

LIST OF COMMISSIONS PROMISED TOMORROW

Kentucky and Indiana Camps Will Be First to Know Successful Candidates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The War Department will announce this week the names of graduates of the reserve officers' camps who are to be commissioned as a result of the intensive training they have undergone the last two months.

The first lot of officers to be commissioned includes those from Kentucky and Indiana, who were trained at the camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. The names of the successful candidates from these States will be published Thursday afternoon.

Immediately afterward the names of those to be commissioned as a result of their studies at Fort Myer and other camps will be made public.

Jews Coming from Jerusalem.

BERNE, Aug. 7.—Forty-two women and children, the families of American Jews, arrived today from Jerusalem. They are bound for New York. Their journey from Jerusalem took three weeks.

You haven't half the troubles you think you have; you can prove it these warm days, with the aid of these mild smokes.

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS

"*Truly* a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — DAVE JACUS MAKER — *Various Sizes and Shapes*

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

FRANCE

Consign your goods to Seigneuret Freres, Bordeaux. Customs Brokers, Freight Agents. All formalities and Customs operations attended to. Transit to Switzerland.

Agents for Armour & Co. & the American Cotton Oil Co. And all French Railways.

The Charm of Distant Music

YOU and your guests enjoy the evening out of doors, while from within come the magic tones of a beautiful nocturne, played by invisible hands. Each note as precisely struck, each phrase as delicately executed as if the artist himself were at the piano—or wishing to dance, the best of the newest popular music, smartly played, is at your command.

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Convenient Terms Arranged. Pianos Taken in Exchange

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has been recognized by the best hotels, hospitals, clubs and private families as superior in quality of materials and workmanship. Nothing is so cool, comfortable, sanitary and restful as our pure horse hair mattresses and box springs. The best

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Before you leave arm your wife with Pyrene, so she can protect herself and the babies from fire.

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EX-PRESIDENT TAFT IS ILL.

CLAY CENTER, Kan., Aug. 7.—Ex-President Taft became ill at a hotel here during the night and today is under the care of a physician. The nature of his illness was described only as being stomach trouble.

He was unable to leave Clay Center today for Lincoln, Neb., where he has a speaking eengagement. He delivered an address here last night.

Late tonight it was said that Mr. Taft's condition was improved, but it was uncertain whether he would be able to resume his speaking tour.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Will you help the life-saver of Sea Breeze?

Will you give $1, or $5, or $100 to relieve the suffering of poor mothers and babes of the hot, sweltering tenement districts—NOW?

Your donation will take one or more mothers and children from the blistering pavements of ill-smelling streets, hemmed in by scorching brick walls, to

SEA BREEZE

the fresh air haven of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor

where tender care, good food and rest will nurse them back to health.

Use the blank below. Send your donation to George Blagden, Treasurer, Room 250, 105 East 22nd Street.

Fill out and mail now.

New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.
105 East 22nd St.

Enclosed is my fresh air donation for guests at Sea Breeze.

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MISS RANKIN URGES CONTROL OF MINES

Montana Member Offers Resolution to Take Over Copper Properties in West.

SAYS PRODUCTION LAGS

Accuses John D. Ryan and "Rustling Card" System of Causing Labor Unrest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Demanding legislation to enable the President to take over and operate the copper mines in Arizona and Montana where strikes are now curtailing production, Miss Jeannette Rankin, member of Congress, made her first speech in the House today.

Miss Rankin was heard by crowded galleries and practically every member of the House who is now in Washington. She was liberally applauded as she assailed the "Copper Trust."

Miss Rankin told the House that the labor troubles in Butte were largely due to the "rustling card" system. Without a rustling card, she said, miners could not obtain work, and if they protested against that treatment they were deprived of employment by the Anaconda Copper Company. Upon the President of the company, John D. Ryan of New York, Miss Rankin placed the chief responsibility for the labor unrest in her State.

Miss Rankin introduced a resolution to empower the President to take over and operate "metalliferous mines, the product of which is a necessary raw material in the manufacture of supplies for the nation's defense."

Miss Rankin said she had brought the copper situation to the attention of various Government officials here without making any progress in her efforts to bring about a settlement. Mr. Ryan, she said, made no reply to her telegrams asking for concessions in behalf of the striking miners.

"You have been informed by the daily press that the big copper mines in the West—in Arizona and in Montana—are not operating to their fullest capacity," said Miss Rankin. "This is due to the fact that the mine owners and the mine workers are unable to agree. The result has been an alarming decrease in the output in copper. According to an estimate of the Council of the National Defense only 12,000,000 pounds of copper was produced in Butte in the month of July, while the normal output is 30,000,000 a month. The disagreement has also meant great lawlessness. In Bisbee hundreds of men were deported, in complete contempt for law and order. In Butte a man was lynched by masked men.

"As our laws read today there is no means of handling the situation. I am advised that the President has no real power by which to act. Therefore, I am introducing this resolution, which I hope the committee will have ready to report to Congress when the absent members return.

"For some years the Anaconda Copper Mining Company has been using what is called in Butte 'the rustling card system.' This rustling card system is practically a blacklist on a national scale—or perhaps it had better be called a 'white list.' It has effectively discouraged the men from organizing. It has prevented them from obtaining the enforcement of laws requiring safety devices in the mines. It has caused them to hesitate to discuss their grievances on the outside. The conditions of the mines have grown more and more unsafe. I have had heartbreaking letters from the wives of some of the miners, saying that when their husbands went to work in the morning they never knew whether they would ever return, and that they lived in constant anxiety.

"On June 8, 160 men were buried in a fire in one mine. This was the climax. The men stopped work. The workers knew that they would never be safe as long as the rustling card system existed, for under that system every man who complained of conditions or reported dangers or endeavored to form an organization was laid off for one reason or another, and it would be impossible for him to obtain work again in any mine in Montana or elsewhere.

"John D. Ryan of New York, the President of the Anaconda Copper Company, is the man responsible for this situation. You are probably all familiar with Mr. Ryan's name in connection with his recent affiliation with the activities of the American Red Cross. If Mr. Ryan says the rustling card system must be abolished it will be. I have tried in vain to draw this fact to his attention, however. My telegrams to Mr. Ryan have been received, but as yet I have received no response."

Miss Rankin also declared that the copper companies had refused to accept the 16.67 cents a pound for copper at which the Government had been purchasing, and were awaiting action by the Committee on War Purchases.

MAYOR IS EMPHATIC IN REYNOLDS'S DEFENSE

Denies Charges Made by William Bullock and Denounces Attack Upon His Friend.

William Bullock, Director of the Bureau of City Inquiry, yesterday again accused ex-Senator William H. Reynolds of being secretly interested in the sale of Rockaway Park to the city and of having received special favors from Mayor Mitchel. The Mayor emphatically denied the charges, and while he made it plain that he would enter into no controversy with Director Bullock, he said he intended to defend Mr. Reynolds because the latter was his friend.

"In the first place," said the Mayor, "we all know the motives which animate the author. If Mr. Bullock has any knowledge of bribes being paid—I suppose he means that they were paid to city officials—and he does not place his information before the proper authorities he is compounding a felony. As far as the city's real estate transactions are concerned Senator Reynolds had no interest in the property acquired by the city when the city bought it. Public opinion demanded the acquisition of a park at the Dreamland site and at Rockaway. The properties in which Mr. Reynolds was interested, directly or indirectly, have been treated no differently than any other property the city acquired except in the case of Dreamland, where the city fought the findings of the condemnation board more vigorously than usual, having carried those findings to the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals.

ARMY AT WAR STRENGTH IN NEXT TWO DAYS

Needed Only 3,132 Men When Recruiting Stopped Monday—Connecticut Fills Quota.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7. — There is every indication tonight that the army will round out its maximum war strength in the next two days. A total of 1,416 recruits were obtained on Monday, leaving only 3,132 men to be enlisted to bring the army to its war strength of about 300,000 men.

Pennsylvania, which is the banner State for army recruits, and New York, which presses the Keystone State closely for honors, are both still going strong. Between the two of them they have contributed over 40,000 men to the regular army. The daily statement issued by Adjt. Gen. McCain follows:

	Total Obtained Aug. 6.	Total Since April 1.		Total Obtained Aug. 6.	Total Since April 1.
Alabama	14	2,010	*Nebraska	24	3,022
Arizona	7	274	*Nevada	4	801
Arkansas	5	1,121	N. Hamp.	2	525
*California	72	6,079	*N. Jersey	49	6,068
*Colorado	18	1,653	N. Mexico	9	308
Connecticut	27	2,191	*New York	144	19,999
*Delaware	1	425	N. Carolina		1,208
Dist. of C.	4	433	N. Dakota	3	606
Florida	10	1,497	Ohio	101	8,387
Georgia	20	4,399	Oklahoma	2	2,621
*Idaho		955	*Oregon	34	2,774
*Illinois	122	15,340	*Penn.	154	20,257
*Indiana	39	9,05	Rhode Isl'd	20	850
*Iowa	18	4,551	S. Carolina		996
*Kansas	17	3,613	S. Dakota		588
Kentucky	23	3,247	Tennessee	24	2,589
Louisiana	14	1,917	Texas	49	6,134
Maine	5	849	*Utah	13	1,879
Maryland	26	1,624	Vermont		109
*Mass.	105	8,78	Virginia	1	1,383
*Michigan	49	7,920	*Wash'gton	32	2,476
Minnesota	25	3,07	West Va.	8	1,837
Mississippi	6	1,012	Wisconsin	11	1,803
*Missouri	59	7,405	*Wyoming	8	615
*Montana	24	1,656			

*Quota obtained.

Total since ... 198.

Total obtained Aug. 6, 1,416.

Total obtained since April 1, 180,766.

Smart Styles for
STOUT WOMEN
designed by
Lane Bryant

Not just garments cut in large sizes, but specially designed apparel with the right lines and style to fit and become the STOUT and EXTRA SIZE FIGURE.

Ready-to-Wear
Everything that women wear in sizes up to 56 bust.

CLEARANCE SALE
Now in Progress

affords the stout woman an unequalled opportunity to purchase Summer Dresses, Coats, Suits, Waists, Skirts, Beach Apparel at

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Store Open Saturday till 1 P. M.

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Its Nature, Growth and Common Affections. Rules for Its Preservation.
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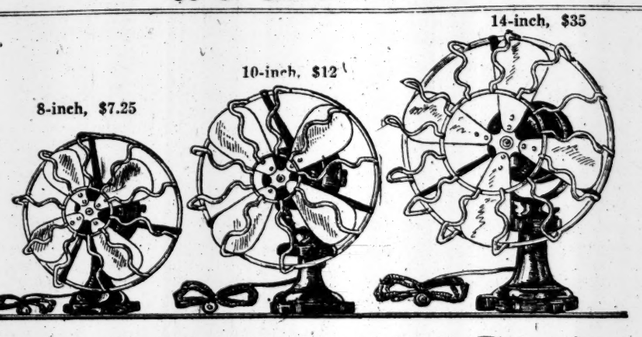
CARS FOR THE THRIFTY.
Automobiles at moderate prices advertised in the Automobile Exchange daily in The New York Times.—Advt.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.



Preparedness for the Coming Hot Wave—Electric Fans

How did it happen,—that amid the Fan famine of last week,—with the city making unknown heat records,—that GIMBELS was the one store in New York, prepared, with a full showing of Electric Fans? PREPAREDNESS is the answer,—and your warning,—to be ready, individually, as were we,—with literally thousands of Electric Fans. No risk,—they are just as essential for Summer comfort as coal for Winter. Think of it that way,—and before rush and bustle and depleted stocks,—**lay in your supply of Fans. We are well ready.** We bought these Fans in zero weather,—hence these prices,—**$3.90, $7.25, $12, $14, $18.50, $30 and $35.**

The $3.90 Fans Are Veritable Wonders

They have six-inch blade. All ready for service, will fit any current. The average cost of these Fans, one cent for six hours. A half dozen, a good investment in Summer comfort, for home or apartment. Mail and 'phone orders filled.

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J. M. Gidding & Co.
364-366-368 Fifth Avenue, AT 36TH ST. N.Y.

Final Clearance Sales!

A splendid opportunity to replenish the Summer wardrobe with smart Gidding fashions—at mere fractions of former prices (in many instances the styles will serve well into the Autumn.)

Groups are small—only one or two garments of a size or kind—but those who are fortunate enough to make suitable selections will find values gratifying.

SUITS	For street and sports Formerly to $95	$28
DRESSES	Of batiste, voile, organdie Formerly to $95	$22, $28
GOWNS	For informal occasions Formerly to $145	$38, $50
COATS	Sports styles (medium & full length) A few Street and Sports Capes Formerly $55 to $75	$25, $35

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Extraordinary Offering

A Monogram Die
A Box of Paper and Cards
Stamped from die.
15 different designs.
$1.00

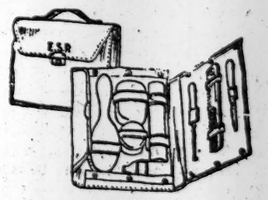
12 Sheets of Paper, 12 Correspondence Cards and 24 Envelopes, of a good quality White Fabric Paper, with a Steel Monogram Die in two or three letters, Cards and Paper stamped in color, gold or silver.

All for $1.00

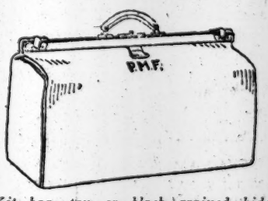
Mail orders filled in two weeks.
Samples mailed to out-of-town addresses.

Ground Floor.

Cross Luggage



Ladies' toilet case, folding design, morocco leather, colored moreen lining, snap fastenings at sides, handle at top; 8 complete white celluloid fittings. 9½ x 8 inches..... $10.50



Kit bag, tan or black grained hide leather, checked linen lining, inside pocket, brass mountings. 18-20-22-24 inches..... $20-$23-$26-$29

Ladies' travelling bag, soft-ends, stiff bottom, moreen lining, large pocket; black grained hide leather. 12-14-16 inches..... $14-$15-$16

Initials stamped on the above without charge.

Summer Schedule: July and Aug. 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Closed all day Saturday

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The World's Greatest Leather Stores

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We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

Helps For Golfers

We can fit you out from head to foot, including equipment as well, at prices much lower than elsewhere.

Men's Golf Suits $19.75, $22.50, and $24.75

Good looking coats made along lines that give plenty of freedom. Pinch-Back model with stitched on belt or Norfolk model with pleated front and belt all around, both with patch pockets. Well tailored of tweeds or homespun mixtures in gray, green, tan or brown. With knickers or long trousers.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way, Front.

Men's Imported Wool Golf Hose, at $2.49

Medium weight, fancy roll tops. Colors: Oxford, heather, dark gray, brown or green mixtures. Sizes 10, 10½ and 11.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

A Page From Our Book About Golf

PIVOTING

ONE of the most essential things in driving a golf ball is getting the body into the blow. The body should not sway but turn, using the spinal column as an axis. At the top of the swing the left knee, hip and shoulder should be facing the ball. At the finish of the swing it is almost the reverse, except that the right knee is pointed in the direction the ball has taken. A slightly built player can get a very long drive by proper pivoting combined, of course, with perfect timing of the shot.

You may have a copy of this book for the asking. Come in or write for one.

Macy's—Sporting Goods Dept., Fifth Floor, Centre.

Men's Golf Shoes, $7.74

Built with the idea of giving real service and foot comfort to the man who travels the links. Of tan, calf skin, reinforced at instep. Plain tips. All sizes.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre.

Golf Trunks at $13.49

Well made of basswood, covered with heavy duck, fibre bound, brassed fastenings. Serviceably lined. Heavy webbing straps to hold sticks in place. 50x 10:10½ in.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre, Rear.

Clubs and Such Things

Gibson's and Slazenger's Brassies and Drivers, $2.49
Irons, $2.24
Thistle Drivers and Brassies, Horn's Irons, $1.49
Canvas Golf Bags, $1.14 to $8.89
Leather Golf Bags, $6.49
Spalding's, Wright & Ditson's, Whippet's, Worthington's and Colonel Golf Balls at "Lowest-in-the-City" Prices.

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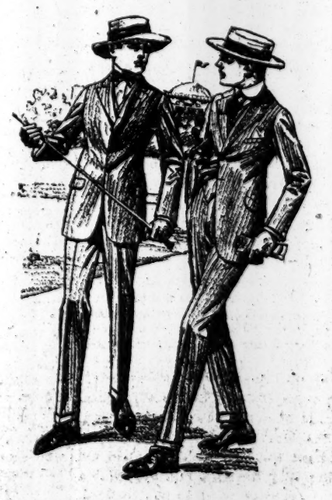
Sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing

The word "clearance" clears up everything. The entire stocks of men's and boys' clothing are included in a sale that makes advantageous buying. GIMBELS highest grade—the highest grade suits that are manufactured in America—are embraced. Making way for new Fall styles is the cause for this disposal. But we venture to say that there will be more difference in the prices this Fall than in the styles.

Men's Suits, $14.50
A wide selection in this group. All sizes. Quarter, half or full lined. Well made clothes in the newest fabrics.

Men's Suits, $21.50
Suits from the country's best sources. All those smart, live New York models in the latest patterns. Blues and grays by the dozens.

Men's Overcoats, $15
Silk-lined full weight overcoats. Beautiful Chesterfields included; three-quarter length coats; plain lapels. Oxford grays, full silk lined, guaranteed. Sizes 34 to 44.



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Men's $35 Norfolk Suits, $21.50
Men's $12.50 Sport Coats, knitted, $8.50
Men's $10 Sport Coats, flannel, $6.75
Men'c $7.50 White Flannel Trousers, $4.85
Men's $5, $6 and $7.50 Separate Trousers, $3.95
Men's $30 Silk-lined Overcoats, $19.50
Men's Fifty-odd Tuxedo and Full Dress Coat and Trousers, $23.75
Men's $35 Cutaway Coat and Vest, $23.50
Men's $25 Chauffeur Suits, $18.50
Men's $5 Alpaca Office Coats, $3.85
Men's $3.95 Alpaca Office Coats, $2.65
Men's $2 Khaki Trousers, $1.35
Men's $6 Motor Dusters, $3.85
Men's $5 Linen Dusters, $3.00
Men's $12.50 Motor Dusters, $9.75
Men's $25 Raincoats (guaranteed), $16.50
Men's $20 Raincoats (guaranteed), $13.50
Men's $15 Raincoats (guaranteed), $9.75
Men's $12 Raincoats (guaranteed), $7.75
Men's $6.50 Raincoats (guaranteed), $3.85
Men's $19.50 Sport Suits (Gabardine), $14.50
Men's $8.50 Full Dress Vests (odd lots), $4.50
Men's Full Dress Vests, slightly soiled, 75c
Men's Tuxedo and Street Vests, in individual models, $2.35

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On the contrary, here are values to delight mothers who are looking ahead to September cool days, and the advancing costs of boys' clothing everywhere.

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$5 Boys' Blue Serge and Shepherd Check Reefers, at $3.85
$2.50 Boys' Wash Suits, splendid quality White Repp, with contrasting collars of Blue or Tan, at $1.65
85c and $1.45 Boys' Rompers, at 60c
$2.85 Boys' Middy Wash Suits of excellent quality Galatea, 2 pairs of pants, at $1.85
$2.95 Boys' Middy Wash Suits, with emblem; 2 pairs of pants, long and short; Cadet or Navy collars, at $2.35
$1.50 Boys' Washable Knickers, Home Defense League color, $1.15
$4.95 Boys' Washable Norfolk Suits, linen-crash, gray and tan, $3.85
$5.50 Boys' Genuine Palm Beach Suits, gray and tan, $4.15
$8.75 Boys' Blue Serge and Shepherd Check Middy Suits, knee or regulation pants, $6.50
$3.50 Boys' Oliver Twist Suits, $2.50
$5 Boys' Blue Linen Middy Suits, $3.35

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 8, 1917.

TAKING UP OUR BURDEN.

The Senate has proposed a tax bill which will raise two billion dollars. It is the greatest burden ever put upon any people, treble the amount paid by us before the war, double the amount paid by England now, and England raises a larger proportion of war expenses by taxation than any other country. These burdens would have been thought incredible, unendurable, but for the education through which the world has passed under German compulsion.

Everywhere the experience has been similar. The price of making democracy safe is worth paying, for life would not be worth living if it were not paid. And in all countries the burden has been found less crushing than economists have feared. In war there are both economies and profits, both moral and material. Never has it been imagined, still less realized, how prodigious is the capacity for the creation of goods under modern methods of quantity production. If capitalists and workers had co-operated with equal zeal in times of peace, want might have been banished from the earth. The amazing production of the instruments of destruction, if devoted to meeting the demands of consumption, would have produced a divisible surplus of goods comparable to the incredible cost of war. It has been a misfortune with both present and future compensations. In the present it supplies the means through united effort to defeat the German conspiracy against the world's freedom. How otherwise could Germany have been beaten? For the future it creates the hope that the lesson now taught will not be lost, and that through intensive work by capital, labor, and machinery the burdens may be reduced sooner than has seemed probable, and the blessing of plenty be attained as otherwise would not be possible.

There is no leading country in the world where this is not true in general, and it is true of ourselves in particular. There are so many of us, and we are so rich, that all comparisons of totals for us in relation to other nations are misleading. We shall bear our billions of taxes easily, even with prosperity, and all the more certainly in proportion that the taxes are wisely laid. In that respect, also, our experience has been favorable through the improvement of the proposals originally made. No doubt there is still room for constructive criticism, for the details of the bill baffle mastery at a sitting. Congress seems unable to produce a bill without using thousands of words itself, and authorizing the Treasury to use thousands more in meeting points overlooked by Congress. Both houses show an aversion to doing anything as it has been done before, to following a beaten track where the rough places have been found by experience and removed.

For example, the Senate has restored the bank check tax, but it has not availed itself to the full of the stamp tax resources as they have been developed on previous occasions. Instead we have many new taxes, with fresh details and inconveniences. The Senate has surpassed the House in the concentration of taxes. No less than two-thirds of the additional revenue needed, and about one-half of the total revenue, will come from income and war-profit taxes. The Senate provides no less than $302,000,000 more than the House from sources as little objectionable as any source can be. And the Senate improves the manner of the tax, as well as increases the total. The House provided an "excess profits" tax, calculated upon a difficult and perhaps impractical estimate of capital. The Senate substitutes a tax based upon comparison of incomes according to records already in the Treasury's possession, and within the knowledge of the payers of the future taxes. Both in the matters of income and profits taxation our rates are less than those imposed by our allies. Their experience in such methods has been longer than ours, and supports the Senate's proposal. The proportion of the year's revenue to be raised by taxation is very high, much higher than has been the practice of England, but it is diminished if we take into account our bond issues to provide funds for our allies.

The Senate's proposal of taxes upon drinks and tobacco is beyond criticism. Nobody has to pay them, and those who escape them may derive a benefit besides the saving of the tax payment. The excise taxes upon the "breakfast table"—tea, coffee, cocoa, sugar—are approved by the world's experience. The Senate Committee estimates that if all the taxes named are paid by the consumer the total will be 75 cents apiece per year. How could there be found a better way to raise $86,000,000 for war purposes?

These are the highest points of the Senate's affirmative action. Its negative action will equally commend itself to most. Only the proposer of the "morally and economically unsound" retroactive tax on incomes of 1916 to be paid in 1918 can regret its disappearance. The same may be said of the proposal to impose tariff taxation without consulting anew the voters who rejected it. The Senate negatives also the increase of the inheritance tax. It is cumulative upon the similar tax in forty States, and it is to be feared that the casualties of the war might make it peculiarly obnoxious to the country, as unjust to the dependents upon the country's defenders.

NO PASSPORTS FOR ENEMY USE.

The State Department has very properly, and of necessity, declined to issue a passport to MORRIS HILLQUIT under which he would attend the Socialist conference at Stockholm. This conference is called by the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates in Petrograd. So far as anything Russian can at present be said to have an official character, the Stockholm conference would represent the Russian Government. Our custom and our laws do not permit private citizens to carry on negotiations in respect to public affairs with foreign Governments or their representatives. That is the exclusive business of the Government at Washington.

But if this passport were issued to Mr. HILLQUIT it would be put to a use that would give aid and comfort to the enemy. The character and the intentions of the Socialist Party in this country, to which Mr. HILLQUIT belongs, are not concealed. It is openly disloyal, it denounces the war, and the Government for participating in the war. The members of the party who are loyal Americans in thought and feeling have withdrawn from it. The remnant is very largely pro-German, and altogether anti-American.

The Socialists and radicals of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates have brought Russia to the verge of ruin and anarchy. The council for a time showed itself the most dangerous enemy of that democracy which the revolution sought to establish. Now it has become alarmed, and has drawn back somewhat from its extreme positions; it nevertheless continues to be a source of danger for Russia and for the Allies. The Socialists of the council have been completely fooled by Germany. Their proclamation of "no annexations, no indemnities," has visibly served German ends, it is contrary to Russian interests. It means just what the German agents in Petrograd intended it to mean, the restoration of the status quo, leaving Germany a continuing menace to civilization. The Socialist conference at Stockholm can serve no other cause than that of Germany. The State Department would be guilty of an incredible folly if it should encourage the attendance of friends of Germany in this country by issuing passports to them.

A SERIOUS MILITARY MISTAKE.

The public comment in all parts of the country on the reported intention of the War Department to relieve the commanders of the military departments from all authority over the various encampments of troops within their boundaries will be of a kind that the Administration will not be pleased to hear. It is almost incredible that the order should have been given, but the report telegraphed to THE TIMES from Charlotte, N. C., is verified by the Washington authorities. It has been thought in New York that the only plausible excuse for the transfer of Major Gen. LEONARD WOOD from the command of the Eastern Department was the benefit to the country which would be assured by the employment of his unquestioned administrative ability and gift of organization in the development of large bodies of new troops. There are more camps in the Southeastern Department than in any other. But the intention of the Government, it seems, is not to make use of General Wood's skill at all. The various camps are to be under the sole control of Brigadier Generals, some not yet appointed, who will be directly responsible "to the Secretary of War "and the highly organized bureaus "under his supervision."

This is bad judgment. The "highly organized" bureaus of the army are not held in great esteem either by soldiers or by civilians who come in contact with them. The division of military authority is already so great that there is danger of a scandal before long. The bureaus should be wholly subservient to a competent General Staff. The department commanders should be in the control of the General Staff. All the troops in their departments should be under their control.

What is the idea of the War Department? What is the impulse that causes it to create inevitable confusion in a great national crisis? The new order applies to General WOOD more than to any other department commander because there are more camps within the boundaries of his command than in any other. But the order is a slight, also, to Generals BELL, EDWARDS, BARRY, and LIGGETT. The transfers of Generals BELL and LIGGETT last Spring, however, were practically promotions. General WOOD, who had gained so large a measure of public esteem, was obviously moved down a step. There was a great and quite excusable protest at the time. It was freely said that the Administration was angry with WOOD because he had foreseen the coming of war and had exerted his influence to arouse the country to a sense of the need of preparation for defense. The country owes much to General WOOD. The success of the officers' training camps is due to him. What he said in the days of anxiety preceding the declaration of war has been amply justified. Our lack of preparation, our lack of national common sense, were exactly as he said. The people of all parts of the country appreciate his services. There is no need to dwell upon the esteem in which he is held in the East. In the South his coming was hailed with enthusiasm. His sagacity and energy have created a most favorable impression in that part of the country. The Administration will make a sad mistake if it fails to avail itself of the best services of so valuable a military commander.

Quite apart, however, from any consideration of General WOOD's just claim upon the country, the plan to divide military authority in time of war is a bad plan, the plan to place so great reliance on the far from competent Washington bureaus is a bad plan, and the determination of the Secretary of War, a civilian without military training, to make himself a war lord, regardless of the knowledge derived from study and experience which the military heads of the army possess, will not meet with public approval. Public approval in its conduct of the war, we infer, is what the Administration most desires at this time.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' BALLOTS

The Brobdingnagian war ballot puzzled and confused our soldiers on the Mexican border last year. Whom wouldn't it puzzle and confuse? Some soldiers voted for nominees for one office who were candidates for another like office; some for candidates in other districts than their own. Thus votes were made null. The number of American soldiers training here or abroad is already considerable. In 1918 it will be immense. If they are to vote, let them have an intelligible ballot, not a series of enigmas.

The Honest Ballot Association of New York proposes that the election law be so amended that the Secretary of State be required to print upon the ballot the names of all the nominees for offices to be elected by all the voters of the State and all the voters in this city. The names of nominees for offices in "such other political sub-"divisions as are large enough to war-"rant it" may be printed or not, in his discretion.

Under the present law, soldiers' and sailors' ballots must be cast not later than twenty days before election. Since independent nominees for State offices may decline twenty days before election, for county offices eighteen days before election, the Secretary of State cannot print the names of nominees, for the use of soldiers and sailors, unless their elections are brought nearer the general election day. The Honest Ballot Association therefore proposes that soldiers' and sailors' elections be held ten, instead of twenty, days before the home election. Even then, the names will have to be cabled and the tickets printed abroad for the use of those of our military and naval forces there.

Both proposals seem sound. It may be said that fighting, not voting, is the business of soldiers and sailors. There may be times when a vote is just as necessary as a gun for the support of the army, the navy, the war, and the United States.

A MARIONETTE CABINET.

When the great German "crisis" was grappled with so grandly by Chancellor MICHAELIS, he met the demand for peace by declaring that Germany would accept only a victor's peace, and that with that understanding he had no objection to the Reichstag's adopting a resolution declaring for a peace without conquest. Germany was to get what she would get by "forced acquisitions," only she was not to call it a process of "forced acquisition." As for the demand for democracy, he met that by proposing to give the political parties some Government jobs, provided they were accepted on the clear understanding that their holders should have nothing to do with the direction of affairs, which was to remain in the hands of the Kaiser and his servants. Lest we be accused of distorting MICHAELIS's words—and we admit that his answer to the demand for democracy sounds too crudely insolent to be true—let us reprint his exact language:

> I also consider it desirable that the relations of confidence between Parliament and the Government should be made closer by calling to the leading executive positions men who, in addition to their conciliatory character, possess the confidence of the great parties in the popular representative body. All this is, of course, possible only on the assumption that the other side recognises that the constitutional right of the Imperial Administration to conduct our policy must not be narrowed. I am not willing to permit the conduct of affairs to be taken from my hands.
>
> "All this" means the appointment of representatives of the different parties to offices which they are to hold in silence. The Kaiser has done as he promised; he has given jobs to different parties, the rebellious Centrists doing especially well. He has made no false pretenses; he told the German people on July 19 that he would give them nothing but husks, and husks he has given them.

REBUKING OBSTRUCTIONISTS.

Senator CHAMBERLAIN of Oregon performed a public service when he charged Senator GORE of Oklahoma with "knifing" the Food Control bill at every possible opportunity. That fact needed to be stated frankly and dispassionately in the Senate, so that the people of the whole country should bear it in mind. For the time will come when the obstruction of essential war measures in Congress will not be viewed so calmly by Americans. When that time comes, it will be well for them to remember the harm Senator GORE and others have accomplished, the worse harm they might have accomplished if the patriotic majority had not prevented it. The Food Control bill has been deliberately held up in the Senate for many weeks. The welfare of this country demanded a strong food control law not later than July 1. Yet while August advanced we have been obliged to listen to the voice of REED of Missouri raised against it. The end of this obstruction of the Food bill is set for today, when the Senate takes its long-delayed vote, and by Saturday the bill should be a law.

The World of this city also performed a valuable public service yesterday when it placed in parallel columns REED's unwarranted charges against Mr. HOOVER, charges put into words for no other purpose than to delay acceptance of the conference report, and a clear statement of the things Mr. HOOVER has done, without Congressional authority, pending the passage of the bill. That record alone proves his fitness for the post of Food Administrator. Senator WILLIAMS of Mississippi expressed public opinion yesterday in his vigorous denunciation of the men who obstruct war measures. Party alignment has almost been forgotten, when war measures have been considered, by a large majority of both houses. But there are, as Mr. WILLIAMS declared, a few men on both sides who have formed themselves into an anti-Administration and an anti-American party. They have "put themselves in the attitude of op-"posing everything that goes to carry "on the war."

It is time for the majority of the Democratic and Republican Parties to get together and say to these two little groups, "You have danced your ballet, "you have sung your song. America "is tired of you and we are tired of "you. We want you to do something."

The voice of JOHN SHARP WILLIAMS, the mind of every patriotic American. The President's desire that Congress should get through with the Food bill and the War Revenue bill, and take a long vacation, should be realized. There is nothing else for Congress to do, and its presence in Washington is disturbing. Save us from "gabbing" for three months more.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Curious German Grievance.

Another illustration of German inability to reason like other people, or to draw from observed facts any conclusion except the exact opposite of the one other people would see as inevitable, is provided by a recent speech delivered in the Reichstag. Deputy LOEBINGHOVEN is quoted by the Vorwärts as complaining bitterly that though the German armies had achieved successes fully entitling them to peace and its rewards, they had been robbed of both by the refusal of the rest of the world to play the game of war according to its long-established rules. In seemingly perfect sincerity Herr LORINGHOVEN presented as a cruel wrong the fact that, instead of allowing Germany to reap the fruits of her first victories, the other nations had come into the war one after another out of pure malignity, as he evidently believed, and so had created a task of such constantly increasing magnitude as in common fairness should be imposed on no country.

He felt, obviously, just as would a boy who, having undertaken for what he considered good reasons to whip another boy, discovered that the rest of the school, instead of forming a ring and being content with observation of the battle, had meddled with its natural course, and not only saved the original object of attack from his deserved thrashing, but had basely forced the potential victor into adopting a policy of desperate and almost hopeless self-defense.

It did not occur to Herr LORINGHOVEN that perhaps ability to conquer does not necessarily and always give the right to conquer—that sometimes it is the duty of bystanders at a fight not merely to watch the progress of events and to "let the best man win"—"best" in the pugilistic sense—but to interfere for the protection of one of the combatants and the foiling of the other. To have thought of that would have implied an admission on his part of the possibility that Germany's cause was bad—something hardly to be expected of him.

He cannot see that if, as he said, "the general world political and economic situation operates only in favor of our enemies, who have been able to enlist help from their ever-growing number of allies," there is another reason for it than malice—than a mysterious determination to rob Germans, as Germans, of their earned victories. His grievance is one that could be felt only by a man with a mind of peculiar simplicity and unable to realize that its own view of a situation may not be the only view that can justly or fairly be taken.

Nevertheless Corn Is Good Food.

Two French physicians have just proved by an elaborate series of experiments that maize, when deprived of all its outer coatings and highly milled, is not good food for pigeons when they are allowed or forced to make it for long periods their only diet. It is not improbable that the sufferings of these unfortunate birds, and their ultimate fate, would have been about the same had they been fed on any other one thing, and there will be in this country, in some quarters at least, an inclination to suspect that though the French physicians may have acted in all honesty, their condemnation of what we call "corn" was based on the widespread European dislike of that grain as human food rather than on an experiment that hardly could have had any other result than the one it did have.

In this country there is no need to ask pigeons whether corn is or is not a safe, nutritious, and easily tolerable—even likable—addition to the food resources of anybody who can get it. That we like cornmeal as well as wheat flour as bread material for a steady diet would not be claimed by the most fervent of its American votaries, but that it is injurious in any sense except the one in which every article of food is injurious, including wheat itself, the king of them all, is a contention made ridiculous by the long experience of no small part of our large population. The Italians, almost alone in Europe, are—or were—accustomed to eat corn in considerable quantities. There has been some reason for believing that the disease pellagra, from which certain classes among them have suffered, was somehow connected with this peculiarity of their diet, but according to the best authorities that malady follows the consumption of damaged corn, the corn being harmless when in proper condition.

That we should help our foreign allies by sending them as much of our wheat as we can spare is true, and we are going to do it willingly enough. They should not expect, however, just because they have not learned to like corn or how to prepare it for the table, that we should do all the saving of wheat and allow them to eat nothing else in the cereal line.

One Form of War Terminates.

By arranging between themselves something between a truce and an alliance, the hitherto bitterly antagonistic owners of airplane patents have ended an industrial war that has had many unpleasant and distasteful features, and if their new plan of operation escapes legal condemnation as monopoly and interference with trade—as apparently it should—the manufacture of these most necessary implements of war will be both cheapened and facilitated.

There has been a feeling, ever since the problem of mechanical flight was solved by the WRIGHT brothers, that success in this realization of humanity's age-old dream was not exactly a fit subject of commercial exploitation under strict interpretation of the patent laws. The justice of this feeling was never easy to support by argument, and naturally enough the WRIGHTS could not see any reason why they should not profit, like other inventors, from the result of their persistence and skill. Yet they were charged with lacking in the spirit of sportsmanship and they were often condemned for what was called their effort to prevent the making of airplanes by others than themselves, or at least by others than those who would pay royalties to them. Thus were they forced or led into devoting to litigation energies that would have been better employed if there had been no infringers of their patents to fight, and thus, too, was progress in developing the art of aviation measurably, though probably not much, delayed.

Now, seemingly, there is to be peace among the builders of the only real airships, and, if the new plan works, not only will everybody enter the business who chooses to do so—and can get any contracts—but everybody who uses another man's ideas in the building will pay an agreed price for the privilege. That is an equitable as well as an amicable scheme, and why objection to it should be found or sought could not easily be imagined.

To Attain Our Aims.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The recent editorial article in THE TIMES, criticising Hall Caine's interpretation of America's part in the war, is timely. America does not deserve to survive if all she wants is survival. The ends THE TIMES sets for her, justice, freedom, and security, far better interpret her spirit. To attain them, every American must do his bit. This is no time for pacifism. Whatever be one's convictions of the right methods of attaining justice, freedom, and security, the man is a coward and a shirker who refuses to do his part when the country has committed herself to a conflict like the present one.

CLARA E. MILLIKEN.
Grinnell College, Grinnell, Iowa, Aug. 4, 1917.

LIGHT ON BELGIAN NEWS.

Germany Trying to Efface the Marks of Her Vandalism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Liége has been fined 500,000 francs, as your paper stated, quoting the Echo Belge, for refusing "to demolish buildings damaged by fire on the Quai des Pêcheurs," this would be another instance in which Germany is trying to force the Belgians to efface the traces of what she has herself wantonly destroyed. The houses mentioned, as well as other adjoining houses in the Rue de Pitteurs were set on fire by drunken German soldiers belonging to the Fifty-seventh Regiment on Aug. 20, 1914, at about 11 o'clock P. M. After some looting these houses were sprayed with gasoline and burned. The firemen were allowed to interfere only when the fire began to threaten the property of a German. The inhabitants had been evicted, thirty of the males being kept for twenty-four hours in the Anatomical Laboratory under the repeated threat that they were going to be shot. They were finally released. At the same time houses were set on fire on the other side of the Meuse, (Place de l'Université,) but there the inhabitants were not evicted, those who tried to escape by the front door, about twenty in number, being shot by the Boches. Of these unfortunates seven were Spaniards, fruit dealers, for whose deaths Germany later agreed to pay an indemnity, thus acknowledging the murder.

A number of facts seem to indicate that the arson was premeditated, and is to be interpreted as a demonstration of frightfulness, as well as the other outrages of the same kind committed on the preceding and the next three or four nights. My opinion is that a number of picked rascals, like those soldiers who were billeted at that time in the Anatomical Laboratory, had been chosen as leaders to perpetrate these outrages, and that the other soldiers' minds had been put in the right shape by allowing them to drink freely.

Concerning the guns which were used against the forts of Liége, I doubt very much that there were any 16.4 German howitzers, but I have seen the Austrian 12-inch gun shooting from the very heart of the city. As Austria broke diplomatic relations with Belgium only on Aug. 28, this was a fine piece of treachery, which put the Austrian Government right away in the same gang of felons as the Germans. The last fort fell on Aug. 17. JULES DUESBERG.
Baltimore, Aug. 6, 1917.

NORWAY'S COMMISSION.

Its Secretary Replies to Criticism That Its Leaders Are Pro-German.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a letter to your valued paper of Aug. 2 John Elesland, among several thoroughly misleading statements about Norwegian conditions and the Norwegian Commission to this country, announces that Dr. Nansen and myself are "pro-Germans."

We are both absolutely at a loss to understand how Mr. Elesland can see his way in a public letter to a great and widely read paper to make statements which are so absolutely at variance with the truth. As representatives of a neutral country we could naturally be neither pro-German nor pro-Ally.

Now, Mr. Elesland's statement is not only false but it is also most unfair. It will easily be recognized by your readers, Mr. Editor, that Dr. Nansen's position as head of a mission from a neutral country prevents him from expressing publicly his personal sympathies for one or the other of the belligerent countries. He will thus not be in a position to refute statements of the nature Mr. Elesland, without knowledge of the situation, has seen fit to make. This same naturally applies to me.

We venture to trust, Mr. Editor, that you will appreciate this position if in the future any of your contributors should avail themselves of that position to make untruthful statements.

W. MORGENSTIERNE.
Secretary of the Norwegian Commission to the United States.
Washington, Aug. 6, 1917.

Eastern Peaks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the discussion in your columns as to the "highest accessible point east of the Rockies," it may be of interest to note that as a mountain, measured by its own height above the general terrain of its base, Katahdin of Maine is superior to Mitchell or Washington. W. D. Q.
Boston, Aug. 3, 1917.

YESTERDAY AND TODAY.

When I was a boy I used to go
Across the fields, where an unseen foe
Was waiting in ambush to give me fight—
Oh, I was brave and my cause was right!
I carried a gun that my daddy made,
And a sword as sharp as a hero's blade,
And a deadly dagger that Bill Brown found.
So I clattered away to the battleground,
And I dreamed, as I marched away to fame,
That the world would ring with my mighty name!

My gun was made out of whittled wood—
That, I take it, is understood—
And I had no bullets or powder-flask,
So to shoot the foe was a man-sized task!
But the crouching enemy never knew
'Twas a wooden gun with an aim unfrue:
And when I'd march to the bloodless fray,
He'd always scamper and hide away.
You see, my name 'most took his breath,
And ho'd shudder and shake well-nigh to death!

'Most every day I would organize
A squad of soldiers about my size—
Once there were five in my company,
A goodly sight for the folks to see!
So did I lead my daring band
To the hidden foe across the land,
And Solly Wittig's old red drum—
With a broken head—just made things hum!
If there had been moving pictures then,
Ere now you'd have seen my gallant men.

* * * * *

Today there marched along the street
Some bronze-faced boys with rhythmic feet;
It took me back to the long ago,
When I marched to conquer a bristling foe,
And oh, I wished I were marching too,
Under the brave Red, White, and Blue!
I longed to go. . . . But I had to stay,
For my step is slow and my head is gray;
So I doffed my hat and sent forth a prayer
For those stalwart boys who must do and dare!

WILL F. GRIFFIN.

SAYS BRITONS BUY TITLES.

Peers Attack the System of Giving Honors for Party Contributions.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A lively discussion arose in the House of Lords tonight over alleged scandals connected with the distribution of honors. The Earl of Selborne, calling attention to the bestowal of honors in return for contributions to party funds, moved that hereafter the reasons for rewards should be published, and the Premier in recommending recipients should satisfy the sovereign that no payment or expectation of payment was associated with the recommendation. The House came to no vote on the subject.

Earl Curzon, Government leader in the House of Lords, deprecated the course proposed on behalf of the Government as calculated to deter wealthy men from charitable contributions from the fear that they would come under unworthy suspicions. Supporters of the motion, including Baron Beresford and Baron Charnwood, urged the adoption of the American system of auditing and publishing contributions to party funds.

Baron Beresford said that a large part of the money went not into party funds, but into the pockets of those who offered the honors for sale. He added that this war would be famous for the large number of honors and awards bestowed upon people who had failed disastrously.

Earl Curzon admitted the gravity and importance of the subject, but thought the charges were exaggerated. He said that the number of cases of alleged purchase bore so small a proportion to the total as not to pollute the stream seriously. Experience showed that the desire to found a family and confer distinction upon descendants was widespread in democratic sections of the community, and he considered that the democratization of honors as in recent years, ought to be encouraged because it was a great safeguard of public life.

BRITISH SURGERY WONDERS.

Of 1,350 Men Maimed, London Hospital Returned 1,000 to Duty.

Major J. E. Goldthwaite, an orthopedic surgeon of the United States Army, returned yesterday to an Atlantic port, after visiting the hospitals of France and England to study the new methods of treating the wounded.

Out of a batch of 1,350 wounded soldiers who had been crushed and fearfully maimed by shells, he said, 1,000 had been so skillfully patched up by the surgeons at the London Orthopedic Hospital that they were able to return to duty.

Major Goldthwaite was one of twenty American medical officers who were sent abroad by the Government. He said he had returned to recruit surgeons for study of war hospital conditions in order that American soldiers might later have the benefit of modern treatment from their own surgeons.

Another passenger on the liner was L. A. Post of Stanford, N. Y., who has been in Mesopotamia for the Y. M. C. A. He said that it was hotter in New York yesterday than he had found it in the Near East except once, when the temperature was 105 degrees in the shade, and the camels attached to the caravan had to have palm leaves soaked in water tied over their heads before they would leave the oasis after the noon meal. Mr. Post said he was in Bagdad when the British troops captured the city.

OPPOSE LOAN MORATORIUM.

Realty Interests Want Mortgage Business Left Untouched.

A request was made yesterday by the Advisory Council of Real Estate Interests to life insurance and trust companies, savings banks, title and guarantee companies, and other large lending institutions, to write to their representatives in the Legislature in opposition to the measure drafted by Senator Ottinger providing for a moratorium on real estate mortgages during the period of the war. Such a proposal, it is said, reflects only the attitude of the borrower, disregarding the lender.

"A moratorium that only protects the borrower," says the Advisory Council, "would discourage all lending on real estate, as no sensible business man or institution would invest money which the State would be able to declare could not be recovered until the end of the war. The mortgage market has experienced enough discouragement within the past few years without imposing another damper on it."

One of the reasons advanced in favor of a moratorium is that lending institutions are calling in mortgages, which, under normal conditions, especially in the case of small home owners, would be permitted to run for long periods. Such reasoning, says the Advisory Council, is fallacious, as lending institutions are not foreclosing to any greater extent than before the war, and are using all reasonable means to prevent a foreclosure.

STUDENTS HEAR WHITMAN.

Governor Reviews Regiment and Speaks at Madison Barracks.

Special to The New York Times.

SACKET HARBOR, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Declaring that America was in the war to efface autocracy from the world and in order that every nation, no matter how weak or small, might achieve its destiny without disturbance, Governor Whitman delivered an address before the 1,500 reserve candidates at Madison barracks this evening. He declared that democracy here and everywhere had but one chance for the future, and that chance lay in America.

"We can either arm now and fight for a peace that will endure, or accept a future in which we live at home and travel and trade at the sufferance of a triumphant autocracy in Berlin," said the Governor. "This war is a war of self-defense and the principles for which we are fighting do not concern America alone, but are concerned with the peaceful and orderly future of the whole world."

The Governor said that the conscription law was the keynote in the arch of our national defense and that there must be an end to misunderstandings that threaten to hinder its full and effective operation.

Governor Whitman arrived at the camp shortly after 5 o'clock this evening, and reviewed a regiment of the candidates before delivering his address.

CUTS KAISER FROM BOOK.

Chicago School Board Eliminates Page About Him in Speller.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The Kaiser must come out of the spelling book in use in the Chicago public schools—at least of all copies remaining in the hands of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education is controlled absolutely by Mayor Thompson. Superintendent Shoop, to get around a specific recommendation that the Kaiser page be cut out, asked that thirty-nine pages of the book be eliminated. This request was granted. There are that many pages devoted to the spelling course for the eighth grade. The Kaiser page happens to be one of them.

There are 10,000 copies of the speller in the supply department, and about 60,000 others in the hands of indigent pupils and unsold at the various schools.

Trustee Czarnecki tackled this matter with blunt directness.

"I move that the Kaiser page be not only cut out of the books in possession of the board," he said, "but that the Superintendent be requested to issue an appeal to the parents asking them to have their children cut the page out of the books they use."

This was voted down, 7 to 3.

STANDARDIZED SHIPS NOW.

First of a New British Fleet Will Be in Commission This Month.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The first of a fleet of standarized steamships being constructed in Great Britain will be put into service during the present month, according to a statement made in the House of Commons today by Sir Leo C. C. Money, Parliamentary Private Secretary to the Minister of Munitions.

The total dead-weight capacity of the first vessel will be about 8,000 tons.

PRESIDENT SPURS TRADE COMMISSION

Breaks In on Meeting to Know What Results Have Been Accomplished.

FIRM ON PRICES TO ALLIES

Manufacturers Protest Against His Policy of Forcing Big Cut in Contract Figures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—While the newly created War Industries Board was discussing today the policy it will adopt in regard to the prices which the United States Government and the allied nations shall pay for war-time necessities, the President took matters in his own hands and devoted his time to speeding up the machinery.

He went first to the offices of the Federal Trade Commission, which he has designated as the body to determine production costs, breaking in on a meeting of the full board. He asked flatly what results had been accomplished. When he left he told the commissioners that there must be no delay which would hamper the Government, and he received a definite promise to that effect.

One fact that stood out today in connection with all of the developments was that President Wilson was determined on a policy which would afford an opportunity for the Allies of the United States to obtain the supplies needed without paying the extortionate prices that obtained during the period before the United States entered into the conflict against Germany.

It can be said that this attitude on the part of the President has resulted in innumerable protests from American industry, and that was one of the main reasons why the statement of policy, promised yesterday from the War Industries Board, was held up. It probably will be made public tomorrow or Thursday.

These private interests have contracts with some of the Allies, which will be affected seriously by the attitude the White House has now assumed, and which, if carried out, will mean a tremendous cutting down in profits obtained. The statement has even been made to the State Department by certain private interests that England is following no such altruistic course, and is charging France a higher price for the output of its industries than England is paying.

Without further legislation the Government is not in a position to control prices to the consuming public along the same lines that it can control the prices the Government shall pay. The Food bill as approved by the conference will provide this power in regard to certain commodities, but does not cover, even if passed without amendment, all of the angles involved.

Laws already passed, however, placed in the hands of the Government a powerful weapon so far as the supplies which the Allies need are concerned. They make it possible for the Government to purchase and resell to the Allies, and no one realizes this fact more than the producers who have entered their protests. It is generally accepted that in the end the Central Purchasing Commission of the War Industries Board, of which Commissioner Bernard M. Baruch is Chairman, will do practically all the buying for this Government and the Allies.

Official announcement concerning the activities in regard to buying was withheld. A statement was given out by the Trade Commission stating that a report on the production price of copper probably would be forthcoming within two weeks. It is not probable that the reports on steel and other products will be made known before that time, and the commission has decided that all announcements of a definite character concerning policy must come, not from the commission, but from the White House.

The War Industries Board met early and sat late. It had several difficult problems to discuss. Involved in its considerations was the question of determining the basis for price fixing, which in turn involved the matter of so arranging prices as not to injure the small producer or give enormous profits to the big producer.

COPPER SALES DOUBTED.

Rumors of Large Purchases by Allies Not Confirmed in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Reports in Wall Street that the Allies were buying large amounts of copper through the Council of National Defense at 28 cents and more a pound could not be confirmed in any official quarter here. It is known that copper is being bought in large quantities for the Government, and practically without stated price, the matter of price being subject to adjustment in the future.

A comparatively small amount of copper has been bought through the Council of National Defense for one of the Allies, and it is believed at a price somewhat better than 25 cents; but this purchase was several weeks ago and is no part of the rumored purchase of 31,000 tons. It can be stated on high authority that there is no foundation for the report of heavy purchases of copper by the Allies as the New York reports mention. They would have been made through the council, if at all, and no such transactions have taken place or are in contemplation at this time, it was asserted.

TO BORROW $1,250,000,000.

Commons Authorizes Another Treasury Note Issue.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, introduced in the House of Commons today a formal resolution authorizing the Treasury to borrow another £250,000,000 on the security of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, and announced that a war loan bill for this purpose will be introduced within a few days. The resolution was adopted.

In the House last Thursday Mr. Bonar Law said that a loan bill would be required during the Parliamentary recess because the Government would "have to give the American Government long dated notes in exchange for a loan received from them, and the Treasury's power to issue such notes was limited by the last bill and is not sufficient to carry us through the recess."

Treasury Certificates Oversubscribed

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Treasury's offer of $300,000,000 in certificates of indebtedness maturing Nov. 15, first financing under the projected second offering of Liberty bonds, was largely oversubscribed when subscriptions closed at 3 P. M. today.

DELAYS JUDGESHIP CONTEST

Delehanty's Suit Against McIntyre Put Off Until Aug. 15.

When the trial of the quo warranto proceeding brought by James A. Delehanty to determine the right of Judge John F. McIntyre to his seat on the General Sessions bench was called yesterday before Justice Sawyer, appointed by Governor Whitman to conduct the special trial term of the court, counsel for Judge McIntyre raised the objection that since the Attorney General had consented to retire in favor of personal counsel desired by Mr. Delehanty, the proceeding must fall.

Justice Sawyer adjourned the trial to Aug. 15 after the roll of talesmen summoned for the case had been called, in order to give counsel for Judge McIntyre opportunity to raise technical objections before Justice Donnelly.

'FRIEND MARTHA' NEEDS A FRIEND

Costume Romance by Author of "The Prince Chap" Creaks Badly.

RARELY BEAUTIFUL SCENES

A Showy Part Is Miscast and an Able Support Is Handicapped by Slender Material to Work With.

FRIEND MARTHA, a comedy in four acts by Edward Peple. At the Booth.

Godfrey Mayhew.....Edmund Breese
Sarah Mayhew.....Lizzie Hudson Collier
Martha Mayhew.....Oza Waldrop
Aaron Quane.....Sydney Greenstreet
Arabella Neeks.....Florence Edney
Ruth Grellet.....Helen Lowell
Colonel Shirley.....Charles A. Stevenson
Harry Shirley.....R. Leigh Denny
Judge Garnett.....Wallace Erskine
Job Fox.....John L. Shine
Jonathan.....Arthur Hyman

Costume romance, beautifully appareled and in scenes of exquisite beauty, stalked incongruously on the boards of the Booth Theatre last night, creaking in every joint. And the marvel of marvels was that "Friend Martha" is from the versatile Edward Peple, who has hitherto scored signally in plays of as different sorts as "The Prince Chap," "The Littlest Rebel," and "A Pair of Sixes."

The place was the Quaker Germantown and the period 1830. Over costumes, building, and furniture still hovered the beautiful spell of the style we call Colonial. And the most sensitive taste prevailed. Every detail was beautiful in itself and in relation to the whole; and, where the temptation to overelaboration must have been insistent, there was not one detail too much.

But with the play the case was far otherwise. In point of years the story may not have been as ancient as its setting; but according to the chronology of the drama it was of the hoariest antiquity. The Father Tyrannical was there, bent on marrying his lovely Child to an Austere Elder, twice bereaved. And this duplex, pursuing widower was in turn unblushingly, outspokenly pursued, even in Quaker Meeting, by two spinsters, supposedly comic, hunting as a couple. The young gallant from Philadelphia, who rescued the lovely heroine entered by a secret panel, hidden behind an ancestral portrait. In times of stress the hero hid under the bed and the heroine in the ancient fire-seat—bobbing out their heads at intervals to launch comic asides to the audience. And as the character and action were of the stage, stagey, so the dialogue reeked of the study lamp, and was oily. Long passages were in unbroken iambic rhythm, and could no doubt be broken into irreproachable blank verse.

The heroine was of the good old school of historical drama, dating back at least a dozen years and a time when Dorothy Vernon dorothied and knighthood ran to seed. Though a Quakeress born, her heart sang like a bird, even on Sunday; and, on the very first provocation from her gallant, she trussed up her skirts (ever so much further than the Mary of the night before last whose playbill featured her ankle) and danced a minuet. But, though blithe and gay of spirit, she was innocent and pure as the snows, and with a heart all tenderness. Yet she had a mind and will of her own, and in her rare rages was rarely formidable. Quakeress Martha had been played by the heroines of yore, a dozen years ago, she would have worn a flaming wig to match her disposition.

For reasons at which the knowing hinted the part was intrusted to Oza Waldrop. Her type, in theatrical parlance, is that of the soubrette, and her spontaneous repertory of miming consists in a flounce and a bounce and a skip, with odd, delightful moues on her round, fair face, and abrupt, inspiring twists to her wrist and elbow. As a red-haired tigress she is as much at ease posing as a fluff of a kitten in a rage. There were occasional moments in the part of potential theatric effectiveness, but, sad to say, they quite miscarried.

In the other parts there were a number of able and experienced actors; but unfortunately the characterization was so thin and unconvincing, when not positively false, that their best efforts went for little or nothing.

"Friend Martha" was in the case where a fellow needs a friend. She had one staunch backer in Edgar MacGregor, who produced the play, being Miss Waldrop's husband. In the audience last night she had many well-wishers, who applauded and laughed most liberally. But still the need was manifest. Who or what the friend should be, deponent sayeth not. But it may be remarked in passing that when the audience called for the author he was found to be absent.

EQUITABLE TO HOLD VOTE.

Plan for Mutualization of Company Comes Up on Aug. 21.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Equitable Life Assurance Society has been called for 11 o'clock Aug. 21 to vote on the plan for the mutualization of the society recently approved by the Board of Directors. According to the plan, General T. Coleman du Pont, holder of the majority stock, would turn in his holdings for $2,790,000, $2,000,000 less than he paid J. P. Morgan for them in 1915, and the minority stockholders would get $1,500 a share for their holdings.

It is presumed that the stockholders will approve the plan, since General du Pont holds the vote of a majority of the shares. But the chief interest in the meeting will be the airing of the grievances of some of the minority stockholders who claim that the plan would mean an unfair distribution of the assets of the company. There are 1,000 shares of the stock. It is argued that the sum of $2,790,000 gives General du Pont about $5,000 a share for his 504 shares of stock, while the minority stockholders would get about a third of that for their holdings. The way the Directors figure is that General du Pont gets something like $2,700,000 for the controlling 501 shares, and then sells sixty-three shares of minority stock for $1,500 a share. Those who object to the plan argue that a share is a share and all should be paid for alike. Not all the minority stockholders will fight the plan. After the proposal has been approved by the stockholders, it is then to be submitted to the vote by mail of the 500,000 policy holders of the Equitable.

TOBACCO FOR TROOPS LOST.

Red Cross Is Urged to Send Ten Tons More to France.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Young Men's Christian Association's shipment of tobacco for the American troops in France has been lost. Word came from Paris today from the Red Cross commission to France, saying no suitable tobacco to replace the lost shipment was obtainable there, and urged that ten tons of tobacco be sent at once.

The Red Cross War Council immediately accepted an offer of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company to donate 1,500,000 cigarettes, 20,000 packages of smoking tobacco, and 10,000 cuts of chewing tobacco, which will be forwarded to the American troops at once. France has agreed to admit the tobacco free of duty, as well as all other articles for the American soldiers.

Daughter to the Maurice Leons.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Léon of Goody's Hill, Irvington-on-Hudson, are being congratulated upon the birth of a daughter on Monday last, their third child. Mrs. Léon was Miss Frances Goodrich of Santa Clara, Cal., and is a sister of Chauncey S. Goodrich and Mrs. James L. Whiting of San Francisco.

NOTES OF MUSIC.

Director Gatti-Casazza said yesterday that all reports of the Metropolitan's opera season's opening "with a certain production" were premature. He has not decided in what opera Caruso will first appear next November.

Fortune Gallo is to bring his San Carlo troupe to the Forty-fourth Street Theatre for two weeks' opera, starting Sept. 5, with the Spanish tenor Salazar, the baritone Antola, Rina Levigo, Vassari and Marcella Craft.

APACHES ON WARPATH IN ARIZONA MOUNTAINS

Indian Mine Workers Called Out and Mounted Rangers Set Out to Quell Uprising.

GLOBE, Ariz., Aug. 7.—Apache Indians in the Amchas Mountains, fifty miles northwest of Globe, are on the warpath, and the largest two asbestos mines in the district have suspended operations, according to a telephone message summoning help, which was received at the Sheriff's office here tonight.

The manager of one of the mines informed Sheriff Tom Armer that leaders of the uprising had called out all Indian mine workers and that were completely beyond control.

Deputy Sheriff Dan Armer, at the head of a band of mounted rangers, departed for the Sierra Anchas at 7 o'clock tonight, but they do not expect to arrive before tomorrow morning.

A call was issued tonight by the Sheriff for cowboys to hold themselves in readiness for duty in event the rangers are unable to quiet the Indians.

A forest arnger who rode twenty-five miles over rugged mountain trails to reach a telephone informed Sheriff Armer that forest fires were being started in the vicinity of the mines, and that attempts to burn mine buildings were prevented only by guards.

According to the ranger, two I. W. W. organizers have been active among the force of 150 Mexicans and Indians employed in the district. The ranger's statements were corroborated by Manager Tiffany of the mining companies.

MISS CRAVATH WEDS AUG. 22

Only Relatives and a Few Friends Will Be at Ceremony.

The wedding of Miss Vera A. H. Cravath, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, and James S. Larkin, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin, will be celebrated on Wednesday, Aug. 22, at 4 o'clock, in St. John's Church at Lattingtown, L. I., by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church, this city, and the Rev. Charles W. Hinton, rector of St. John's. None but relatives and a few intimate friends of the families will be present, as the church is very small. The Plattsburg officers' training camp, where Mr. Larkin is in training, will be closed by Aug. 15, and as the officers selected will not be called into service for at least twelve days afterward, it was decided that the wedding should take place on Aug. 22. The wedding reception will be held at Veraton, the country home of the Cravaths at Locust Valley, L. I.

Miss Cravath's attendants will be the Misses Sarah E. Larkin, Frederika Peterson, Olive A. Taylor, Gertrude L. Welling, Elizabeth L. Kirlin, Mrs. John M. P. Thatcher, and Mary Evelyn Scott, the latter as maid of honor. Mr. Larkin's cousin, Ernest R. Tilton, Jr., is to be his best man, and the ushers are to be Frank M. Warin, Morris McK. Pryor, Gaillard F. Ravenel, William Ryle, Henry Bahnsen, and Melvin E. Sawin.

LOOPS THE LOOP 34 TIMES.

Edward Stinson, with Woman Passenger, Breaks the World's Record.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 7.—Edward Stinson, aviation instructor at the Hampton Roads Aviation Station, near Hampton, today broke the world's record for consecutive loop the loops in the air, performing the daring feat thirty-four times with a passenger in his machine.

Stinson, with Mrs. Robin Gray of Norfolk as a passenger, early this afternoon ascended to the height of 4,000 feet, with the avowed purpose of breaking all records. Without a break in the performance, or even a minor accident, he made the air circle thirty-four times before gliding safely to the sward of the aviation field to receive the congratulations of army officers and spectators.

Stinson expects to go to the front with the National Army after training a company of student airmen for service.

25 MORE DIPHTHERIA CASES.

226 Persons Now Under Treatment in Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 7.—Twenty-five additional cases of diphtheria were reported by the Board of Health today, making a total of 226 cases since the epidemic began a week ago.

Special Deputy Sheriffs are guarding five farms in Portsmouth, from which no milk or farm products will be permitted to leave. The financial losses will be paid by the State.

Up to the present time there is only one suspicious case of diphtheria at the training station, where a rigid examination of throats is being made twice a day. Because of conditions here it was deemed advisable to quarantine the reservists in camp today.

Portrait Goes to Historical Society.

The will of Mrs. Catherine M. Dresser, who died May 2 at 598 West 191st Street, left a portrait of her grandfather, Stephen Allen, one-time Mayor of New York, to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and in case the museum did not care to accept the portrait, it was to go to the City of New York or the New York Historical Society. It was said yesterday that the museum and the city had declined the portrait and that it would be given to the historical society.

Jersey Militia Officer Weds.

Captain Anthony W. Lamy, an officer in the First Field Hospital Corps, New Jersey National Guard, and his bride, who was Miss Mary Evelyn McCandless, both of Elizabeth, N. J., are spending a brief honeymoon at Atlantic City. Captain Lamy obtained a brief leave of absence on Monday, and Miss McCandless, accompanied by her mother, went to Sea Girt. Several officers formed a bridal guard, and escorted the Captain and Miss McCandless to the parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Spring Lake, where the Rev. William A. Lord performed the wedding ceremony. Mrs. Lamy has been active in relief work and that of the First Field Hospital Corps.

A. L. Cochrane to Wed Actress.

PRIDE'S CROSSING, Mass., Aug. 7.—The engagement has been announced here of Miss Vivian Wessel, an actress in "Love o' Mike" and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wessel of New York, to Alexander Lynde Cochrane, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Cochrane of Boston. Miss Wessel is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Cochrane at their country estate here. She made her stage début about four years ago in Lehar's operetta, "The Man with Three Wives." Last season she was with Willie Collier in "Nothing but the Truth," and then took one of the chief rôles in "Love o' Mike." Mr. Cochrane was graduated in 1893.

Murdock-Cochrane.

The wedding of Miss Ethel Cochrane, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cochrane of 11 West 106th Street, to A. Walter Murdock of this city took place at 8 o'clock last evening in the Ascension Memorial Church, West Forty-third Street. The Rev. Dr. John Floyd Steen, rector of the church, performed the ceremony, which was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents. Miss Olga W. Johnson was the maid of honor, and Harry J. Rogers acted as best man.

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett L. Kerns of 269 West Seventy-ninth Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Louise Armijo, to Robert V. Arnold, a son of Mrs. Emma F. Arnold of Cambridge, Mass. Miss Armijo was graduated from Smith College in 1913, and Mr. Arnold is a Harvard graduate, class of 1908.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Rapp of 131 East Ninety-fifth Street and Belmar, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances A. Rapp, to Irvin Carlyle Davis, son of Mrs. Edward T. Davis of Philadelphia and Spring Lake, N. J.

AIRCRAFT MERGER MEETS OPPOSITION

Attorney for Small Patentee Denounces Wright-Curtiss Organization.

ALLIES' COMMITTEE MEETS

Standardization of Parts to be Agreed Upon—American Company Said to Have Asked $11,000,000.

The consolidation of the aircraft manufacturers of the country under the title of the Manufacturers' Aircraft Corporation, which has just been completed, was denounced yesterday by Thomas A. Hill of 233 Broadway, patent lawyer and former President of the Aeronautical Society, as a scheme entirely unmotivated by the military needs of the country, but designed only to solidify the Wright and Curtiss interests against impending suits against the validity of their patents.

Mr. Hill is the attorney for Albert S. Janin, a Staten Island carpenter, who obtained a patent for a hydroaeroplane with central water support of the general type which is now in widespread use. Janin never built an actually working machine, being restricted by lack of funds.

"This new organization of the Wright and Curtiss interests," said Mr. Hill, "with a few smaller trailers included has been bountiful enough to provide that after the meat of the pie of royalties has been eaten, a few small crumbs of the crust may be divided, subject to its arbitration board, among outside manufacturers and inventors whose patent rights they approve. What is Albert Janin, for instance, going to do now that the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia has said that he is the pioneer and ahead of Curtiss and entitled to his patent?

"The war had nothing to do with all this. Many patents are pending and some issued of which these companies have taken no notice, patents that they do and will infringe. Yet the accounts of this consolidation imply quite the contrary."

It was reported yesterday from sources close to the management of the Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation that this company has applied to the Government, through the Aircraft Production Board, for an advance of about $11,000,000, to be used in greatly increasing the capacity of its plant, the money to be charged against future contracts for airplanes—the whole transaction forming one step in the Aircraft Production Board's program for an immense new air fleet for the United States.

It was represented to the Aircraft Production Board that the company at present has a capacity of about four airplanes a day, which makes it one of the largest in the country, but which is totally inadequate to the demands likely to be made on the plant when the Government's construction program gets well under way. The company proposes, therefore, to expand its resources until it is able to turn out machines on a standard pattern at the rate of fifty a day.

In order to accomplish this, the heads of the company estimate that it will be necessary to spend upwards of $20,000,000 for new buildings and equipment, and rather than attempt to raise this sum themselves they suggest that the Government, as the most interested party, assume at least half the burden of financing the new construction.

The first meeting of an international committee, including representatives of the United States, Great Britain, Canada, France, and Italy, which is working for the standardization of metal parts in aircraft, will be held in New York today. Frank G. Diffin, formerly a manufacturer of metal parts in Erie, Penn., will act as representative of American interests on the committee.

"This committee has important work to do," said Mr. Diffin. "The average airplane has thousands of metal parts. Heretofore bolts, for instance, were made in innumerable sizes, the difference between which was often measured in a few thousandths of an inch in length or diameter. For one specific kind of bolt used for the same purpose on various types of machines different manufacturers called for the use of six diferent metals, sixty different lengths and eight different diameters.

"I figured out that fully 50 per cent. of the different sizes were unnecessary, and, after limiting the number of diameters and lengths as far as possible, I found I could treble production with the same amount of machinery and personnel."

NAVY TO BUILD PLANT TO MAKE AIRPLANES

Daniels Announces Million-Dollar Factory Will Be Constructed at League Island Yard.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary Daniels tonight announced the decision of the Government to build an aircraft factory for the navy. The plant, which will be at the League Island Navy Yard, Philadelphia, will cost $1,000,000 for buildings and machinery. When worked at full capacity it will employ 2,000 men.

Secretary Daniels recently recommended to Congress the appropriation of $45,000,000 for naval aeronautics in addition to amounts previously made available. This money will be used in maintaining and expanding existing schools and stations, establishing new stations and training schools, and in the purchase and manufacture of necessary aircraft—seaplanes, dirigibles, and kite balloons for use on high seas and from coastal stations at home and in co-operation with our allies.

The additional personnel for the operation of the naval aircraft is being enrolled in the Naval Reserve Flying Corps. The navy is planning the establishment of an air force of sufficient size to operate as scouts from naval vessels, to patrol the waters off the coasts of the United States, and to co-operate with naval forces abroad in anti-submarine warfare.

In making his announcement tonight Secretary Daniels said:

"In view of the enormous expansion of the airplane industry now being undertaken in the United States, it was felt that it was necessary to increase the Navy Department's facidities along these lines, not only to enable it to supply a part, at least, of its own needs, but in order that the private plants might be relieved of the experimental developments which they have hitherto undertaken, and turn their whole attention to the maximum production of approved types.

"Contracts have been placed for the factory on the basis of completion of buildings and beginning of operations in less than 100 days. The total cost of the buildings and plant will be in the neighborhood of $1,000,000, and it is expected that when the completed plant is working up to its capacity it will utilize the services of approximately 2,000 employes and be capable of producing a thousand small planes per annum, or a corresponding output of the larger types.

"The Navy Department has a small flying field at the League Island Yard adjacent to the factory and excellent facilities for hydroaeroplanes, so that it will be able to utilize this plant to keep the navy in the forefront with the latest developments in aircraft."

FORMS MORALITY LEAGUE.

Mrs. Humiston Starts Country-Wide Movement to Save Girls.

An application for the incorporation of the Morality League of America, organized by Mrs. Grace Humiston as a result of the Ruth Cruger case, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday. The purpose is to "gather and disseminate facts which will impress the public with the danger to women and girls throughout the United States."

The league will "investigate and report to the authorities for prosecution complaints regarding immoral conditions which may exist throughout New York and the United States and urge the passage of legislation necessary to promote the purposes of the organization." The league is nonsectarian and nonpartisan, and will co-operate with other bodies to carry out its purposes.

$850,000 A DAY FOR WAR.

Canada's Total Contribution $623,000,000 Up to July 20.

OTTAWA, Aug. 7.—Canada's war expenditures are now about $850,000 a day, according to figures made public today.

This sum includes the upkeep of Canadian troops in France, for which Canada owes Great Britain $272,000,000. Advances to the Munitions Board amount to $288,000,000, while $22,000,000 has been spent for hay, cheese, flour, and other supplies.

Canada is supplying about $10,000,000 a month to buy cheese and contributing $25,000,000 a month to the Imperial Treasury for the purchase of munitions in Canada.

$126.05 Damages for H. S. Marshall.

The last move in the contempt proceedings brought by the House of Representatives against H. Snowden Marshall when he was United States District Attorney, was made yesterday, when the Clerk of the Federal District Court filed the mandate of the United States Supreme Court releasing Mr. Marshall from the custody of the Sergeant at Arms of the House. For all of his trouble, including fees of several high-priced attorneys who defended him against the attack, Mr. Marshall is to receive damages amounting to $126.05.

Rose Kaplan Dies in Egypt.

Rose Kaplan, head nurse of the Jewish refugees' camp at Alexandria, Egypt, died in that city on Aug. 3, according to a cable message received yesterday by the Women's Zionist Organization from United States Consul Hornblower. Miss Kaplan left this country four years ago when Hadassah, as the organization is known to Hebrews, established its nursing settlement in Jerusalem, and was in full charge of the heavy task of introducing hygienic conditions in the Holy City. Miss Kaplan operated from the settlement furnished by Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus. She was born in Petrograd in September, 1887, and came to New York twenty-five years ago, and later graduated from the Mt. Sinai Hospital Training School for Nurses.

Capt. Basil Hood, Playwright, Dies.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Captain Basil Hood, dramatic author, was found dead here today. Basil Hood was born fifty-three years ago, and was educated at Wellington College and Sandhurst Military Academy, afterward entering the British Army as Second Lieutenant of a Yorkshire regiment. He wrote, adapted, and translated twenty-nine plays and musical comedies. Among his better known works were "The French Maid," "The Rose of Persia," the English translation of "The Merry Widow," "A Waltz Dream," and "The Five Frankforters."

Admiral Usher's Mother Dies.

Mrs. Pamela Woolverton Usher, widow of Nathaniel Usher of Vincennes, Ind., and mother of Rear Admiral Nathaniel Usher, Commandant of the New York Navy Yard, died last night at her quarters in Brooklyn. She was in her ninety-fourth year and is survived by another son, Edwin McNames Usher of Vincennes. The funeral, which will be private, will be held tomorrow.

Obituary Notes.

CARL CHRISTMAN, a traveling salesman for E. W. Dunston & Co. of Manhattan and a prominent Mason, died suddenly on Monday in the South Side Hospital, Babylon, L. I., in his fifty-first year.

JOHN RAYNOR BAYES, 72 years old, a retired ship builder and fourteen years Station Master at the Port Jefferson Station of the Long Island Railroad, died at his home in Port Jefferson, L. I., on Monday.

Mrs. MARGARET RESSEL, 77 years old, widow of Michael Dressel, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Gustave Hauck, 608 Thirteenth Street, College Point, L. I.

WILLIAM H. BROWN, an old bayman, died on Monday in the Huntington Hospital.

JOSEPH DURYEA of 108A Somers Street, Brooklyn, for many years employed by the Long Island Railroad, died on Monday in the Kings County Hospital in his fifty-seventh year.

SAMUEL PINKUS, 36 years old, an employe of the American Can Company, died on Monday at his home, 304 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

HENRY GLEICHENHAUS, a manufacturer of cloaks and suits, died on Monday at his home, 2,081 Sixty-third Street, Brooklyn.

ALFRED CHARLES HAYWOOD, 55 years old, of 152 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn, died at his home on Monday after a long illness.

GEORGE H. CRABTREE, a decorator and painter, died on Monday at his home, 2,188 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Captain JOHN T. SMITH, a master of sailing and steam craft, in the employ of the Texas Oil Company, died at his home, 919 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was 63 years old.

THEODORE L. BERENBERG, a traveling salesman, died on Monday in the German Hospital, aged 24 years. His home was at 508 Halsey Street, Brooklyn.

DAVID ROSENBUSH, 58 years old, a manufacturer of women's dresses and Vice President of Temple Beth Emeth, died on Monday at his home, 98 Argyle Road, Flatbush.

HANFORD B. SPILLER, a tool manufacturer, died on Monday at his home, 652 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, in his seventy-second year.

Mrs. THERESE PICARD RICH, widow of Theodore D. Rich, died yesterday at her home, 669 West 180th Street.

Mrs. HENRIETTA ATWOOD COLLINS HOWE, widow of the late Daniel R. Howe of Hartford, Conn., died yesterday at her Summer home at Black Point, Conn., in her sixty-ninth year.

Mrs. CLARA THORPE PENDLETON, 88 years old, wife of Frederick S. Pendleton, died yesterday at her home, 708 East Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn.

MARSHALL DARRACH, who had a reputation in New England as a Shakespearian reciter, died yesterday at his home in Enfield, Conn.

EDWARD WISEMAN, a Boston lawyer, 24 years, at one time a pitcher on the Boston National League baseball team, died yesterday at Pittsfield, Mass.

Mrs. MARIE J. FIELD, widow of Captain JOHN F. FLYNN, father of William J. Flynn, Coroner of Bronx County, died early this morning at his home, 1,261 Gerard Avenue. He leaves a widow, one daughter, and two other sons, F. J. Flynn and John F. Flynn, Jr.

Francis A. Field, U. S. A., a veteran of the civil war, died last night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Strether, 289 Grove Street, Montclair.

WILLIAM I. BABCOCK, head of the firm of Babcock & Fenton, naval architects, 120 Broadway, and son of the late Captain David S. Babcock, died yesterday at his home, 229 West Ninety-seventh Street, in his sixtieth year. A widow survives him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

MELTZER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Max Meltzer, 54 Hunter's Point Av., Long Island City, Aug. 6, a daughter.

Married.

WHITING—GAY.—Aug. 4, Martha Stone Gay to George Clarke Whiting of Hingham, Mass., by Rev. Louis C. Cornish.

Died.

BABCOCK.—W. I., suddenly, at his residence, 229 West 97th, on Aug. 7, 1917, age 59, son of the late Captain David S. Babcock. Funeral private.

BARBER.—On Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, Sarah Postlethwaite, wife of the late Herbert Barber, at her residence, Lincoln Park, Englewood, N. J., in her 60th year. Funeral at St. Paul's Church, Englewood, N. J., Aug. 9, at 3 P. M. Interment Brookside Cemetery at convenience of family.

BEBARFALD.—On Aug. 6, Miriam Bebarfald, beloved daughter of Joseph and Leah. Funeral from residence, 1,834 Crotona Av., Aug. 9, at 2 P. M. Interment at Mount Hope Cemetery, Brooklyn.

BLANCHARD.—On Tuesday, Aug. 7, Elizabeth Greenman, widow of Francis Loring Blanchard. Funeral services at her home, 859 Carroll St., Brooklyn, on Thursday at 9:30 A. M. Interment Northport, L. I.

BLUMENKRANZ.—Aug. 7, Hannah, at 1,024 Avenue St. John, Bronx. Funeral today. Aug. 8, from her late residence.

BOGERT.—On Sunday evening, Aug. 5, 1917, at 50 West 45th St., Anna K., beloved wife of the late Eugene T. Bogert. Funeral services will be held at Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., on Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

COMBS.—At Jersey City, Monday, Aug. 6, Margaret E., widow of Richard J. Combs. Funeral private services at her late residence, 258 Clerk St., Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 5 P. M.

DARRACH.—Marshall, at Enfield, Conn., Aug. 7, aged 48 years. Interment Newark, N. J.

DAVISON.—Frederick West, son of the late Rev. Isaac S. and Rebecca West Davison, Aug. 4. Services Monday, Aug. 6. Interment at Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, N. Y.

DE LA MONTAGNIE.—Entered into rest Aug. 5, 1917, William, beloved son of Henry and Annette W. de la Montagnie, in his 27th year. Services at Chapel of West End Presbyterian Church, Amsterdam Av. and 105th St., Wednesday, 2:30 P. M.

DODD.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, Emma Louise, widow of John K. Dodd. Funeral services and interment private.

DURICK.—On Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, at the rectory, 7,201 15th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Rev. John J. Durick, rector of the Church of Our Lady of Guadalupe, and brother of the late Rev. James J. Durick. Solemn mass of requiem Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, at the Church of Our Lady of Guadalupe, 73d St. and 15th Av., Brooklyn. Divine office at 9:30 A. M. Flowers omitted. Masses preferred.

EARL.—On Tuesday, Aug. 7, 1917, Minnie E. Frederic Clifford Earl, in her 89th year. Funeral services at her residence, 1 Forester Place, Bayonne, N. J., Friday, 2 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Liberty St., C. R. R. of N. J., 1:30 P. M.

FANCHER.—On Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, George M. Fancher, in his 80th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Round Ridge, N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 2 P. M.

FLYNN.—Aug. 6, at his residence, 1,251 Gerard Av., John F., beloved husband of Elizabeth L. and father of Frank J., Coroner William J., Martha C., John F. Flynn, Jr. Notice of funeral to appear hereafter.

FRISSELL.—Rev. Hollis B., Sunday, at Whitefield, N. H., in the 66th year of his age. Funeral Wednesday, at Hampton Institute, 3:30 P. M.

GALE.—On Aug. 6, Elizabeth H., daughter of the late Nathaniel and Sarah Gale, in her 82d year. Funeral service at the chapel of the home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 2 P. M.

GEIST.—Herman Samuel, beloved son of Solomon M. and Pauline Geist, died Monday evening. Funeral today at 10 A. M. Interment at Bayside Cemetery.

HILL.—On Aug. 6, Brewster Whittemore, youngest son of Anna H. Smith and William Richings Hill. Services Wednesday, Aug. 8, 4 P. M., at 146 West 6th Av., Roselle, N. J.

HOWE.—At Black Point, Conn., Aug. 7, 1917, Henrietta Atwood Collins, wife of the late Daniel R. Howe, aged 68 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,008 Asylum Av., Hartford, Conn., Thursday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

HUDSON.—Mrs. Charles R. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,929 Broadway, Frank E. Campbell Bldg. Time later.

KRAKOW.—Esther, wife of the late Joseph Krakow, in her 65th year. Funeral today, at 10 A. M., from her late residence, 1,257 Brook Av., Bronx, N. Y. Bayonne, N. J., papers please copy.

MARLOR.—At New Hamburg, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1917, Edward M. Marlor, aged 46 years. Funeral services from Zion Church, Wappingers Falls, N. Y., 2:30 P. M., Aug. 9.

MILLER.—At Messines, France, Lieutenant Clive Miller, husband of Frances H. Chubb of London, England.

MOSS.—At Sandusky, Ohio, Aug. 6, 1917, Augustus Leicester Moss, beloved husband of Caroline Curtis Moss, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral at Sandusky, Ohio, on Wednesday at 4 o'clock.

O'TOOLE.—On Aug. 5, 1917, Mary A., (nee Dinon,) beloved wife of Francis O'Toole and mother of Katherine, Francis, Anna, and Gertrude, at her residence, 1,505 Hoe Av., Bronx. Requiem mass at St. John Chrysostom's Church, corner of 167th St. and Hoe Av., on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

OLDRING.—On Aug. 7, 1917, Henry J. Oldring, in his 79th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 581 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Friday, Aug. 10, at 8:30 P. M.

OOTHOUT.—On Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, at 37 Madison Av., Julia, widow of Edward Oothout, in the 81st year of her age. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 10 o'clock.

OSTHAGEN.—Christoph, suddenly, Aug 5, father of Alma Michaelsen, in his 55th year. Funeral services, 1 P. M. today, at his late home, 201 West 135th.

PENDLETON.—Tuesday, Aug. 7, 1917, Clara Thorpe Pendleton, wife of Frederick S. Pendleton and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stevens Thorpe, aged 38 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 708 East 19th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, 8:15 P. M. Cleveland papers please copy.

PINCHOT.—Aug. 7, at Milford, Penn., newborn son of Gifford and Cornelia Bryce Pinchot.

POWELL.—On Eighth month, 6th, at Chatham, N. Y., Jonathan R. Powell, in the 90th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence in Chatham on Fourth day, at 1:30 P. M.

RANDALL.—On Aug. 7, 1917, James Randall, in his 83d year. Services will be held at the residence of his son, Rufus R. Randall, 1,810 Topping Av., Bronx, Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

RICH.—On Tuesday, Aug. 7, 1917, at her residence, 669 West 180th St., Therese Picard, widow of Theodore D. Rich. Funeral and interment at convenience of family.

Died.

ROSENBUSH.—David, Temple Beth Emeth of Flatbush: The Board of Trustees, with deep regret, announce the death of David Rosenbush, our Vice President and a Founder of our congregation. We shall miss him in our councils. His sterling worth, high character, loyal friendship, calm judgment, and deep devotion to our institution will keep his memory living in the hearts of his colleagues and in the annals of our temple. May peace be his eternal reward.

WILLIAM GOLDSCHMIDT, President.
MEYER YONDORF, Hon. Secretary.

ROSENFELD.—Suddenly, on Aug. 7, 1917, Rose, beloved wife of David and devoted mother of Dora Engel and Harry Rosenfeld, at her residence, 1,804 7th Av. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SCIAMA.—Henry Blumenfeld Sciama, in Paris, on Aug. 6, 1917.

WALLER.—On Monday, Aug. 6, 1917, Charles F. Waller, aged 54 years. Private funeral services at Fahrchild's, Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 2 P. M. Interment at Greenwood.

WILLIAMS.—At Ardmore, Penn., Aug. 5, 1917, Margaret Macdonald, widow of Edward W. Williams, and mother of Mrs. Edwin A. Fitts and Mrs. George H. Edwards. Services will be held at the residence of Mrs. George H. Edwards, 1,707 Ditmas Av., Flatbush, N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

WILLIAMS.—Suddenly, at Orient, L. I., on Aug. 6, 1917, Gertrude Byrd Williams, daughter of the late Henry S. and Annie M. Williams. Funeral services private.

BOLD.—Louis H., 3,240 3d Av., Aug. 5, aged 61. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

CURTIS.—Kitty A., 25 7th St., Aug. 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DALY.—James F., 128 East 98th St., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DUGGAN.—Patrick, 253 Clinton St., Aug. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

FITZGIBBONS.—Ellen, 511 West 157th St., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FLOOD.—William, 688 9th Av., Aug. 5, aged 55. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

GAVAGAN.—Catherine C., 500 West 34th St., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 9:45 A. M.

HURLEY.—Margaret, 262 West 15th St., Aug. 5, aged 28. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LEAVY.—James D., 353 West 51st St., Aug. 5. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

LIEBLING.—William, German Hospital, Aug. 7. Funeral private.

McELROY.—Mary C., 2,194 Bathgate Av., Aug. 5. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MAHLEY.—Cornelius B., Aug. 4. Funeral, 130 Greenwich Av., today, 2 P. M.

MORITZ.—Augusta P., 310 East 120th St., Aug. 5. Funeral private.

O'CONNELL.—Denis, Aug. 5. Funeral, 874 Lexington Av., today, 9:30 A. M.

SIMPKINS.—Mary, 2,258 Creston Av., Aug. 6. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

WARD.—Mary Osborne, 2,248 Webster Av., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

CARLSEN.—Svende Christian, 179 St. Mark's Av., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

CONRAD.—Dorothy M., 1,940 79th St., Aug. 6, aged 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COWAN.—Peter, 24 Butler St., Aug. 5. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

CRABTREE.—George Henry, 2,188 Fulton St., Aug. 5. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

DIEM.—Carolina, 84 4th Av., Aug. 6. Funeral service today, 8 P. M.

DOOLEY.—James S., 954 Rogers Av., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DURSA.—Joseph, 1088 Somers St., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FORRESTER.—William M., 131 Johnson St., Aug. 6. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HARDT.—Arthur M., 228 Union Av., Aug. 5. Funeral today.

LINGER.—Frederick C., 35 Vernon Av., Aug. 6, aged 24. Funeral services today, 8 P. M.

McPARTLAND.—Patrick, 111 Engert Av., Aug. 6, aged 60. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Mrs. Matilda, 217 Ralph Av., Aug. 6. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Philip Francis, 989 St. John's Place, Aug. 5. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

RANKIN.—Theresa

YANKEES ATTAIN EVEN BREAK IN SERIES WITH TIGERS, TAKING LAST GAME

DONOVAN IN HIDING AS YANKS TRIUMPH

Banished Manager Sits Behind Sparrow While Shawkey Baffles Tigers, 7 to 1.

HOME-RUN HITTERS ACTIVE

Pipp and Baker End Batting Slump by Breaking Up Perfectly Good Pitching Battle.

Wild Bill Donovan's absence is still lending enchantment to the Yankees. The enchantment assumed the proportions of a 7 to 1 defeat for the Detroit Tigers up at the Polo Grounds yesterday. Wild Bill's exile is still in vogue.

Just how long a sentence he will have to serve for talking too often to Umpire Bill Dineen, Donovan doesn't know, but one thing he does know, and that is, whenever he has any ideas he wishes to convey to Dineen in the future he is going to write him a letter.

Donovan wanders around the Polo Grounds now disguised as an ordinary citizen. Yesterday he sat in the press box before the game, but as soon as the umpires made their appearance Donovan started to travel as if the Sheriff were after him. When a manager is suspended he is supposed to keep out of sight. It was up to Bill to hide, so he went up in the stand and sat behind Harry Sparrow. Sitting behind Mr. Sparrow constitutes a complete case of disappearance any time.

The ball game started out like an airtight pitchers' battle between Bob Shawkey and George Cunningham, but as the sun drew near the western horizon the Detroit pitcher's slants were stripped of their trickery and the Yanks won the game hands down by shoving the ball to the several corners of the meadows.

Baker and Pipp Hit Homers.

Two of the shoves commanded more than ordinary attention, as they were home-run smashes by Baker and Pipp. Both Pipp and Baker have called off their vacations, and, after several games of rest, have resumed their hitting. Pipp got two singles yesterday aside from the homer.

Ty Cobb, the greatest batter on this hemisphere or any other, couldn't do much with Shawkey, and he didn't get a hit until the ninth, when he planked a steaming liner against the right field wall. Hendryx played the carom perfectly and Cobb had to scramble to get back to first when he had every intention in the world of taking a trip around to third at least.

They can't lay the blame of yesterday's defeat to Jennings's coaching, for Hughey chanted all his signals in a Madagascar dialect, pulled up the sods, kicked his heels in the air, and worked just as much Hindu magic as ever, but the Tigers refused to respond. George Burns, the Tiger first baseman, who has been lacing the ball hard, was halted suddenly by Shawkey. The secret of Burns's hitting has been a small horseshoe which he carries in his back pocket. He forgot to carry the horseshoe yesterday, consequently no hits.

Tigers First to Score.

Shawkey kept his curves in the dark for four innings, the only hit in that time being made by Heilman, who planked a single to centre in the second. After Heilman and Burns had died on foul flies in the fifth Pep Young sent a lazy bouncer through the infield. Archie Yelle smashed a single to left, sending Young to third. Cunningham then showed that he can hit as well as pitch, his single to left scoring Young.

Only a dozen Yank batsmen faced Cunningham in the first four innings, ten of the twelve being put out by George Burns at first. Oscar Vitt, at third, contributed dazzling support, peeling off a gem of a play in the fourth when Maisel sent a hot grounder to deep third. Vitt grabbed the ball, which was going so fast that it swung him all the way around, but he got the runner on a beautiful throw.

The first Yankee hit came to light in the fifth, when Pipp poled a single to centre. Baker drew a pass and Marsans sacrificed both citizens along a station. While Bush was tossing out Miller Pipp romped over with the tally which glued up the score.

In the seventh Walter Pipp decided that the tie game had gone about far enough, so he pickled the first ball Cunningham pitched to him into the right field stand and shoved the Yanks to the fore.

Walters Starts Fireworks.

Walters took Vitt completely by surprise in the eighth when he laid a neat little bunt along the third-base line for a hit. Shawkey sacrificed and Tim Hendryx spanked a bounder right back of third. Vitt made a flying leap to get Walters sliding into the bag, but Albert was too spry for him. Maisel operated the squeeze play, and Walters naturally seized upon the opportunity to score, Hendryx going to second, and Maisel being out at first.

Peckinpaugh cracked a single to left, Hendryx beating Veach's throw to the plate by the wink of an eye. Pipp jammed his third hit of the day to right, Peck scooting over the pan.

Home Run Baker brought heaps of joy to the effervescent fans when he shot a bowling homer into the upper tier of the grandstand, Pipp blazing the trail home for him. That was five hits and five runs for that inning, which ought to be enough to suit anybody, so Marsans ended the festivities by hoisting a simple pocket to Veach.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hendryx,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Maisel,2b	3	0	1	2	5
Peckinp,ss	4	1	1	0	4
Pipp,1b	4	3	3	12	1
Baker,3b	3	1	1	1	1
Marsans,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Miller,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Walters,c	3	1	1	5	0
Shawkey,p	2	0	0	1	2
Total	29	7	7	27	11

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush,ss	4	0	0	0	2
Vitt,3b	4	0	0	0	5
Cobb,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Beach,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Heilman,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Burns,1b	3	0	0	18	0
Young,2b	3	1	1	0	2
Yelle,c	3	0	1	8	0
Cun'gham,p	3	0	1	0	5
Total	31	1	5	24	14

Error—Young.

New York	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	—7
Detroit	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1

Home runs—Pipp, Baker. Sacrifice hits—Marsans, Shawkey, Maisel. Double play—Peckinpaugh and Pipp. Left on bases—New York, 2; Detroit, 3. First base on errors—New York, 1. Base on balls—Off Cunningham, 1. Earned runs—Off Cunningham, 7; Shawkey, 1. Struck out—By Shawkey, 3; Cunningham, 5. Time—1 hour 54 minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Dineen.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT NEWARK.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—4	10	3
Newark	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3	14	2

AT RICHMOND.

Richmond	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3		—4	9	0
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—3	8	0

AT PROVIDENCE.

Toronto	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3	12	4
Providence	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	6	2

AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0		—6	10	2
Rochester	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2	5	1

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Providence	62	42	.596
Baltimore	62	44	.585
Newark	60	48	.588
Toronto	62	46	.574
Rochester	50	58	.463
Buffalo	46	62	.426
Richmond	41	63	.394
Montreal	42	67	.385

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Montreal at Newark.
Toronto at Providence.
Buffalo at Richmond.
Rochester at Baltimore.

New York State League.

Syracuse, 8; Scranton, 2.
Binghamton, 3; Reading, 2.
Wilkes-Barre, 5; Elmira, 1.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 2 games; first game 3:15 P. M. New York Americans vs. Cleveland. Polo Grounds. Admission 50c. —Adv.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 7; Detroit, 1.
Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 1.
Boston, 8; Cleveland, 6.
Washington, 3; St. Louis, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 4; Cincinnati, 2.
Boston at Pittsburgh.
(Postponed; rain.)
Philadelphia at Chicago.
(Postponed; rain.)

Standing of the Clubs.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	66	39	.629
Boston	61	39	.610
Cleveland	56	50	.528
Detroit	54	49	.524
New York	52	48	.520
Washington	45	57	.441
Philadelphia	37	61	.378
St. Louis	38	66	.365

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	62	31	.667
Philadelphia	50	42	.543
St. Louis	55	47	.539
Cincinnati	55	52	.514
Brooklyn	48	49	.495
Chicago	51	52	.495
Boston	41	53	.436
Pittsburgh	31	67	.316

Where They Play Today.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland at New York.
(Two games; first at 1:45.)
Detroit at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Cincinnati.

BOSTON BEATS CLEVELAND.

Red Sox Gain Victory, 8 to 6, In Heavy-Hitting Contest.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Boston split even with Cleveland in the series which closed today by winning the final game, 8 to 6.

Speaker and Harris each made three hits, while Boehling was driven from the box in the seventh, when four runs were scored after two were out. Shore was hit freely in the seven innings he pitched.

The score:

BOSTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh,cf	3	1	1	3	0
Barry,2b	3	1	1	0	4
Hendryx,rf	2	2	2	1	4
Gardner,3b	3	0	1	2	4
Hooper,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Lewis,rf	3	2	2	1	0
Scott,ss	4	0	1	0	3
Agnew,c	4	1	1	4	0
Shore,p	2	0	0	1	1
Jones,p	0	0	0	1	1
aWalker	1	1	1	0	0
Coumbe,p	0	0	0	0	1
bSmith	0	1	1	0	0
Deberry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	8	10	27	13

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	5	0	0	1	0
Chapman,ss	4	1	2	3	2
Speaker,cf	3	2	2	3	0
Roth,rf	5	0	0	3	0
Harris,1b	4	1	3	9	1
Wambs'g,2b	4	1	2	2	2
Evans,3b	3	0	1	0	2
Billings,c	3	0	0	2	1
O'Neill,c	0	0	0	0	1
Boehling,p	3	0	1	1	2
cWalker	1	0	0	0	1
bSmith	1	1	1	0	0
Deberry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	11	24	12

a Batted for Shore in seventh.
b Batted for O'Neill in ninth.
c Batted for Coumbe in ninth.
Errors—Agnew, Speaker, Evans, Coumbe.

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	2	—8	
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	—6

Two-base hits—Speaker, Harris, Chapman. Three-base hit—Lewis. Stolen bases—Chapman, Speaker, Walsh. Sacrifice hits—Barry, Evans, Scott, Jones. Sacrifice fly—Hooper. Double play—Jones and Gainer. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Cleveland, 7. First on errors—Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Shore, 2; off Boehling, 3; off Coumbe, 2; off Jones, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Shore, 8 hits, 5 runs, in 7 innings; off Jones, 3 and 1 in 2; off Boehling, 7 and 6 in 6 2-3; off Coumbe, 3 and 1 in 1 1-3. Struck out—By Shore, 3; by Jones, 1. Wild pitch—Boehling. Time—2 hours 15 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty and Evans.

MILAN'S TRIPLE WINS GAME.

Scores Three Runs and Senators Beat Browns by 3 to 2.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Washington made it three out of four by defeating St. Louis today, 3 to 2. Groom and Koob held the locals to four hits, but Milan's triple with the bases full in the third won the game.

The score:

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Menosky,lf	3	1	0	1	1
Shanks,ss	4	0	0	2	4
Milan,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Rice,rf	3	0	0	2	1
Foster,3b	3	0	0	2	5
Morgan,2b	3	0	1	3	4
Gharrity,1b	3	0	1	14	0
Ainsmith,c	3	1	1	2	0
Shaw,p	1	1	0	0	2
Dumont,p	1	0	0	0	2
Total	27	3	4	27	19

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotton,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Smith,cf	4	0	1	5	1
Sisler,1b	3	1	2	8	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	1	0	2
Sloan,rf	2	0	0	3	0
Severeid,c	4	0	1	4	2
Austin,3b	3	0	0	2	2
Lavan,ss	3	0	0	2	1
Groom,p	2	1	1	0	2
aRumler	1	0	0	0	0
Koob,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	2	7	24	9

a Batted for Groom in eighth.

Washington	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	x	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Smith, Groom. Three-base hits—Milan, Pratt. Sacrifice hit—Pratt. Double plays—Shanks and Foster; Menosky, Shanks and Morgan. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Washington, 3. Bases on balls—Off Shaw, 1; Groom, 2; Koob, 1; Dumont, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Shaw, 7 hits, 2 runs in 4 2-3 innings; Groom, 4 and 3 in 7; Dumont, 0 and 0 in 4 1-3; Koob, 0 and 0 in 1. Struck out—By Groom, 3; Dumont, 2; Koob, 1. Time—1 hour 40 minutes. Umpires—Owens and Nallin.

MACKS LUCKY IN SEVENTH.

Score Six Runs on White Sox After Schalk's Error.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 7.—Philadelphia hit the ball safe in every inning today and defeated Chicago, 8 to 1. Runs were hard to get for the home team, however, until two men were out in the seventh inning. Then no runs would have resulted but for Schalk dropping a throw to retire Strunk at the plate. Philadelphia then knocked Faber off the rubber and kept up the bombardment on Danforth, six runs being secured in this session on seven successive hits, two bases on balls and an error.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,rf	5	1	3	0	0
Grover,2b	5	0	2	0	1
Bodie,lf	4	0	2	6	0
Bates,3b	3	0	0	0	3
Strunk,cf	4	2	2	4	0
McInnis,1b	5	1	2	14	0
Meyer,c	1	1	1	8	2
Witt,ss	5	2	4	1	3
Schauer,p	4	1	1	0	3
Total	40	8	19	27	10

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Weaver,3b	4	0	0	1	3
Collins,2b	3	1	0	1	4
Jackson,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Felsch,cf	3	0	1	0	0
Gandil,1b	3	0	0	9	0
Jordan,1b	1	0	0	1	0
Risberg,ss	3	0	0	2	4
Schalk,c	3	0	1	6	1
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	1
Danforth,p	2	0	0	0	0
Williams,p	0	0	0	0	0
aMurphy	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	4	24	11

a Batted for Danforth in eighth.
Error—Schalk.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	—8
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Jamieson, Grover. Stolen bases—Collins, Felsch, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Bates, Schauer. Double play—Collins, Risberg, and Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 14. Struck out—By Faber, 5; Schauer, 2. Bases on balls—Off Faber, 2; Danforth, 2; Schauer, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Faber, 15 hits, 2 runs, in 6 2-3 innings; Danforth, 2 and 0 in 1-3; Williams, 2 and 0 in 1; Schauer, 4 and 1 in 9. Time—2 hours 12 minutes. Umpires—Connolly and Hildebrand.

Eastern League.

Bridgeport, 7; Hartford, 6.
New London, 3; New Haven, 2.
(First game.)
New Haven, 8; New London, 0.
Lawrence, 7; Portland, 3.
Worcester, 3; Springfield, 2.

Southern Association.

Mobile, 4; Memphis, 1.
Memphis, 7; Mobile, 6.
Atlanta, 5; Nashville, 1.
Atlanta, 8; Nashville, 0.
New Orleans, 7; Little Rock, 3.
Chattanooga, 8; Birmingham, 2.

American Association.

Louisville, 8; Indianapolis, 1.
Columbus, 11; Toledo, 1.

GIANTS TAKE FINAL BATTLE FROM REDS

Wingo's Foul Saves New York from Longer Argument and Gives Victory by 4 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 7.—Costly wabbles by McKechnie and Groh, together with hard-luck hitting by the locals, enabled the Giants to tuck away the fourth and final contest of the present series today by the score of 4 to 2. McKechnie's two errors in the fifth inning were directly responsible for the tying of the score, and Groh's untamed toss in the eighth started the enemy away to the last of its runs.

Added to this crumbling of the Reds' defense was unfortunate hitting of the locals. Wallop after wallop was either driven right at some Giant outfielder for an easy out, or else a circus catch stopped the attack. In the ninth inning Magee was out. Neale singled to centre. Thorpe batted for Shean and placed a safe one in right, Neale going to third. With Wingo up, a triple meant a tied score, a home run a victory. On the first ball pitched by Demaree, Wingo swung and met the ball right upon its nose, but it dropped foul.

The foul had its influence, as Demaree, who had pitched good ball for the Giants, was waved away, and Rube Benton was called. Clarke substituted for Wingo and fanned, leaving the Giants with victory achieved.

Schneider pitched a nice game of ball for the Reds, and would have won with better support. For six innings he held the Giants to three hits, and they would never have seen the plate in this time but for McKechnie's two boots in the fifth. On the other hand, the locals hit Demaree hard, but not effectively.

Cincinnati scored first. Magee opened the second with a line drive into Robertson's hands. Neale batted a single to Zim. Shean filed to Burns. Wingo hammered a long double to right centre, Neale scoring. Fletcher threw out Schneider.

This slender lead was safe until the fifth. With one out, Holke singled to centre. He tried to steal and was out a mile had not McKechnie dropped the ball. Raridan rolled to McKechnie and again Mac erred, throwing high to Groh trying for Holke at third. Demaree then hit a sacrifice fly to Roush, Holke scoring. Groh threw out Burns.

Nothing happened on either side thenceforth until the seventh, when the Giants went ahead. Fletcher tripled to the fence, and at once scored on Herzog's single to right. Holke popped to Shean, Robertson died stealing, and Groh threw out Raridan.

The eighth saw the Giants get two more. With one out, Groh made a circus stop of Wambsganss, but threw over Chase's head, Burns reaching second. Herzog popped to Shean. Kauff sent a double to centre, Burns scoring. Zim singled to centre, Bennie coming in. Shean threw out Fletcher.

Ring pitched for the Giants and the Reds, and although hit by Holke and Raridan, got by nicely by fanning Demaree and getting Burns on a roller to second.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,1f	5	1	1	4	0
Herzog,2b	4	0	0	2	1
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	3	0
Zim'man,3b	4	0	2	1	2
Fletcher,ss	4	1	1	1	2
Robertson,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Holke,1b	4	1	2	8	0
Raridan,c	3	0	1	7	0
Demaree,p	3	0	0	0	1
Benton,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	4	9	27	7

CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh,3b	4	0	1	1	3
McK'nie,ss	4	0	0	1	1
Roush,cf	4	0	3	3	0
Wingo,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Magee,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Neale,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Shean,2b	3	0	0	4	5
Thorpe,2b	0	0	1	0	0
Schneider,c	2	0	1	0	0
Ring,p	0	0	0	0	1
aReuther	1	0	1	0	0
bKopf	0	0	0	0	0
cThorpe	1	0	1	0	0
dClarke	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	9	27	12

a Batted for Schneider in eighth.
b Ran for Reuther in eighth.
c Batted for Shean in ninth.
d Batted for Wingo in ninth.
Errors—Groh, McKechnie. (2.)

New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Wingo, Roush, (2.) Kauff, Reuther. Three-base hit—Fletcher. Sacrifice fly—Demaree. Double play—Shean and Chase. Left on bases—New York, 6; Cincinnati, 6. First base on errors—New York, 2. Base on balls—Off Schneider, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Demaree, 9 hits, 2 runs, in 8 1-3 innings; Benton, 0 and 0 in 2-3; Schneider, 7 and 1 in 8; Ring, 2 and 0 in 1. Struck out—By Benton, 1; Schneider, 4; Ring, 1. Time—1 hour 59 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

OPEN NEW PUBLIC LINKS.

Forest Park Course, in Brooklyn, to be Dedicated Today.

The new Forest Park golf links, near Williamsburg, will be formally opened today, and it is expected Park Commissioner J. E. Weier of the Brooklyn Borough will drive the first ball over the new part of the course. The new links is a combination of the old course with four new holes added. It gives to Forest Park an eighteen-hole, all-hill course, declared to be one of the sportiest courses in the district.

The four new holes were laid out three years ago. At that time money was obtained by Commissioner Weier for clearing the ground. Later, more money was needed for removing stumps, plowing, seeding, and building tees and greens, and Commissioner Weier again came to the rescue.

With the golfers using the new course there has been released for playground purposes twenty acres of land lying along Ashland Avenue formerly used for golf. The building of the new holes was begun for this purpose, as the old holes by the park reached, but a little friction between players who insisted upon their rights and parents who insisted upon allowing their children to go upon the course.

Junior Golf Title Play Today.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—An entry of sixty-four players has been announced for the western junior golf championship, the qualifying round of which will be played tomorrow at Exmoor Country Club. Among the out-of-town entrants are Frederick B. Wright, Jr., of Albermarle, Mass., who is reported to be one of the best players in his section; R. Allen Haight of the Massapequa Club, New York, runner-up in the Eastern intercollegiate championship, and H. H. Dronberger, Jr., of Terre Haute, Ind.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE. – Maidens; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Home, Sweet Home, 105; Ivory, 105; Aris, 110; Dixie Lil, (imp.,) 115; Walnut Hall, (imp.,) 115; Verdant, (imp.,) 110; Cachet, 110; Buckboard, 115; Bar of Phoenix, 115; Flora Finch, 110; Pink Model, 110; Royal Quest, 110; Sir Jodel, 110; Master Karma, 115; Naturalist, (imp.,) 115; Mountain Rose II., (imp.,) 115; Gun Rock, (imp.,) 115; Moratorium, (imp.,) 115; Fuiaski, 115; Max Meadows, 115; Bierman, (imp.,) 115; Icarus, 115; Nutmeg, 115.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase; selling; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. †Keiper, 130 pounds; Bamboo, 140; †Black Earn, (imp.,) 141; Syosset II., 151; Rock Fish, 145; †urraghleen, 131; Rhomb, 145; Bally Bay, 145.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Tinc-a-Ling, 113 pounds; *First Ballot, 95; *Thunder Nighter, 105; *Cleek, 115; *Mother Machree, 95; *Dan, 105; Plumose, 108; *Voluspa, 108; Ambrose, 118; *Passing Fancy, 100; *Precise, 100; Hanobala, 105; *Thornhill, 113; Plaudito, 113; *Zamora, 100; Deer Trap, 110, Canon Bridge, (imp.,) 108; Meadowrith, 113.

FOURTH RACE.—The Alabama; fillies; three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. Sunbonnet, (imp.,) 124 pounds; Hathor, (imp.,) 114; Star Maid 114; Fairy Wand, 114; Queen of the Water, 114; Wistful, 124; Bella Desmond, (imp.,) 117; Columbine, 117; Golden Rod, 114; Julia Leon, 124.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; one mile. Hank O'Day, 126 pounds; Sandstone II., (imp.,) 100; Holiday, 105; Flittergold, 106; Garbage, 106; Fizz, 103; Big Smoke, 119; Chiclet, (imp.,) 117; Duetiste, (imp.,) 100; Bally, 102; Daddy's Choice, 100; Viewpoint, 102; Hendrie, 116.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; five and a half furlongs. Golden Glow, 105 pounds; High Cost, 122; Atalanta, 111; Narosia, (imp.,) 106; American, 114; Compadre, 110; Subadar, 105; Peerless Quo, 114, Plum, 115; Empress, 111; Salvestra, 111; Thistle, 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
†Two pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

SARATOGA HORSE DOCTORED

Sponge Found Forced Up Nose of Imperator, Which Lost.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 7.—The usual scandal which accompanies the racing here was made public today, when it was learned that the Stewards were investigating a race held last Friday in which the favorite, St. Tolon's Imperator, was badly beaten and the race was won by the second choice, Kings Oak.

The owner and trainer of Imperator could not understand the poor showing of their entry, and Dr. McCully was called in. The veterinarian discovered that a sponge had been forced up the nose of the horse. It took him some time to extract the sponge with forceps.

There was no suspicion that any one in the stable had been guilty of the action, and after an inquiry lasting until this afternoon the Stewards were unable to place the blame on any one.

YEARLINGS BRING $49,050.

Two Colts Sold for $5,000 Each at Saratoga Auction.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 7.—Another successful yearling sale was held today by the Powers-Hunter Company in the paddock at the track prior to the races. The horses disposed of were from the studs of Charles W. Moore and C. McDowell. A total of $49,050 was realized for the thirty-five youngsters sold.

Two exceptional colts were included in the lot and they brought $5,000 each. Samuel D. Riddle bought a chestnut son of The Manager-Lady Locket for the top price and Walter M. Jeffords bought the other $5,000 beauty, a son of Toddington-Understudy. The sales for more than $500 follow:

B. f., by McGee-Jessie L.; J. W. May, $2,800
B. c., by the Manager-Acushla; M. L. Schwartz 2,500
B. c., by the Manager-Alen Arka; Samuel D. Riddle 3,800
Ch. f., by the Manager-Applause; Gwynn R. Tompkins 750
B. c., by Sain-Belle of Ashland; Thomas Welch 4,100
Ch. c., by the Manager-Caution; L. B. Combs 600
B. c., by the Manager-Fleeting Fashion; Oneck Stable 650
Ch. c., by Stalwart-Gossip; D. A. Dudley 650
Ch. c., by the Manager-Lady Locket; Samuel D. Riddle 5,000
Ch. c., the Manager-Mirth; William Travers 1,000
Ch. c., by Transvaal-Miss Bellamy; William Jennings 500
Ch. c., by Balict-Schoolmistress; W. M. Jeffords 4,100
Ch. c., by Toddington-Understudy; W. M. Jeffords 5,000
B. c., by Golden Maxim-Lily Mac; Thomas Monaghan 2,000
Ch. f., Golden Maxim-Diamonds and Rubies; Clifford Hammon 1,550
B. c., by Golden Maxim-Bright Stone; George Baker 500
B. f., by Peep o' Day-Gold of Ophir; M. L. Schwartz 800
B. f., by Sweep-Ballet Girl; Schuyler L. Parsons 1,000
B. f., by Madrigallan or His Majesty-Fanchette; M. L. Schwartz 1,000
Br. c., by Sweep-Raiment; D. A. Dudley 3,500
Br. f., by Sweep-Eyelet; G. W. Loft 1,100
Ch. c., by Eyebrow-Sweet Majorie; Brighton Stable 600
Br. f., by Jack Pott-Buttonhole; E. J. Rogan 700

BLUES TRIUMPH AT POLO.

Rumson Sees Exciting Match Between Local Players.

Special to The New York Times.

RUMSON, N. J., Aug. 7.—By a margin of 1¼ points the Rumson Blues defeated the Whites in a fast polo match played here today. The final score was 8¾ to 7½ goals. Long drives to clever goals by William Balding and Berens Waters of the Blues, and by Earl Hopping of the Whites, together with the all-around play of Howard S. Borden, featured.

The summary:

BLUES.	WHITES.
1—Berens Waters.	1—Thomas F. Field.
2—A. S. H. Jones.	2—J. C. Cooley.
3—William Balding.	3—Earl Hopping.
Back—H. S. Borden.	Back—Ford Johnson.

Goals—Waters, 4; Borden, 4; Balding, 2; Hopping, 3; Cooley, 3; Field, 1; Johnson, 1. Fouls—Blues, 2; Whites, 1¼. Safety—Blues, ¼. Referee—William G. Stonebridge.

TOO FAST FOR BUSY'S LASSIE

Early Dreams Defeats Her for the Rich Columbus Stakes.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 7.—Busy's Lassie, conceded before the event to have almost a strangle hold on the big end of the purse in the $5,000 S. and S. stake for 2:12 trotters, was beaten today in the feature event by Early Dreams, thus losing her second important stake of the Grand Circuit year.

Busy's Lassie, selling a big favorite in the pools, trotted the first heat in 2:04¼, this being the fastest mile trotted in 1917 in a race. Early Dreams won the second heat in precisely the same time, and captured the third heat in 2:06¼. Busy's Lassie showed signs of tiring, and she was not a contender from that time on. Ima Jay, making her first start of the year, got away into a lead in the fourth heat, and won handily in the drive. Early Dreams was driven hard all the way in the fifth mile, and beat Ima Jay by two lengths.

Mr. McDonald was presented with a silver trophy for driving the fast winner in this new Columbus stake event.

The second race on the card developed the strongest betting of the meeting. Butt Hale sold for $300 in pools that were going for $220 on the field. The favorite made good and never was in danger of being headed. Driver Cox was fined $25 for not trying to win the first heat.

The 2:13 trot was an easy win for the Toddler, driven by Valentine.

Ben Billings, winner of 2:14 pace at Kalamazoo, was taken sick with the distemper, and will not be able to race for several weeks. Peter Look, who had an attack of congestion of the lungs, was improved today.

The summaries:

THE S. and S. 2:12 CLASS.
Trotting; purse, $5,000; best three in five.

Early Dreams, b. g., by Richard Earl, (McDonald)	3	1	1	2	1
Busy's Lassie, b. m., by Peter the Great, (Cox)	1	2	4	4	3
Ima Jay, b. m., by Jay McGregor, (Ernest)	4	4	7	1	2
W. J. Leyburn, br. h., (Ge

NEW YORK MEN WHO HAVE ACCEPTED SERVICE IN THE NATIONAL ARMY

THE LISTS HERE PUBLISHED INCLUDE ALL THE ACCEPTANCES OBTAINABLE LAST NIGHT FROM THE DISTRICT BOARDS IN SESSION IN MANHATTAN, THE BRONX, BROOKLYN, AND QUEENS.

Reports received yesterday from seventy-eight Exemption Boards in the city showed that 8,526 men had been examined and that 1,662 of them had waived exemption after passing the examination, making an average of nearly twenty-two men accepted by each board.

The following districts reported yesterday without giving the names of men who passed the physical examination and waived exemption:

No. 48, Manual Training High School, Brooklyn, examined 140, of whom 36 waived exemption after passing the physical examination; No. 98, P. S. 174, Rivington and Attorney Streets, examined 166 men, and only three who passed physically waived exemption; No. 130, 257 West 100th Street, examined 429 men, of whom 195 waived exemption after qualifying in the examination; No. 167, at Madison Avenue and 129th Street, examined 350, of whom 61 passed the examination and waived exemption.

Under the caption "Yesterday's Report," the results of the work in each district heard from are shown. Opposite the word "examined" in each case is the number of men who came before the board for physical examination. Opposite "exempted" is the number of men who, because of public service automatically making them unavailable for the draft army, foreign birth, or physical disability, were rejected or excused by the examiners. Opposite "claiming exemption" is the number of men who were found physically and otherwise acceptable for service in the draft army but announced their intention of claiming exemption. Opposite "not claiming" is the number of men who were physically fit and willing to fight in the draft army.

It should be noted that many of those claiming exemption may be drafted into the army, their claims being denied, and that others not now claiming exemption may change their minds and seek exemption within the five-day period allowed for the filing of exemption claims.

The Draft Situation to Date.

	Districts.	Quota.	Districts Heard From.	Accepted to Date.
Bronx	22	4,741	17	798
Brooklyn	66	13,848	33	2,114
Manhattan	82	16,463	61	3,104
Queens	15	3,053	9	530
Richmond	4	760	3	227
Total	189	38,865	123	6,773

Some Official Returns.

Below are the official returns made by forty-two Exemption Districts to Deputy Attorney General Roscoe Conkling up to midnight last night:

District	Total Called.	Examined to date	Exempted to date	Physically qualified	Accepted to date	Exemptions filed	Enrolled Without Reservation	Total Called.	Examined to date	Physically qualified	Accepted to date	Exemptions filed	Enrolled Without Reservation
17	883	615	443	150	290	150	108	500	350	..	33	103	33
18	486	197	113	30	106	30	110	366	246	172	25	150	25
36	480	220	130	69	65	69	111	338	..	..	..	..	..
45	582	257	135	..	88	122	112	433	375	250	40	210	40
48	486	273	148	75	78	46	113	402	327	224	..	182	67
49	476	185	102	55	61	55	114	547	375	..	24	150	24
50	550	400	220	..	100	135	115	546	300	198	20	..	20
51	480	377	158	..	204	53	117	775	353	..	45	224	45
52	388	296	179	17	159	17	121	400	325	190	..	122	68
56	475	91	57	28	99	28	123	500	450	210	73	137	73
60	750	375	220	..	175	34	125	872	224	147	..	..	15
62	500	373	155	..	133	64	126	616	400	..	..	155	96
71	780	..	..	..	..	50	128	394	80	..	..	..	22
90	510	500	330	50	450	50	129	760	282	..	..	..	53
95	500	310	200	..	..	30	152	364	307	48	...	159	48
97	1,100	378	216	57	..	57	158	310	97	47	19	50	19
99	1,200	276	72	..	..	16	159	946	350	210	..	121	92
103	444	324	198	..	180	12	160	404	346	175	..	..	15
104	426	350	..	31	..	31	161	600	350	290	..	320	30
105	600	350	220	..	..	60	164	800	400	160	67	150	67
106	500	88	..	..	..	6	166	1,050	600	420	100	320	100

BRONX.

DISTRICT NO. 4.
Longwood Avenue and Holly Street.
QUOTA, 204. ACCEPTED, 32.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....123 | Claiming exempt'n 88
Exempted..... 30 | Not claiming..... 1

MEN ACCEPTED.
Javitz, Oscar, 886 Leggett Av.
Schonover, Emil, 916 E. 153d St.
Samuels, Henry, 838 Beck St.
Luley, William, 853 Macy Place.
Einstein, Max, 785 Hewitt Place.

DISTRICT NO. 5.
1,025 East 163d Street.
QUOTA, 227. ACCEPTED, 31.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....143 | Claiming exempt'n. 76
Exempted..... 50 | Not claiming..... 12

MEN ACCEPTED.
Groenstein, Joseph, 879 Southern Boulevard.
Gohner, Martin F., 2,041 Powell Av.
Bayers, Martin, 1,004 Simpson St.
Smith, Richard, 157 Bond St.
Silbereisen, Adolph C., 2,139 Haviland Av.
Buckley, Daniel, 891 Southern Boulevard.
Gaffney, Raymond J., 1,221 Beach Av.
Shanklin, Victor, 1,100 Av. A.
Smelin, Benjamin, 835 Hunts Point Av.
Lehman, Sol, 988 Simpson St.
Meade, Allan, 2,116 Watson Av.
Sturzer, John C., 916 Kelly St.

DISTRICT NO. 12.
Morris High School.
QUOTA, 197. ACCEPTED, 20.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 67 | Claiming exempt'n. 69
Exempted..... 11 | Not claiming..... 17

MEN ACCEPTED.
Kleinman, Louis, 705 E. 166th St.
Reiss, Simon, 736 Howe St.
Palma, Lester, 1,150 Fox St.
Robinson, Leon Joseph, 1,099 Forrest Av.
Schindler, Richard A., 1,173 Union Av.
Nussdorf, Otto, 620 E. 168th St.
Kutes, Martin, 1,116 Tinton Av.
Aubrey, Henry, 1,116 Jackson Av.
Lester, Max, 1,125 Tinton Av.
Michaels, Herman, 815 E. 166th St.
Sazanti, John A., 991 Jackson Av.
Wagner, George L., 966 E. 166th St.
Blohm, John, 763 E. 165th St.
Lowenthal, Dr. A. L., 760 E. 168th St.
Van Prag, Edward, 950 Trinity Av.
Blaignano, Vincent, 826 E. 169th St.

DISTRICT NO. 13.
1,385 Prospect Av.
QUOTA, 211. ACCEPTED, 24.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 61 | Claiming exempt'n. 36
Exempted..... 17 | Not claiming..... 8

MEN ACCEPTED.
Reid, David, 1,464 Wilkins Av.
Nascri, Vincent, 1,229 Franklin Av.
Kelly, John J., 1,249 Fulton Av.
Atkin, Memarka, 1,348 Clinton Av.
Klein, Bert, 1,270 Stebbins Av.
Wallace, Max, 1,347 Prospect Av.
Brown, Abraham, 1,506 Crotona Park East.
Byrne, Philip J., 1,231 Tinton Av.

DISTRICT NO. 17.
183d St. and Beaumont Av.
QUOTA, 219. ACCEPTED, 143.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 95 | Claiming exempt'n. 41
Exempted..... 35 | Not claiming..... 19

MEN ACCEPTED.
Manginelli, Michele, 2,470 Arthur Av.
Pappas, Stathy, 754 E. Fordham Rd.
McCormack, Jos. J., 617 E. 182d St.
Polomba, Liboria, 2,311 Crotona Av.
Glassman, Charles, 2,312 Prospect Av.
Carra, Gaetano, 2,174 Hughes Av.
Murphy, George F., 2,421 Cambrelleng Av.
Tedesco, Louis, 2,136 Clinton Av.
Sivignano, Anillo, 2,474 Arthur Av.
Katz, Emil, 2,121 Belmont Av.
Macarello, Arcangelo, 2,425 Arthur Av.
Schoenfeld, Isidor, 2,312 Prospect Av.
Gallo, Michele, 2,500 Belmont Av.
Saracena, Anthony C., 761 E. 187th St.
Piro, Moriano V., 2,244 Beaumont Av.
Gallusso, Dominio J., 2,417 Cambrelleng Av.
Gold, Leo, 2,139 Clinton Av.
Cernice, Biagio, 500 E. 187th St.
Orisini, Paolo, 2,367 Hughes Av.

DISTRICT NO. 18.
169th St. and Ogden Av.
QUOTA, 214. ACCEPTED, 5.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....112 | Claiming exempt'n 0
Exempted..... 52 | Not claiming..... 5

MEN ACCEPTED.
Devlin, Alexander J., 963 Sherman Av.
Dupont, Julian, 967 Sherman Av.
Curley, Thomas A., 205 E. 162d St.
Mandel, Samuel, 967 Sherman Av.
Androvett, Eugene J., 308 E. 163d St.

DISTRICT NO. 19.
Claremont Park.
QUOTA, 209. ACCEPTED, 71.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 51 | Claiming exempt'n. 23
Exempted..... .. | Not claiming..... 6

MEN ACCEPTED.
Boylston, Martin L., 321 E. 169th St.
Friedman, Louis, 1,375 Washington Av.
Platt, Charles, 418 E. 170th St.
Sinclair, George E., 1,204 Findley Av.
Steinhauser, Emil, 1,473 Washington Av.
Levy, Harry, 427 E. 170th St.

DISTRICT NO. 20.
New York University.
QUOTA, 211. ACCEPTED, 27.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....125 | Claiming exempt'n. 72
Exempted..... 38 | Not claiming..... 20

MEN ACCEPTED.
Kass, Bennie, 415 Claremont Parkway.
Sticker, Walter G., 1,001 Walton Av.
Hite, Morris, 1,703 Washington Av.
Adams, Henry C., 1,000 Shakespeare Av.
Corcoran, Wm. E., 22 Mt. Hope Place.
Cavanagh, Joseph F., 1,382 Plimpton Av.
Rudd, Arthur C., 1,979 Morris Av.
Oettinger, Max L., 104 E. 175th St.
Goldberg, Philip P., 1,903 Davidson Av.
Newman, James P., 222 W. 178th St.
Kramer, Joseph, 1,703 Washington Av.
Rothen, Edw. C., 2,116 Harrison Av.
Barr, William, 1,636 Washington Av.
Rosenbaum, Norbert, 1,047 Washington Av.
Ladin, David F., 1,848 Mt. Hope Av.
McGowan, John M., 2,055 Davidson Av.
Klotz, Henry, 1,744 Washington Av.
Hoffman, Charles P., 1,903 Webster Av.
Nutt, Robert, Jr., 1,378 Nelson Av.
Puzzullo, Antonio, 1,699 Clay Av.

DISTRICT NO. 21.
Jerome Av. and 183d St.
QUOTA, 204. ACCEPTED, 84.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....111 | Claiming exempt'n.. 64
Exempted..... 28 | Not claiming..... 19

MEN ACCEPTED.
Higgins, Leo Vincent, 2,561 Webster Av.
Scully, Vincent A., 2,099 Webster Av.
Parento, Louis, 2,537 Hoffman St.
Berger, William M., 2,110 Anthony Av.
Cane, Leo V., 2,338 Webster Av.
Craniansky, Bernard, 2,537 Decatur Av.
Friedrick, William J., 2,400 Bathgate Av.
Salano, Edward, 2,437 Valentine Av.
Florito, Rocco, 2,400 Lorillard Place.
Ebert, George R., 2,372 Webster Av.
Simm, Michael F., 2,609 Bainbridge Av.
Palancia, Leopoldo, 966 East 187th St.
Liggino, Nicholas, 462 E. Fordham Road.
Gilaham, John H., 361 E. 188th St.
Dorrane, Courtland D., 2,408 Creston Av.
Kelly, Joseph F., 2,452 Washington Av.
Schubba, Silvino, 2,416 Hoffman St.
Bertram, Daniel B., 162 E. 104th St.
Dietz, William F. J., 2,650 Marion Av.

BROOKLYN.

DISTRICT NO. 25.
York and Bridge Sts.
QUOTA, 177. ACCEPTED, 17.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....180 | Claiming exempt'n ..
Exempted..... .. | Not claiming.....17

MEN ACCEPTED.
Aringhoff, Joseph, 26 Myrtle Av.
Greenthhoff, George F., 1,000 Bridge St.
Connors, Walter, 12 Vine St.
Dubanke, Harry, 161 Prospect St.
Bretle, Frederick, 1 Middagh St.
Giordiano, Bartolomeo, 99 High St.
Russo, Angelo, 10 Navy St.
Shultz, Adam, 11 Green Lane.
Malvasi, Luigi, 26 Johnson St.
Filosa, Salvatore, 239 High St.
D'Amato, Luigi, 195 Prospect St.
Ritzolante, John, 132 Hudson Av.
McDermott, William, 123 Jay St.
Seipione, Natalino, 94 Pearl St.
Tobin, Richard J., 96 Washington St.
Bradley, William, 64 Talman St.
Rush, William, 6 Henry St.

DISTRICT NO. 28.
105 Rapelyea St.
QUOTA, 220. ACCEPTED, 5.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....115 | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Exempted..... .. | Not claiming..... 5

MEN ACCEPTED.
Prince, William, 258 Conover St.
Bannon, Maurice, 114 Verona St.
Larsen, Louis, 189 Hamilton Av.
Vincenzo, Francesco, 110 Hamilton St.
Ryan, John, 114 Pioneer St.

DISTRICT NO. 32.
Patchen Avenue and Macon Street.
QUOTA, 223. ACCEPTED, 48.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....159 | Claiming exempt'n. 62
Exempted..... 49 | Not claiming..... 48

MEN ACCEPTED.
Zelowski, Tony, 424 Chauncey St.
Tynan, William, 781 Quincy St.
Severe, Arthur J., 90 Hopkinson Av.
Shillington, Harry, 753 McDonough St.
Lambert, W., 924 Madison St.
Pape, John C., 408 Chauncey St.
Reilly, John B., 592 Bainbridge St.
Hankel, Edward J., 900 Madison St.
Dietz, William F., 780 McDonough St.
Corbett, James L., 355 Chauncey St.
Whitehead, Frank P., 970A Gates Av.
Smith, Arthur H., 980 Putnam Av.
Stich, Henry J., 223 Chauncey St.
Eklund, Charles W., 102 Ralph Av.
Albers, Theodore C., 130 Marion St.
Bowman, Harry M., 823 Lexington Av.
Brennan, Frank S., 1,037 Putnam Av.
Baker, Claude, 746 McDonough St.
Martens, Fred, 706 McDonough St.
Shachner, Nathan, 1,072 Broadway.
Hussberger, George, 654A Halsey St.
Harbecke, Edeln S., 670 McDonough St.
Dunham, Lewis W., 549 McDonough St.
Saorry, Frank, 1,520 Broadway.
Pfann, George B., 275 Chauncey St.
Roesen, Robert H., 558 Decatur St.
Schivera, Robert, 723 Macon St.
Frasier, Wallace, 965 Quincy St.
George, John J., 284 Bainbridge St.
Snakenberg, John J., 969 Macon St.

Saresky, Samuel, 814 McDonough St.
Bores, William C., 459 Chauncey St.
Senns, Christopher, 773 Halsey St.
Ball, Robert H. E., 308 Chauncey St.
Lowenberg, Charles, 960 Jefferson Av.
Wood, Joseph, 140 Saratoga Av.
Wellinghasen, Albert C., 680 McDonough St.
Trougakos, George, 821 Quincy St.
Feldmann, George E., 410 Bainbridge St.
Brooker, Clifford D., 783 Hancock St.
Embleton, Edward, 751 Jefferson Av.
Farber, William H., 608 McDonough St.
Kraft, Henry G., 125 Ralph Av.
De Mitig, Nicholas, 988 Jefferson Av.
Flynn, Frank, 174 Ralph Av.
Lamphear, Ernest, 610 McDonough St.
Doyle, Joseph M., 806 Macon St.
Birney, Frank T., 426 Bainbridge St.

DISTRICT NO. 35.
325 Hart St.
QUOTA, 197. ACCEPTED, 14.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....180 | Claiming exempt'n. 82
Exempted..... 63 | Not claiming..... 11

MEN ACCEPTED.
Doll, Adam, Jr., 831 Willoughby Av.
Nelson, Harry, 11A Stuyvesant Av.
Buono, Julius, 829 Park Av.
Lewy, Arthur, 862 Broadway.
Hoffman, Jacob, 880 Park Av.
Staiges, Christ., Jr., 358 Vernon Av.
Braunstein, Louis, 928 Myrtle Av.
Ruttenberg, H. H., 119 Lewis Av.
Murphy, Edwin, 22 Stuyvesant Av.
McNeary, James, 14 Lewis Av.
Walters, John H., 52 Lewis Av.

DISTRICT NO. 36.
15th St. and 1st Av.
QUOTA, 240. ACCEPTED, 29.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....124 | Claiming exempt'n 47
Exempted..... 48 | Not claiming..... 29

MEN ACCEPTED.
Kauwin, Charles L., 182 11th St.
Commender, Arthur Edward, 254 19th St.
Hansen, Louis, 136 10th St.
Brown, James J., 584 Court St.
Kelly, James Bernard, 422 Prospect Av.
Lynch, John, 172 17th St.
Nelson, Peter Anton, 390 Prospect Av.
Tye, Walter, 16 16th St.
Radford, Robert, 161 10th St.
McGlynn, Thomas Francis, 30 Garnett St.
Fisher, Frederick H., 108 14th St.
Hussey, Edward, 519 Columbia St.
Miller, Anthony, 121 15th St.
Bielwas, Michael, 524 3d Av.
Gnavn, Stephen, 229A 17th St.
De Tomaso, Michael, 184 8th St.
Purpuro, Stephen, 351 18th St.
Kelly, William, 109 Bush St.
Civinski, Joseph, 340 17th St.
Zielinski, Leon, 128 17th St.
Valentine, William T., 115 Bush St.
Maxwell, Timothy, 113 Bush St.
Anderson, Andrew William, 393 Clinton St.
Orr, William Wallace, 117 Bush St.
Fander, Bruce, 529 18th St.
Lenny, John, 460 3d Av.
Feeney, Henry, 7158 Manson St.
Riehl, Vincent, 505 3d Av.
Burke, Walter, 59 Centre St.

DISTRICT NO. 39.
Hoyt and President Streets.
QUOTA, 221. ACCEPTED, 27.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....178 | Claiming exempt'n.108
Exempted..... 43 | Not claiming..... 27

MEN ACCEPTED.
Dunphy, James, 105 Third Place.
Dennigan, Patrick, 376 Sackett St.
Andreozi, Vincent, 309 Union St.
Casa, Andrew, 134 Butler St.
Baker, William V., 62 Butler St.
Martin, James J., 240 Hoyt St.
Perine, William F., 395 Carroll St.
Lelee, Louis, 41 Butler St.
Barba, Alfonso, 287 Third Av.
Antonino, Amato, 560 Union St.
Heaney, Andrew, 124 Second Place.
Canovari, Anthony, 354 Sackett St.
Safilppo, Domick, 137 Nelso St.
Gardelle, Alfonso, 285 Third Av.
Petersen, Ed., 154 Luquer St.
Bardella, August, 294 Degraw St.
Wernerspach, 186 8th St.
Martin, Peter, 249 Hoyt St.
Alaia, Nicholas, 510 President St.
Johnson, Reinhardt, 140 Second Place.
Larson, Andrew, 134 First Place.
Ferns, William A., 20 First St.
Doherty, John, 473 Sackett St.
Tregelo, Alex M., 148 Butler St.
Edwards, John J., 173 Butler St.
Stacey, Peter, 70 Fourth Place.
Barry, James J., 149 Douglas St.

DISTRICT NO. 42.
7th Av. and 71st St.
QUOTA, 231. ACCEPTED, 81.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....220 | Claiming exempt'n.110
Exempted..... — | Not claiming..... 36

MEN ACCEPTED.
Seaborg, Rudolph, 7,206 Fort Hamilton Av.
Reiman, Joseph A., 6,310 4th Av.
Fornquist, Andrew J., 761 41st St.
Hansen, August, 4,306 8th Av.
Tate, Robert W., M. D., 417 3d Av.
Murikahe, Gustave, 738 41st St.
Wallace, Spencer G., 221 72d St.
Warner, Waldo B., 785 58th St.
Guarascio, Frank, 6,123 Fort Hamilton Av.
Rafel, Ralph, 7,411 Fort Hamilton Av.
Young, David, Jr., 945 Bay Ridge Av.
Levy, Harry L., 430 Senator St.
Anderson, Gustav, 482 76th St.
Catolino, Joe, 6,622 St.
Garrison, Charles, 728 40th St.
Gribbon, Michael C., 6,120 7th Av.
Whitby, William F., 525 68th St.
Scarlett, James J., 856 50th St.
Connolly, Daniel M., 810 78th St.
Wesa, Matti I., 766 42d St.
Curtis, John J., 636 60th St.
Barry, Thomas F., 966 42d St.
Calegoro, Sedita, 4,903 7th Av.
Guellam, Baldassare, 4,210 8th Av.
McGarry, Edward M., 416 63d St.
Carmarda, Carmello, 645 65th St.
Montano, Angelo, 813 41st St.
Wagner, Andrew J., Jr., 445 64th St.
Roberts, Alexander, 774 54th St.
Garter, Herbert, 480 77th St.
Doherty, William J., 7,128 5th Av.
Nelson, Nels, 6,923 3d Av.
Cronin, Joseph V., 644 60th St.
Marcucci, Anthony, 6,205 9th Av.
Kucharski, Walter, 867 52d St.
Gunderson, James, 954 58th St.
Chestenor, Samuel H., 415 8th Av.

DISTRICT NO. 51.
144 Devoe Street, Brooklyn.
QUOTA, 240. ACCEPTED, 53.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....376 | Claiming exempt'n..204
Exempted.....19 | Not claiming..... 13

MEN ACCEPTED.
Liscano, Giuseppe, 30 Conselyea St.
Androsi, Charles, 35 Jackson St.
Susswick, George W., 562 Lorimer St.
Herman, Charles J., 298 Humboldt St.
Fortunato, S., 33 Frost St.
Moratto, R., 73 Jackson St.
Giffopo, Joseph, 20 Skillman Av.
McConnley, Edward, 196 Necker Av.
Jungenhelmer, Louis, 42 Broome St.
Moyer, George C., 624 Grand St.
Hoyt, Henry C., 659 Grand St.
Reftor, D., 274 Manhattan Av.
Giglio, Salvatore, 90 Meeker Av.
Varrissi, J., 37 Conselyea St.
Mea, Cono A., 20 Jackson St.
Di Sarli, Michele, 102 Frost St.
Dempsey, John, 66 Devoe St.
Culbert, John J., 99 Broome St.
Spinner, Charles, 279 Grand St.
Decker, Charles, 205 Powers St.
Dermody, Leo, 76 Devoe St.
Kopp, William E., 213 Ten Eyck St.
Glady, C. F., 702 Grand St.
Gentile, M., 39 Skillman Av.
Morrotta, Charles, 162 Powers St.
Concannon, F., 115 Engert Av.
Sturman, L., 656 Metropolitan Av.
Lockwood, E., 454 Lorimer St.
Denninger, Henry L., 136 Engert Av.
Ferraro, Andrew, 219 Driggs Av.
Wyeman, Joseph, 212 Maujer St.
Mattone, John, 74 Skillman Av.
Marncliella, Nicola, 74 Richardson St.
Langhans, Nicholas, 211 Powers St.
Sherbitsky, Anton, 530 Graham Av.
Hagmeyer, Joseph, 292 Manhattan Av.
Greitz, William, 194 Meeker Av.
Gose, John, 79 Maujer St.
Zuber, Victor, 318 Humboldt St.
Kramelunas, Joseph, 61 Ten Eyck St.
Walsh, Joseph J., 72 Powers St.
Reilly, William, 504 Graham Av.
Sharding, Joseph, 239 Leonard St.
Fackner, John F., Jr., 232 Ainslie St.
Zito, Ralph F., 19 Skillman Av.
Banister, Alfanso D., 150 Devoe St.
Dexlod, Joseph, 225 Driggs Av.
Hoff, Harry O., 18 Powers St.
Mittelstaedt, John, 553 Metropolitan Av.
Fleinderer, Jacob, Jr., 178 Maujer St.
Miller, Edward, 140 Powers St.
Velleher, Michael, 178 Devoe St.
Goldstein, Abraham, 549 Graham Av.

DISTRICT NO. 53.
Havemeyer and North Sixth Streets.
QUOTA, 180. ACCEPTED, 34.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....150 | Claiming exempt'n 51
Exempted..... 35 | Not claiming..... 34

MEN ACCEPTED.
Pesatowski, William, 62 Grand St.
Cogliano, John, 162 Hope St.

Kraus, William, 79 Metropolitan Av.
Owens, Charles, 58 No. 3d St.
Snedrowitz, Morris, 321 So. 1st St.
Barckus, Anthony, 24 Fillmore Place.
Xefteris, Constantine, 287 Bedford St.
Pugliese, John M., 224 No. 6th St.
Messing, Nathan, 16 Fillmore Place.
Crossteck, George, 62 No. 6th St.
Koskowitz, Harry, 364 So. 1st St.
Roodenburg, John H., 257 Wythe Av.
Morris, Peter, 71 No. 7th St.
Yochenson, Sal, 178 Grand St., Extension.
Socol, Ignatz, 319 So. 1st St.
Leiter, Thomas, 72 No. 8th St.
Burtzewicz, Frank, 185 Bedford Av.
Martin, Charles, 580 Driggs Av.
Christmas, Charles, 10 Fillmore Place.
Lenoci, Eugene, 54 Havemeyer St.
Milinkowitz, Simon, 130 No. 1st St.
Lattore, Ernst, 377 So. 1st St.
Sabatino, Alexandro, 103 Union Av.
Meagher, Edw. J., 183 Metropolitan Av.
Mickewieszins, Joseph, 89 No. 6th St.
Deptuch, Michael, 140 No. 4th St.
Pagnotta, Pietro, 342 Metropolitan Av.
Nolan, John F., 963 Wythe Av.
Dulinsko, William, 157 No. 4th St.
O'Hara, James, 163 No. 3d St.
Raubs, Michael, 154 Hope St.
Carrola, Tony, 221 No. 4th St.
Bielnial, Wladyslaw, 86 No. 3d St.
Castantior, Zirjunis, 24 Fillmore Place.

DISTRICT NO. 58.
Coney Island Av. and Avenue O.
QUOTA, 215. ACCEPTED, 71.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 12 | Claiming exempt'n 5
Exempted..... 8 | Not claiming..... 2

MEN ACCEPTED.
Hicks, Wilmer R., 2,309 1st St.
Kennelly, Thomas, 1,045 Flatbush Av.

DISTRICT NO. 63.
Throop and Putnam Avenues.
QUOTA, 201. ACCEPTED, 94.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 78 | Claiming exempt'n 33
Exempted..... 30 | Not claiming..... 13

MEN ACCEPTED.
Schoffel, Henry J., 511a Monroe St.
Walsh, John J., 538 Gates Av.
Kraft, George H., 310 Madison St.
Layland, Thomas, 917 Marcy Av.
Welder, Carl E., 736 Greene Av.
Seil, Frank, 471 Hancock St.
Maell, Max, 244 Sumner Av.
Meyerson, Oscar A., 245 Sumner Av.
Henderson, George Henry, 339 Jefferson Av.
Brunks, Henry J., 809 Nostrand Av.
Vona, Pasquale, 720 Lafayette Av.
Alexander, James K., Jr., 772 Greene Av.
Pogue, Raymond, 826 Lafayette Av.

DISTRICT NO. 65.
Schenectady Av. and Eastern P'kway.
QUOTA, 228. ACCEPTED, 46.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....201 | Claiming exempt'n.100
Exempted..... 5 | Not claiming..... 46

MEN ACCEPTED.
Alger, George H., 1,821 Union St.
Aube, Oscar W., 99 Winthrop St.
Adiard, Clarence C., 736 St. Johns Pl.
Abbene, Antonio, 1,196 Nostrand Av.
Bernet, Martin S., 186 Rutland Road.
Brown, Arthur C., 351 Rutland Road.
Bedell, Winthrop, 17 Lincoln Pl.
Blum, Richard L., 1,536 President St.
Benjamin, Herbert B., 287 Kingston Av.
Blank, Edward J., 548 Eastern Parkway.
Chelowitz, Louis, 1,284 St. John's Pl.
Carlburg, William A., 752 Flatbush Av.
Fahy, Edward H., 1,598 Bedford Av.
Guslin, Leo A., 774 Flatbush Av.
Gutckunst, Cyril K., 241 Hawthorne St.
Gaclo, Joseph, 960 Flatbush Av.
Hitchener, William W., 215 Clarkson St.
Hamilton, William E., 220 Rogers Av.
Hutchinson, Cyril B., 1,193 Lincoln Pl.
Johnson, Ivan, 122 Fenimore St.
Johnston, James E., 97 Rutland Road.
Jackson, George A., 468 Rogers Av.
Kattan, Emanuel M., 1,469 President St.
Mayman, J. Edward, 914 Eastern Parkway.
McGovern, Thomas A., 215 Winthrop St.
McCabe, Frank L., 1,465 President St.
McLaughlin, Harry J., 364 Montgomery St.
Maturin, D. Victor, 1,330 1Lncoln Pl.
Miller, Henry J., 1,238 Sterling Pl.
Pendergast, Frank A., 116 Winthrop St.
Price, Leo, 1,309 Carroll St.
Giovaniello, Rocco, 360 Fenimore St.
Rosenberg, Sydney, 1,537 Union St.
Reich, Thomas, 949 Winthrop St.
Rohm, Charles, 999 Nostrand Av.
Sauer, Charles, 1,236 Carroll St.
Samet, Charles, 231 Keap Street Av.
Peterson, Nicholas, 326 New York Av.
Solomon, Robert, 1,741 Union St.
Sievers, Harry, 1,142 Nostrand Av.
Smith, John J., 223 Lenox Rd.
Diedmann, Theodore, 813 Nostrand Av.
Vassilos, Peter, 711 Flatbush Av.
Webb, John C., 693 Flatbush Av.
Wilston, William F., 1,903 Franklin Av.
Wills, William H., 116 Linden Av.

DISTRICT NO. 66.
Erasmus Hall High School.
QUOTA, 210. ACCEPTED, 174.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....108 | Claiming exempt'n ..
Exempted..... 24 | Not claiming..... 79

MEN ACCEPTED.
Marchiou, Lucido, 459 Maple St.
Durring, William, Brooklyn St. Hospital.
Thornton, John M., 285 E. 42d St.
Callan, John F., 134 E. 28th St.
Sacks, George, 228 E. 42d St.
Grosse, William, 1,289 Nostrand Av.
Bender, William G., 169 E. 32d St.
Wiech, Philip F., 94 Snyder Av.
Ake, Joseph L., 15 E. 31st St.
Ford, John T., 982 E. 37th St.
Williamson, Randolph, 1,423 Nostrand Av.
Perello, Marco, 3,324 Church Av.
Ciupa, Michael, 2,210 Church Av.
Flickinger, W. G., Kings County Hospital.
Iango, William A., 3,203 Snyder Av.
Veto, Sontinjlo, 807 Clarkson St.
Morrison, Agustus F., 1,115 E. 39th St.
Seiles, Manuel R., 1,478 Flatbush Av.
Commingo, Rock, 414 Lefferts Av.
Evers, George, 161 Snyder Av.
Stavolo, Dominico, 454 New York Av.
Duane, Joseph, 502 Hawthorn St.
Almen, Theodore G., 1,575 Brooklyn Av.
Barone, Michael, 549 Lincoln Road.
Luckmann, Harold, 46 E. 33d St.
Sarna, Angelo, 886 Lefferts Av.
Hanley, John, 2,521 Snyder Av.
Dorner, Stephen, 645 Linden Av.
Haberland, Kurt, 1,571 Flatbush Av.
Albora, Harry, 1,028 New York Av.
Blanco, Nicola, 618 Lincoln Road.
Hottenroth, Royal W., 6 Raleigh Place.
Neylon, Francis P., 204 E. 43d St.
Maher, Edgar F., 284 E. 40th St.
McCabe, James, 86 Snyder Av.
Tobin, William J., 2,714 Albemarle Road.
Zimmermann, William, 3,218 Church Av.
Klemper, Andrew, 129 E. 35th St.
Kelly, William, 890 Rutland Road.
Goat, Walter, 949 E. 34th St.
Chastain, Lyle, 2,412 Church Av.
Smith, George F., 1,812 Brooklyn Av.
Feinstein, Martin, 269 Martense St.
Murtha, Joseph F., Jr., 2,826 Tilden Av.
Weinberg, Louis, 3,209 Church Av.
Povall, John H., 120 E. 31st St.
Scott, John N., 2,415 Tilden Av.
Graham, Alfred J., 1,848 Brooklyn Av.
Sandahl, Charles E., 146 E. 32d St.
Lommo, Leonardo, 530 Maple St.
Robin, Albert E., 1,007 E. 35th St.
Haueiser, Charles A., 2,725 Church Av.
Schlichting, Carl A., 1,529 Nostrand Av.
Keese, Charles, 290 E. 39th St.
Cassara, James J., 2,311 Cortelyou Road.
Hurley, Henry J., 1,301 Nostrand Av.
Russan, Benjamin C., Kings County Hospital.
Giovanniello, Vito, 794 Rogers Av.
Palmer, Samuel, 58 E. 28th St.
McAleer, Martin J., 31 Oakland Place.
McElvory, George R., 1,283 New York Av.
Rath, Frederick W., 318 Lenox Road.
Heyman, Max, 963 Flatbush Av.
Stuckle, Louis F., 1,365 Nostrand Av.
Ernst, Frederick C., 52 E. 32d St.
Nelberger, Edwin A., 356 E. 35th St.
Austin, Joseph, 80 Linden Av.
Galvin, Leo J., 1,053 Flatbush Av.
Dunleavy, James M., 180 E. 31st St.
Young, Charles, 1,537 Nostrand Av.
Carley, John M., 2,334 Tilden Av.
Zotta, Samuel, 308 Clarkson St.
Burke, Edmund, 2,315 Bedford Av.
Klein, John M., 314 E. 32d St.
Peisen, John, 1,606 Nostrand Av.
Pocilio, John, 813 Rogers Av.
Schroeder, John L. H., 780 E. 32d St.
Landorf, Stephen, 902 New York Av.
Mosbacher, Austen I., 912 E. 35th St.

DISTRICT NO. 67.
Avenue C and 13th St.
QUOTA, ... ACCEPTED, ...
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 11 | Claiming exempt'n. 20
Exempted..... .. | Not claiming..... 3

MEN ACCEPTED.
Seligman, David, 350 E. 26th St.
Lownes, Aristotolls, 1,116 Flatbush Av.
Kendlez Ernest A., 52 Argyle Road.

DISTRICT NO. 68.
Arion Pl. and Beaver St.
QUOTA, 179. ACCEPTED, 33.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 62 | Claiming exempt'n. 31
Exempted..... 21 | Not claiming..... 10

MEN ACCEPTED.
Berimann, Jacob, 144 Jefferson St.
Copperstein, Max, 14 Garden St.
Schmidt, Jacob, 91 Garden St.
Honeman, Cord, 94 Evergreen Av.
Lots, George, 16 Ditmas St.
Marhart, William, 12 Arion Pl.
Goerman Samuel, 82 Morrell St.
Schmid, August, 80 Evergreen Av.
Maurin, Peter, 87 Bremen

MEN ACCEPTING THE DRAFT

Continued from preceding page.

DISTRICT NO. 127.
209 East 46th St.

QUOTA, 197. ACCEPTED, 24.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....119 | Claiming exempt'n. 20
Exempted..... 75 | Not claiming..... 24

MEN ACCEPTED.
Aquilino, Bernard, 311 E. 45th St.
Belt, Augustine F., 148 E. 46th St.
Connelly, Joseph F., 216 E. 45th St.
Fitzmaurice, Richard, 304 E. 44th St.
Fuoco, Michael A., 337 E. 46th St.
Georgolus, George N., 418 E. 51st St.
Guida, Anthony, 313 E. 48th St.
Hornbacher, Martin, 502 Second Av.
Lauricella, Gaetano, 331 E. 47th St.
Lung, Wong, 677 3d Av.
Lindstrom, Edward, 315 E. 48d St.
Lundin, Carl, 785 3d Av.
Mangone, Philo, 200 E. 47th St.
McCaffrey, John P., 158 E. 48th St.
Missig, George H., 963 2d Av.
Perrone, Arthur H., 863 2d Av.
Quinn, William, 749 3d Av.
Raceso, Eleo, 302 E. 48th St.
Rosenleith, Harry, 245 E. 49th St.
Ryan, Michael G., 234 E. 46th St.
Sanders, Robert J., 157 E. 47th St.
Shawe, Emanuel, 797 2d Av.
Stahl, William J., 237 E. 47th St.
Town, Harold G., 8 Mitchell Pl.

DISTRICT NO. 132.
Hunter College, 68th St. and Lexington Av.

QUOTA, 182. ACCEPTED, 48.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....203 | Claiming exempt'n. 159
Exempted..... 96 | Not claiming..... 48

MEN ACCEPTED.
Stofka, John N., 410 East 70th St.
Stumpf, George, 315 East 67th St.
Kotlarich, Michael, 334 East 65th St.
Daddi, Bruno, 326 East 65th St.
O'Hara, John J., 404 East 66th St.
Sheehan, Emil J., 1,226 2d Av.
Beyer, Charles F., 427 East 69th St.
Sirinck, Frank, Jr., 214 East 65th St.
Leiting, Frederick William, 306 East 67th St.
Astrab, Michel, 488 East 70th St.
Brannigan, Michel, 1,153 2d Av.
McGillick, Patrick, 301 East 69th St.
Carych, Stokor, 334 East 70th St.
Sullivan, John J., 1,288 1st Av.
Smarechnak, Andrew, 512 East 70th St.
Blond, Joseph, 338 East 65th St.
Epstein, Henry, 428 East 67th St.
Jaeger, Frederick, 349 East 65th St.
Fozo, Kalman, 334 East 69th St.
Thompson, Edward, 307 East 63d St.
Griffin, William J., 403 East 69th St.
Garnier, Charles, 309 East 70th St.
Gottfried, Harry, 323 East 62d St.
Hampl, Ernest, 420 East 70th St.
Calathopulos, John, 312 East 66th St.
Feezen, John, 251 East 66th St.
McGovern, John, 301 East 69th St.
Sargent, Robert R., 432 East 65th St.
Sundin, Oscar F., 332 East 66th St.
Reynolds, Edward, 1,318 2d Av.
Jones, William, 315 East 68th St.
Sands, William J., 427 East 66th St.
Healy, James, 333 East 67th St.
O'Brien, Thomas, 309 East 70th St.
Svatba, Charles, 336 East 70th St.
Boehm, Monros, 210 East 68th St.
Masso, Joseph, 1,204 2d Av.
Musso, Joseph, 329 East 63d St.
Nastak, Frank Jr., 505 East 69th St.
Gallagher, Edward, 354 East 66th St.
Owen, James, 404 E. 66th St.
Jacobson, Alfred, 1,291 1st Av.
Hastrilio, Stanley, 504 East 70th St.
Maddin, William H., 221 East 62d St.
Antonius, Jacob, 500 East 70th St.
Turner, Philip, 406 East 70th St.
Barry, Michael J., 245-247 1st Av.
Gallo, Alfonso, 1,239 1st Av.

DISTRICT NO. 138.
Third Av. and 79th St.

QUOTA, 256. ACCEPTED, 54.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Exempted..... | Not claiming..... 54

MEN ACCEPTED.
Altschul, Irvin S.
Baer, William.
Basmanoff, Michael.
Belsky, Joseph John.
Butner, Steven.
Bryant, Edwin.
Busch, William.
Carwell, Charles G.
Clentana, Frank.
Chertoff, Harry.
Cohn, Herbert.
Calvin, Bernard.
Crawley, John J.
Cummings, Michael.
Dill, Gustave J.
De Alto, Frank.
Cortes, Alberto.
Denecke, William.
Domini, A.
Daskowitz, Joseph.
Drechsler, J.
Duffy, Walter.
Eichnlaz, Otto.
Eppsteiner, Herman.
Echbacher, C.
Eschbacher, Gustav.
Fassburgher, Albert.
Fechan, Joseph.
Fein, Herbert.
Fein, Samuel.
Fischman, Benjamin.
Fischer, Charles J.
Flood, Andrew.
Flood, Frank.
Fuller, Lester.
Galvin, Ignatius.
Giel, Caspar.
Goldberg, Joseph.
Hanzel, Raymond.
Howard, Frank.
Haussman, William.
Helder, L.
Hertrich, Joseph M.
Heydeveiller, George.
Higgins, Edward.
Hodoly, Gabriel.
Horlander, Martin.
Hollenstein, Ambrose.
Halzer, Henry P.
Impellisseri, I.
Keller, Frank.
Klein, John.
Kaci, John.
Kuntz, Joseph.

DISTRICT NO. 142.
86th St. and First Av.

QUOTA, 191. ACCEPTED, 61.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....117 | Claiming exempt'n 54
Exempted..... 38 | Not claiming..... 25

MEN ACCEPTED.
Reisak, Stephen, Jr., 422 E. 83d St.
Ellis, Fred A., 519 E. 82d St.
Fischer, Isidor, 906a E. 84th St.
McConnell, Thomas J., 1,564 3d Av.
Mottadelli, Frank, 845 E. 83d St.
Schanzer, Charles, 224 E. 85th St.
Guttman, Samuel, 440 E. 86th St.
Courell, Thomas, 547 E. 85th St.
Panza, Marino, 617 E. 83d St.
Donnelly, James, 531 E. 82d St.
Morrissey, Timothy M., 906 E. 85th St.
Halsey, John, 360 E. 83d St.
Compici, Tony, 416 E. 85th St.
Dlabal, William, 505 E. 83d St.
Disalbio, Andrew A., 225 E. 86th St.
Woytisek, Robert, 1,566 Avenue A.
Civitano, Joseph, 233 E. 85th St.
Conroy, Frank, 1,604 1st Av.
Hearn, James A., 1,491 1st Av.
Hastrilio, Stanley, 504 East 70th St.
Maddin, William H., 221 East 62d St.
Antonius, Jacob, 500 East 70th St.
Turner, Philip, 406 East 70th St.
Barry, Michael J., 245-247 1st Av.
Gallo, Alfonso, 1,239 1st Av.

DISTRICT NO. 143.
421 East Eighty-eighth Street.

QUOTA, 158. ACCEPTED, 45.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....113 | Claiming exempt'n. 42
Exempted..... 59 | Not claiming..... 11

MEN ACCEPTED.
Alexander, Sidney, 438 E. 89th St.
Hanrahan, John, 216 E. 87th St.
Lenarth, Joe, 310 E. 91st St.
Denfeld, August J., 325 E. 89th St.
Miller, Michael.
Willis, Edward, 304 E. 91st St.
Rieckheff, Fred, 1,437 3d Av.
Resold, John A., 409 E. 87th St.
Schweitzer, Emil, 1,705 1st Av.
Pender, Martin E., 405 E. 87th St.
Singer, Nathan, 122 East End Av.

DISTRICT NO. 144.
122 Edgecombe Av.

QUOTA, 221. ACCEPTED, 33.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....123 | Claiming exempt'n. 86
Exempted..... 15 | Not claiming..... 27

MEN ACCEPTED.
Ziegler, John, 226 W. 142d St.
Goldberg, Henry N., 161 W. 140th St.
Brien, Robert M., 306 W. 144th St.
Smith, Jefferson, 118 W. 137th St.
Golamb, Benny, 101 W. 143d St.
O'Neill, George H. R., 2,430 7th Av.
Giles, Marion A., 101 W. 142d St.
Sullivan, Patrick, 504 W. 145d St.
Sampsel, Edward S., 123 W. 139th St.
Baum, William, 116 W. 138th St.
Johnson, Herbert, 126 W. 137th St.
May, Erle, 109 W. 137th St.
Greenberg, Jacob, 112 W. 142d St.
Gregg, Thomas, 306 W. 146th St.
Prieferblum, Harry W., 151 W. 140th St.
Parker, William, 138 W. 143d St.
Dorothy, Joseph, 271 W. 144th St.
Ingber, Max L., 1,458 7th Av.
Johnson, John L., 147 W. 126th St.
Smith, Albert E., 150 W. 145th St.
Hodgins, George F., 203 W. 145th St.
Eaton, Albert H., 104 W. 142d St.
Williams, Charles J., 148 W. 143d St.
Palmer, Edward, 108 W. 143d St.
Reiver, William A., 207 W. 144th St.
McDaniel, Cain, 128 W. 143d St.
Hammond, Rose, 104 W. 143d St.
Small, Andrew, 241 W. 124th St.
Bridgeworth, Irving W., 146 W. 126th St.
Walsh, Edbert L., 2,064 7th Av.
McCarthy, Maurice J., 31 W. 124th St.
Baldwin, Walter J., 456 Manhattan Av.
Stacey, Louis, 128 W. 120th St.
De Jong, Herman, 23 W. 123d St.
Harmon, Thomas M., 301 W. 119th St.
Jones, John P., 159 W. 121st St.
Braun, Morris, 204 St. Nicholas Av.
Vinon, August D., 308 W. 121st St.
O'Neill, Arthur L., 2,360 8th Av.
Acker, Irving J., 131 W. 126th St.
Muller, Henry, 202 W. 124th St.
Sheffiin, Thomas, 2,362 8th Av.
Ekstrand, Carl E., 348 W. 121st St.
Borges, Milo A., 1 W. 128th St.
Ryan, Francis E., 312 W. 121st St.
Auer, Charles, M. D., 2,020 Madison Av.
Levy, David A., 230 W. 122d St.
Klamier, John, 10 W. 128th St.
Muiqueen, Joseph, 12 W. 127th St.
Green, Howard J., 530 Manhattan Av.

QUEENS.

DISTRICT NO. 171.
131 Third St., Long Island City.

QUOTA, 182. ACCEPTED, 116.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....107 | Claiming exempt'n 51
Exempted..... 85 | Not claiming..... 37

MEN ACCEPTED.
Halpin, William J., 120th 12th St.
Cruszola, Jerome, 12 Dutch Kill.
Miller, Joseph A. 419 Hamilton St.
Shurne, George, 820 Hanecock St.
Sullivan, John J., 458 Hamilton St.
Tomnar, Andrew, 58 4th St.
Broci, Herman, 182 8th St.
Roberto, Nicholas, 111 7th St.
Zekedis, Horace, 37 Jackson St.
Grazlono, Giovanni, 507 Hamilten St.
Conrad, John, 218 Ely Av.
McGann, Sidney, 312 Jackson Av.
Ripperger, C. Wesley, 207 Academy St.
Monahan, Frank, 68 3d St.
Mercket, George, 222 2d Av.
Bliss, Merwin W., 18 Ely Av.
Schlaboni, Grancesco, 39 Wilbur Av.
Schulz, Herman, 66 8th Av.
Costello, Rocco, 75 Borden Av.
Steffok, William, 150 12th St.
Noe, Charles, 66 Harris Av.
Rossiello, Richard, 576 Van Alst Av.
Burnann, William, 37 Beach Av.
Furlong, Richard, Jr., 200 Radde St.
Prince, Francis R., 124 East Av.
O'Dowd, Frank J., 155 11th St.
Amella, Benjamin, 224 Willian St.

DISTRICT NO. 173.
Albert St. and Ditmars Av., L. I. C.

QUOTA, 195. ACCEPTED, 58.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 2 | Claiming exempt'n 0
Exempted..... 0 | Not claiming..... 2

MEN ACCEPTED.
Holder, Coleridge, Wolcott and Crescent Sts.
Carlton, Philip S., 948 10th Av.

DISTRICT NO. 174.
Woodside, L. I.

QUOTA, 192. ACCEPTED, 109.
YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.
Examined..... 4 | Claiming exempt'n 1
Exempted..... 1 | Not claiming..... 2

MEN ACCEPTED.
Cottrell, Clement, 22 Striker Av.
Filip, Benjamin, 102 Grove St., Winfield.

DISTRICT NO. 177.
14 Grand St., Maspeth.

QUOTA, 207. ACCEPTED, 18.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 91 | Claiming exempt'n. 47
Exempted..... 26 | Not claiming..... 18

MEN ACCEPTED.
Turner, Robert, 4 Church St., Maspeth.
Waddell, James B., 21 Perry Av., Maspeth.
Keuler, Henry J., 88 Maspeth Av., Maspeth.
Schwabe, Peter, 6 Remsen Pl., Maspeth.
Spohrer, Joseph C., 90 Wooley St., Elmhurst.
Young, Nicholas, 1,596 Metropolitan Av., Maspeth.
Holovach, Michael, 106 Clinton Av., Maspeth.
Grassberger, John, 18 Lexington Av., Maspeth.
Ross, George, 43 Corinth Av., Elmhurst.
Wood, George R., 60 Furman Av., Middle Village.
Paschke, William, 8 Caldwell Av., Maspeth.
Reich, Edward Val, 1,429 Metropolitan Av., Maspeth.
Ditter, Frank R., 48 Jefferson Av., Maspeth.
O'Keefe, W. W. David, 7 Fulton St., Maspeth.
Keller, George, 237 Hull Av., Maspeth.
Staff, Joseph A., 19 Jay Av., Maspeth.
Deeks, John J., 20 Hull Av., Maspeth.
Hamill, Charles F. T., 2,527 Woodbine St., Ridgewood.

DISTRICT NO. 181.
Rockaway Beach.

QUOTA, 181. ACCEPTED, 6.
YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.
Examined..... 50 | Claiming exempt'n 29
Exempted..... 15 | Not claiming..... 6

MEN ACCEPTED.
Harding, J. M., 34 N. 5th Av., Rockaway Pk.
Smith, John D., Dakota Av., Jamaica South.
Cole, R., 14 Dashby St., Rockaway Beach.
Frey, J. M., 2 Olympia St., Rockaway Beach.
Friedman, I., 53 N. Grove Av., Rock. B'ch.
Brown, Joe, 629 Central Av., Far Rock. B'ch.

RICHMOND.

DISTRICT NO. 186.
Curtis High School, New Brighton.

QUOTA, 191. ACCEPTED, 66.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 25 | Claiming exempt'n. 13
Exempted..... 4 | Not claiming..... 8

MEN ACCEPTED.
McSorley, James, 25 State St.
Reitman, Harold, 1,709 Richmond Terrace.
Newburg, Alfred, 327 Westervelt Av.
Von Schondord, Louis, Sailors Snug Harbor.
Blake, Johnson F., 14 Taft Av.
Munns, George W., 679 Forest Av.
McKoughlin, Edward J., 69 Tyson St.
Gresso, Benny, 56 South St.

DISTRICT NO. 189.
New Dorp, S. I.

QUOTA, 198. ACCEPTED, 72.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 52 | Claiming exempt'n. 30
Exempted..... 12 | Not claiming..... 10

MEN ACCEPTED.
McIntyre, Ronald H., Ettingville.
Smith, John W., 24 St., New Dorp.
White, Robert, 183 Pennsylvania Av., Rosebank.
Clarson, Joseph, Mt. Loretto, Pleasant Pl.
Arveson, Geo. O., 229 Butler Av., Tottenville.
Noltell, Wm. A., 8 Sea View Av., New Dorp.
Henne, Arthur, 7,390 Amboy Rd., Tottenville.
Luia, Julius J., 27 West St., Rosebank.
Blaso, Frank R., 42 Whittaker Pl., Stapleton.
Curestolo, Carmelo, 80 Wall St., Rosebank.

SUBURBAN

NEW ROCHELLE.

QUOTA, 210. ACCEPTED, 64.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Exempted..... | Not claiming..... 26

MEN ACCEPTED.
Frants, John F.
Sutton, Joseph.
Duncan, John.
Augustine, Marcel.
Mascucci, Michael.
Lalli, Michael.
Mixson, James E.
Ryder, Thomas S.
Morris, Webster H.
Cherry, Samuel.
Radcliffe, Frederick.
Hamilton, Thomas.
Massey, Howard F.
Di Dominico, Nicolai.
Lesser, Herman.
Kruger, August.
Johnston, Halsted J.
Bunett, Walter F.
Millicia, Rossy.
Stockel, Paul.
Beatch, William H.
Flannigan, Edward M.
Windsor, Oliver.
Dolan, Edward V.
Quincy, Lawrence J.
Murphy, Edward J.

MOUNT VERNON.
City Hall.

QUOTA, —. ACCEPTED, 18.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 63 | Claiming exempt'n 31
Exempted..... | Not claiming..... 18

MEN ACCEPTED.
Paulsen, Ludwig.
Prunellilo, Raphael.
Kerley, James J.
MacBride, George.
Eiches, Herman.
Von Kokeritz, Harold.
Clausser, Julius S., Jr
Scheirer, Gustave W
McKenzie, Lester J.
Schields, George R.
Weber, Harry.
Schumacher, Walter L.
Bothwell, Harold.
Dahlke, Michael.
Cohn, Louis.
Weber, George W.
Scherer, Walter.
Fitzgerald, William H.

WHITE PLAINS.

QUOTA, 117. ACCEPTED, 19.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Exempted..... | Not claiming..... 6

MEN ACCEPTED.
Jenniello, Rocco.
Anderson, Neill.
Saragesan, Michael.
D'Alois, Valentine.
Zacky, Victor.
Murphy, James.

JERSEY CITY

DISTRICT NO. 1.
City Hall.

QUOTA, 253. ACCEPTED, 51.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 81 | Claiming exempt'n. 32
Exempted..... 14 | Not claiming..... 33

MEN ACCEPTED.
Murphy, Hugh J., 811 Jersey Av.
Moszpnski, Felix, 196 Steuben St.
McGee, Joseph, South Cove.
Morkaremcz, Adam, 100 Essex St.
McDavitt, John, 2314 Henderson St.
Altz, Peter George, 306 York St.
Wagner, Michael, 380 York St.
Krok, Jan, 91 Bright St.
Barba, Giuseppe, 57 Gregory St.
McHugh, Frank, 239 Henderson St.
Sulkowski, John, 34½ Morris St.
Moronsky, Wortan, 52 Montgomery St.
Litninink, John, 56 Sussex St.
Bianfus, John James, 222 First St.
Jelenienis, Peter, 134 Steuben St.
Slubersky, Stang, 54 York St.
Alkewitz, Anthony, 24 Bright St.
Freeman, Milton, 292 Barrow St.
Rosenbower, Fred, 471 West 84th Av.
Morgan, Howard, 357 West Side Av.
Corcoran, Michael, 432 Claremont Av.
Kilrich, Joseph, 95 Oak St.
Cashellano, Tony, 453 Communipaw Av.
Thornton, Robert T., 76 Erie Av.
Lagrande, John, 449 Bergen Av.
Kaush, John, 258 Boyd Av.
Clayton, Bond, 696 Communipaw Av.
Kopp, Edward John, 678 Ocean Av.
Prescott, Edward H., 172 Harrison Av.
King, George W., 230 Clinton Av.
Cavanaugn, P. J., 17 Prescott St.
Hunter, Thomas, 605 Communipaw Av.

DISTRICT NO. 6.
P. S. 11, Bergen Square.

QUOTA, 185. ACCEPTED, 18.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 72 | Claiming exempt'n. 32
Exempted..... 30 | Not claiming..... 10

MEN ACCEPTED.
McMahon, Joseph F., 2,757 Boulevard.
Fleischer, Paul H., 125 Storms Av.
Hall, Daniel V., 681 Bergen Av.
Edgecombe, Clifford, 2,540 Boulevard.
McGurr, Edward, 113 Highland Av.
Schmidt, Wm., 540 Summit Av.
Murphy, Joseph E., 2,826 Boulevard.
Hoffman, John J., 105 Duncan Av.
...kan, Stephen M., Jr., 407 Van Keiper St.
Kerr, Henry W., 44 Conduit St.

DISTRICT NO. 7.
P. S. 31, Boulevard.

QUOTA, 169 ACCEPTED, 35
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 90 | Claiming exempt'n. 43
Exempted..... 20 | Not claiming..... 27

MEN ACCEPTED.
Davis, James M., 1264 Magnolia Av.
Flemming, William F., 87 Germania Av.
Bonner, Alfredo, 9 Wright Av.
Deitz, Henry, 13 Cliff St.
Lang, Emil W., 9 Emery St.
Ardozzoni, Joseph, 53 Garrison Av.
Ritzer, Fred, 213 Beacon St.
Desonne, John, 69 Giles Av.
Prettyman, George, 20 Troy St.
Ray, John, 56 Broadway.
Frederick, Amalian, 837 Newark Av.
Ruc, John, 814 Newark Av.
Peryn, Pietro, 124 West Side Av.
Vance, Cleveland, 132 E. State St., Jacksonville, Fla.
Lardaurco, Cateno, 331 Sip Av.
Heiss, Frank E., 24 Rock St.
Kolyszka, John, 1 Seaste Place.
Althorn, Paul, 12 Seamon Av.
Poremski, Dyonisz, 404 St. Paul's Av.
Giovinosco, Vinceuso, 45 Wright St.
Tomasello, Daniel, 133 Van Winkle Av.
McCue, John J., 268 St. Paul's Av.
Burling Harry Anthony, 729 Newark Av.
Kosak, John, 52 Van Winkle Av.
Stanzong, William, 812 Newark Av.
Burns, George, 65 Corbin Av.
Demarco, Ernest, 28 Germania Av.

DISTRICT NO. 9.
Central Avenue Police Station.

QUOTA, 205. ACCEPTED, 19.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 58 | Claiming exempt'n. 28
Exempted..... 17 | Not claiming..... 13

MEN ACCEPTED.
Reinenr, Albert, 3,806 Boulevard.
Johnson, John G., 87 Lincoln St.
Otto S., 238 South St.
Pursky, Philip, 250 Sherman Av.
Biekow, Otto, 107 Charles St.
Hertor, Arnold, 298 Paterson Plank Road.
Osmers, Louis, 168 Columbia Av.
Schutsback, William, 10 Zabriskie St.
Grothausen, Henry, 259 Zabriskie St.
Bauer, Joseph, 154 Griffith St.
Bearly, Michael J., 211 Bowers St.
Dover, Robert H., 338 Bowers St.
Loth, Anthony E., 225 Hutton St.

DISTRICT NO. 10.
P. S. 2, Erie Street.

QUOTA, —. ACCEPTED, 22.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... 50 | Claiming exempt'n 30
Exempted..... 8 | Not claiming..... 12

MEN ACCEPTED.
Schoenfelder, John, 14 Coles St.
Elsen, Jos., 290 4th St.
McDermott, John, 337 Grove St.
Zeigler, William, 213 4th St.
Gibson, Jas. T., 234 2d St.
Ernst, William, 178 2d St.
Gallagher, Jas. J., 274 2d St.
Frank, Nathan, 17 Coles St.
Shortsleeve, James A., 540 Jersey Av.
Kaft, John, 288 Jersey Av.
Simpson, John, 11 Coles St.
Zablocke, John, 220 7th St.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

CHEVIOTS.—Holmes navy cheviots, No. 45. Hanauer & Arnstein, 130 Madison Av.

CLOTH.—Open for quality of chuddah cloth, black and navy; price, $1.00 to $1.10. Glns Brothers, 109 West 36th St.

COATS.—Big jobber ready to place orders, your own material; call with samples. 43 West 27th, Room 401.

COATS.—Jobber looking at velour and broadcloth coats. 159 West 25th, 7th floor.

COATS, SUITS.—Looking at snappy styles, better grade. 122 W. 26th, 7th floor.

CORDUROY.—Open for narrow rib corduroy in colors, for cash. Dessler, 50 East 125th.

DRESSES.—Large jobber is placing stock orders on satin, taffeta, meteor, and crepe de chine, street and party dresses. Samples daily. Weiner, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Prominent dress manufacturer will look at dresses of serges, satins, and broadcloth; orders given on right styles. Apply 11th floor, 36 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Contractor's jobber looking at serge and satin dresses; call all week, afternoons. 6 West 37th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at samples of serge and silks. Call afternoons, all week. S. Weat 29th St., Room 403.

DPESSES.—Jobber placing orders on serge and satin dresses; bring own samples. 22 West 26th, 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Orders placed on good models of serges and satins; call all week. 24 West 30th, 6th floor.

DRESSES.—Will pay spot cash for job of silk dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Jobber open to buy Fall silk dresses. 118 West 29th St., tenth floor.

DRESSES.—Contractors on satin and Georgette dresses. W. W. Dress, 3 East 28th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors of better grade; bring samples. Rubinstein & Dochter, 55 W. 16th.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

DRESSES.—Contractors call with samples, silks and serges. 9th floor, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Contractors on high class girls' dresses. Schroeder & Co., 53 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders better kind satin dresses. 1,133 B'way, Room 614.

DRESSES.—Orders given high-class silk serges. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

GEORGETTES.—Heavy, 500 pieces, at lowest possible prices, spot cash. Brookstone Mfg. Co., 245 7th Av.

GEORGETTES, domestic, plush, and white; best price for cash. Alpha Waist Co., 30 West 35th St.

JERSEY.—Big quantity Spring shades, Phone Farr. 9520.

LINOLEUM, Carpets, Rugs, Oilcloth.—Wanted, consignment to date; reliable wall paper house; busy corner Bronx. Opportunity, 2,990 3d Av.

MELTONS.—Any make 3-4 or 6-4, all colors. Behrman & Glekel, 484 6th Av. Madison Square 2195.

MERCHANDISE.—Pay cash, woolens, linings, silks, clothes. "Remarkable," 62 W. 14th. Chelsea 9192.

PEAU DE CYGNE.—Open for quantity, all colors, for cash. Merchants' Fabric Exchange, 79 5th Av. Stuy. 3411.

POPLIN.—Will exchange American 90610 brown for green for black. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st St.

SERGES.—Open for French serge in all shades for cash. Merchants' Fabric Exchange, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3410.

SERGES.—Cotton warp; open to buy, any quantity; submit swatches and prices. L 187 Times.

SILKS.—Open to buy quantity crepe de chines; dark shades. 423 4th Av.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at popular priced ladies' and misses' suits, every morning this week. Top floor, 120 West 36th St.

SUITS.—Jobber placing orders on new smart suits and coats. 32 West 37th, 10th floor.

SUITS.—Jobber placing stock orders; advance models. First floor, 15 West 26th St.

TAFFETA.—Black and navy; open for quantity, from 75c to 85c, for cash. Franco, 36 West 25th. Farragut 3464.

WOOLENS.—47106 serge, 400 pieces for export. Phillip Bauer, 68 Broad St.

Offerings to Buyers

ART GOODS.—Job to close out in sewing and candy boxes; also pin cushions, &c. Standard Novelty Works, 114 East 28th.

BATHROBES.—Infants', children's, and ladies'; big assortment of patterns; lowest prices. Cornell Bathrobe Co., 36 West 20th St. Chelsea 5187.

BEAVER.—Raritan 1,273, all shades. Phone Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

BELTINGS.—Fitaform inside dress, skirt beltings. Grean Dressmaking Specialties, 32 West 18th St. Phone 8417 Chelsea.

BLANKET CLOTH.—Suitable for ladies' coats, &c.; big lot, fine patterns. New York Mfg. Co., 600 Broadway.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany broadcloth, all shades, and American velour 15002, at $2 net cash. Farragut 3568.

BROADCLOTHS.—F. & H. and Botany. Tel. Madison Square 7428.

BURELLA.—American, style 09057; will close out; eight navy, four green, four brown, four taupe, $1.27½ net cash; regular goods. L 189 Times.

BURELLA.—American 09057, all colors, cheap. Murray Hill 4374.

CHINCHILLAS.—Navy, 54 inches wide. Joseph F. Cohen, 79 5th Av.

COATS.—Don't fail to see our velour cheviot coat, 48 inches long, large flare, wide belt all around, 14-inch crushed mole collar, belt $6.75; also other good numbers. F. J. Gelfond Co., 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—Our specialties in children's, flap per and junior sizes are now being shown in our New York office, Room 808, 9th Av. Building. Shoninger, Heinsheimer Mfg. Co., Chicago.

COATS.—Broadcloth, $12.75; full lined, full sweep, six-inch fur bottom and collar; other values in plush and broadcloth, equally as good. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS, Suits.—Exceptional line, wonderful values; see our specials. Talbot 114 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS, AND SKIRTS.—Complete stock of Spring and Summer garments at big discount. Hamilton Garment Co., 307 5th Av.

COATS.—Plush, fur-trimmed for immediate delivery, very reasonable prices, also jobs to close out. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—Job of discarded samples in plush and cloth coats. Strauss & Deren, 127 West 26th St.

COATS.—Big job children's coats; snappy styles; half price. Schwartz Bros., 31 West 38th.

COATS.—Silk plush coats, trimmed, guaranteed lining, $9.50. Metropolitan, 40 W. 27th.

COATS.—Plush and cloth, latest model; best values. Joe Korostoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Alpacas and mohair; close out; cheap. Imperial Clothing, 4¢ East 14th.

COATS.—See our pompom and velour coats, $13.75. J. P. Slater & Co., 22 West 32d.

COATS.—See our stouts, auto and street wear coats. Duzy, 127 West 25th.

CORDUROY.—Bayq's number 3,100, narrow wale; colors: wine, green, and brown. Superior Waist, 129 W. 27th St.

CORDUROYS, 9015; also quilting, all colors. Call Gramercy 2871.

COTTON VELOUR, 54-inch, Burgundy and other shades. Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

CREPE METEORS, Satins.—Colors; immediate delivery. Marks Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

DRESSES.—Girls' serge and cotton dresses; superior line at popular prices for immediate delivery. S. S. S. Childrens Dress Co., 1,199 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Girls' serge and cotton dresses; superior line at popular prices for immediate delivery. 1,199 Broadway, 8d floor.

DRESSES.—100 serge dresses, new Fall models, to close out at $ price; call before 12 o'clock. Manuel Engiander, 11 W. 25th St.

DRESSES, taffetas and some serges; a few wash dresses to close out. Balsam Dress Co., 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—White voile dresses; also wash goods to close out cheap. Waldorf Mfg. Co. 15 W. 34th.

DRESSES.—1,000 French serge dresses for $6.75 less 10. Regent Ladies' Garment Co., 22 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—Party, serge, and silk dresses, to close out. Butterfly Dress Co., 142 W. 24th St.

DRESSES.—Satins and serges are ready for inspection. B. Geist & Co., 145 W. 30th.

DRESSES.—Silk, gingham; immediate delivery. Glockner Dress Co., 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—200 taffetas, Georgettes, to close out at $ price. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—We have cotton dresses, close out. Tip Top Dress, 134 W. 37th.

DRESSES.—Ginghams and wash, immediate delivery. Nivel, 151 West 38th St.

DRESSES.—French and storm serge dresses for immediate delivery. Chauser, 45 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—Job of dresses to close out; cheap. Manikoff, 71 East Broadway.

DRESSES.—500 wash dresses, assorted styles, at a sacrifice. Rosenberg, 134 Spring St.

FLAGS.—American, French, and British silk flags, by the yard, for sale; will sell at a very low price. Call 826 Broadway, fourth floor. Telephone Stuyvesant 5594.

FLANNELETTES.—25 cases, Pacific, 36 inch, will close at special price. G 286 Times Downtown.

FOULARDS, 400 pieces 36 inch in the Greige, for immediate delivery. F 58 Times.

FUR.—Dog mats; $00 fine quality to close. Merit Co., 22 West 27th.

GEORGETTE C dec, silk and cotton materials, colors extracted and redyed. Madison Square 790.

Offerings to Buyers

KERSEY.—American, 15,020; taupe, black, green, brown, at a price. Farragut 3176.

LEATHER GOODS.—Ladies' and gents' pocketbooks; large assortment, cheap prices. Fbone Spring 4767.

LINEN.—French and Romle linen, 36-45 inches; also Kayser's silk jersey, Ostend quality, all colors, $3. Sterling Cloak and Suit, 99 Madison Av.

MOLE.—Hydel's Hykram crushed mole plush 50 inches; reasonable. 4254 Mad. Sq.

MOLESKIN.—Chase's, all widths, reasonable. Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

NET.—140 pieces white net, 21 hole, at 37½c. I. B. Skudowitz & Bro., 129 West 29th St.

PLAIDS.—Stevens, Shaws, Parker-Wilder, and Julliards to close out. Tel. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSHES.—Peerless, Dobson's 1164; also astrachans and wool plushes; reasonable. Farragut 9811.

PLUSH.—Nutria plush, 24 inches, to close out below cost. Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

POM-POM kersey, seal plushes, reasonable. Farragut 2648.

POPLINS, navy, mercerized, 36-inch, original cases; also single and double texture Bombazine. Phone Stagg 67, Brooklyn. S. Silverman.

POPLIN.—American 90610 navy, $1.75 net. Telephone Farr. 3334.

SEAL.—Plush seal, 27 inches and 50 inches; reasonable. Hydol, 4254 Mad. Sq.

SERGE.—106 Whitman, 18.2½ American, 0310 Aurrella, 1.45 Cleveland 812. F 79 Times.

SILKS, charmeuses, satins, meteors, crepe de chines, georgettes, messalines, fancies; good assortment of colors; immediate delivery. Bleyer, Weinberg & Bleyer, 44 East 23d St., corner of 4th Av., 7th floor.

SILK JERSEY—Heavy quality, black tricot, cost $2.75 square yard, to close out at a price. Elnhorn, 112 Madison Av.

SKIRTS.—Poplins from $2.25 up; satin, duchesse and taffeta, $2.75 up; serges, $1.70 up; also 10 dozen wash skirts, to close out; we sell on old terms. Albert Skirt Co., 110-112 West 26th St.

SKIRT SPECIALISTS.—All wool serges, $2.25; American woolen poplins, $2.87½; clever, new styles. Silk & Kohn Co., 1,182 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Fancy and plain silks; also 300 dozen white gabardine to close out at a sacrifice. Queen, 149 West 36th St.

SKIRTS.—All-wool serge, $2.25; all-wool poplin, $3.25. Fishman, 8 East 17th St.

SKIRTS.—500 assorted, in wool and fancies, $1 and up. Ford, 149 West 36th St.

SKIRTS.—Silk, cloth, of better kind, to close out. Pan-American, 5 West 31st.

SKIRTS.—300 dozen wash skirts to close at a sacrifice, Brown & Son, 50 West 17th.

SNAP FASTENERS.—O & OO best; white; on plain white paper, for export; 1,000 great gross, below market price. Suite 635, 66 West 35th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—00 black and white, white paper, export and manufacturing; 500 great gross; low price. L 190 Times.

SNAP FASTENERS for exporters. Imported, guaranteed, O white, immediate delivery. Box 222 Times Rector St.

STOLES and capes from plushes and moleskins, fur effects; we are headquarters for same. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

STRIPS.—Kolinsky strips, all widths; best trimming for velour coats. 4254 Mad. Sq.

SUITING.—Amoskeag 4002, tan, Copen, reseda green, light gray, 57½c; Saxonia suiting velours, navy, green, brown, black. F 90 Times.

SUITS.—Stouts and stylish stouts, snappy styles; unheard of prices; $10.75, $17.50. C. F. Kibby and W. W. Graham, 1,182 Broadway.

SUIT.—No. 810, a fancy, high-grade model; 58 serge, silk lined, at $15

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FULL FORM
STYLISH STOUT SUITS & COATS
for full-formed women are specially designed to impart long lines and youthful figures — without sacrifice of style.
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SILKS $6.75 to $25.00
SERGES $6.25 to $18.50
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SERGES — Princess Dresses — SATINS
TAFFETAS, CREPE DE CHINES, CREPE METEORS.
$8.50 to $18.50
A BIG ASSORTMENT OF LARGE SIZES ALWAYS ON HAND.
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FALL SUITS, $6.75 TO $15.00
PEERLESS CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
1,122 Broadway.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Akron D. G. Co.; H. S. Bandell, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 72 Madison Av.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill & Co.; F. B. Goodman, umbrellas, leather goods; 37 West 26th.

ALBANY, N. Y.—John G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.

ALBANY, Ga.—Carter & Reid, W. E. Carter, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Waldman Bros.; Miss Silders, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; A. S. Helfrich, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holsheimer & Shaul; N. J. Shaul, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

ANDERSON, Ind.—The Fair Department Store; L. L. Simon, cloaks, suits, dresses, waists, furs; 72 Madison Av.

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Mack & Co.; C. J. Hutzel, coats; Latham.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; J. E. Collier, hosiery, laces, neckwear, hdkfs.; 358 4th Av.; Latham.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. P. Allen & Co.; J. P. Allen, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.

ATHENS, Ga.—W. T. Collins & Co., W. T. Collins, ready-to-wear millinery; 38 West 32d. Cumberland.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Olson Brothers; L. Goff, millinery; 15 East 26th; Cumberland.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. Levy Willie Co.; Miss A. Wallace, cloaks, children's wear.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Maloker, woolens; 2 E. 23d.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss L. H. Greaver, representing; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co., Miss L. Metcalf, pictures; W. W. Stone, women's underwear, hosiery, gloves; 2 West 37th.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohr & Co., H. J. Rohr, millinery; 220 Fifth Av.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg, Miss G. Sauer, laces, neckwear; M. J. Weisman, coats and suits; Mrs. A. Gibson, embroideries; D. Eisenberg, domestics; 1,239 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. M. German, neckwear; C. F. Krastel, piece goods; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss L. Lambright, corsets; Miss M. Palardy, ribbons; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE — Hanneman-Jess Co.; Lee Sapinsky, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

BARTLESVILLE, Okla.—S. H. Degan, jobs cotton waists; 470 4th Av.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—Eppler's; Mrs. G. F. Eppler, coats, suits, waists, dresses; Imperial.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—Eppler's; C. F. Eppler, ready-to-wear; 1,239 Broadway.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—F. Marx; A. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Pisitz D. G. Co.; A. Arkowitz, millinery; Room 401; 1,161 B'way.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; L. Loeb, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—R. Ooland; H. Rosenbaum, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Saks & Co.; J. K. Saks, B. Gross, clothing; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. Tarpy, Miss H. Cobham; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss A. O'Connell, corsets; 404 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. Murphy, women's dresses; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—Farley, Harvey Co.; J. H. Walsh, wash goods; 103 Franklin.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; H. A. Cook, men's underwear, corsets, petticoats, cotton dress goods, bathrobes; Miss Crimbley, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Diller, children's millinery; Miss Louis, trimmed millinery; Miss Horan, negligees, kimonos; Mrs. Best, misses' suits; Mrs. Murphy, cheap dresses; Mr. Michaels, gift shop novelties, basement buyers; Mrs. Sweeny, millinery; Miss Kasanof, neckwear; Mrs. Schroeder, undermuslin; Mr. O'Brien, coats, suits; Mr. Ring, dresses; Mr. Tripp, skirts; Mr. Levy, waists, sweaters; Mr. Koenigsthal, men's, boys' clothing; Mr. Rofeld, infant's, children's, juniors' coats, dresses, petticoats; Mr. Hunting, misses' coats; Mr. Cooper, general buyer; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—J. Reiner, children's serge, cotton dresses; 54 West 21st.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Smith, Murray Co.; E. M. Lampson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BRISTOL, Tenn.—Dosser Bros.; M. Dosser, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BRISTOL, Tenn.—H. P. King & Co.; S. E. Grant, carpets; 1,178 Broadway; Flanders.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; R. S. Weymouth, millinery; 230 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. Burns, boys' hats, furn. goods; Mr. J. Kelly, coats, suits, dresses; W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. W. Reynolds, rugs; 2 West 37th; Herald Square.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Weisseman-Elias Co.; C. H. Weisseman, dry goods; Park Avenue.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Siegrist & Fraley; G. B. Smith, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.

BURLINGTON, Ia.—Edwards, Madden & Rae; B. F. Edwards, dry goods; 1,270 Broadway.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—C. Denecke; J. G. Paufa, domestics, hosiery, underwear; 1,270 Broadway; Latham.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Miller Bros. Co.; Miss K. W. Rice, millinery; 1,150 Broadway.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Loveman Co.; D. B. Loveman, mdse. mgr.; P. Narles, upholstery goods, carpets; Miss E. Sweet, infants' wear; Miss C. Moore, hosiery; 1,150 B'way.

CHICAGO—C. Dernberg & Son; C. Dernberg, furs; Imperial.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Mr. Webber, gloves; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; N. H. Probst, domestics, linings; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—W. A. Wiebold & Co., Mr. Swensen, laces, hdkfs., embroideries; Mr. Sommerfield, hosiery; Miss Keelock, waists; Mr. Lauritzen, jewelry, fancy goods, notions; 44 East 23d.

CHICAGO—L. Klein; Miss G. Oppenheimer, millinery; 31 Union Square.

CHICAGO—S. T. Corydon Co.; S. T. Corydon, dress goods, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway; Latham.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—McAlpin Co.; Miss E. Gilsey, notions, ribbons; 23 E. 26th.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Gilsey Mfg. Co.; C. Bernstein, silk dresses, Georgette waists; 3d floor, 1,199 B'way.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss C. Kavanaugh, infants' wear; 350 B'way.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. B. Bachmeyer, hosiery, knit underwear; 200 5th Av.; Sherman Square.

CINCINNATI—John Shillico Co.; M. Wickersham, linens; 432 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—W. Fechelmer, furn. goods; Aberdeen.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; V. R. Birch, furniture; 200 5th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, Fall suits, coats; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Altfeld, silk, serge dresses; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Higbee Co.; Miss Weiner, art goods; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; E. W. Aldrich, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.; Great Northern.

CLEVELAND—William Taylor, Son & Co.; H. Herman, house furn. goods, toys, books; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; W. L. Foster, general mdse.; Mr. Tybring, waists; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—J. Siegelman & Co.; J. Siegelman, woolens; Marlborough.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; Miss Herrman, infants' wear, muslin underwear, basement; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; D. C. Ross, millinery; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—J. Wagerman & Sons; A. Brennan, children's clothing; Breslin.

CLINTON, Mo.—S. Degan, jobs cotton waists; 470 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green Joyce Co.; Miss B. Wallace, dresses, coats, waists, skirts; J. F. O'Shaughnessy, domestics, hosiery, furn. goods, ready-to-wear; 354 4th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse, Martens Co.; Miss K. Judge, art goods, infants', children's wear; 1,170 Broadway.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; M. H. Simmons, ladies' gloves, hosiery; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—Kaufmann Co., R. M. Livermore, laces, neckwear, 621 Bway.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Columbus D. G. Co.; C. T. Adams, furn. goods; 1,150 B'way; Breslin.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green-Joyce Co.; M. A. Sells, dress goods, silks, ready-to-wear; 354 4th Av.; Marlborough.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; E. H. Alexander, furn. goods, hats; W. H. Knox, men's clothing; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBIA, Tenn.—J. L. Tapp Co.; J. E. Morris, J. L. Tapp, dry goods; 1,239 B'way; Continental.

CONNERSVILLE, Ind.—Straus Merc. Co.; Mr. Straus, ready-to-wear, dry goods; 72 Madison Av.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; E. D. Garrison, house furn. goods; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; H. Becker, mdse. mgr.; Miss Mandelbaum, women's wear; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green Co.; H. Lappich, hosiery, furn. goods, laces; 1,150 B'way.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Strauss & Louis Co.; J. Strauss, coats, suits; 1,170 B'way; Sherman Square.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—J. H. C. Paterson & Sons; F. G. Baird, domestics, dress goods, silks; 31 Union Square.

DAYTON, Ohio—Elder & Johnson Co.; A. L. Gibeon, jewelry, leather goods; 230 5th Av.; Longacre.

DENISON, Iowa—G. Mencgh & Co.; J. Mencgh, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Joslin D. G. Co.; H. F. Kramer, silks, dress goods; 23 E. 26th.

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; A. N. Deutsch, upholstery goods; P. J. Shadford, domestics, blankets; A. W. Wair, representing; 23 E. 26th; Woodward.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Wilkins Bros. Co.; Mrs. B. Smith, laces, dress trimmings; J. Horne, dress goods, silks; 334 4th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; A. Younker, neckwear, gloves; H. J. Simonsen, Dr., books, stationery; Mrs. M. Z. Ellison, infants', children's wear; G. M. Bennett, silks, dress goods; 303 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Wilkins Bros. Co.; Miss M. McNerney, hdkfs., jewelry, leather goods; 334 4th Av.; Marlborough.

DETROIT, Mich.—The Emporium; H. A. Crick, silks, dress goods; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. W. Krensing, millinery; A. H. Schroshun, jewelry, leather goods; 354 4th Av.

DETROIT—D. J. Healy Co.; Miss A. Hogan, laces, fabrics; Miss C. P. Gray, waists, dressgood, house dresses, negligees, muslin, knit underwear; 1,270 Broadway.

DURHAM, N. C.—Straus, Rosenberg Co.; S. Straus, ladies' ready-to-wear; 38 West 32d, Room 1506.

DULUTH, Minn.—Silverstein & Bondy Co.; J. T. Johnson, dress goods, silks; L. Trautman, notions, hosiery, underwear; 15 E. 26th.

EL PASO, Texas—I. Laskin & Bros.; I. Laskin, dry goods; Breslin.

ERIE, Penn.—Warner Bros. Co.; G. Lunger, dress goods, silks; Miss M. Ward, coats, suits; Miss E. Hamburger, laces, hdkfs., ribbons, neckwear, trimmings; Arlington.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Salm Bros.; S. H. Salm, ready-to-wear, 15 East 26th.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Andres & Co.; N. E. Lefebvre, Miss B. Scherer, ready-to-wear; 1,274 B'way.

FAIRMOUNT, W. Va.—Osgood's; D. M. Osgood, coats, suits; Breslin.

FARGO, N. D.—Black & Co.; M. Black, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.

FLINT, Mich.—Smith-Bridgman Co.; W. O. Smith, general mdse.; 44 E. 23d.

FORT DODGE, Iowa—Tuerke Merc. Co.; J. Smith, silk, serge dresses; 72 Madison Av.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Chas. Trankla & Co.; G. W. Hampton, notions; 432 4th Av.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; G. W. Miller, notions, laces, gloves, jewelry; G. W. Pope, hosiery, furn. goods; 1,170 B'way; York.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Steketee & Sons; E. G. Geiselman, women's muslin, knit underwear, corsets, waists, sweaters, boys' clothing, infants' wear; Breslin.

HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Kaufman Bros. & Co.; I. Kaufman, D. Kaufman, suits, coats, dresses, waists, children's coats; 40 West 22d.

HAMMOND, Ind.—Kaufman & Wolf; C. Kaufman, clothing, ready-to-wear; 395 B'way.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. H. York, clothing, furn. goods; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind.—A. Weller & Bros.; M. M. Weller, dry goods; Miss J. Goodman, ready-to-wear; 72 Madison Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; E. Allen, cloaks; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; A. Hutter, ladies' gloves; 105 Grand.

HELENA, Ark.—Ware & Solomon; D. Solomon, men's clothing, furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.

HOUSTON, Texas—Hogan & Allnoch D. G. Co.; E. J. Hogan, dry goods; 236 Church.

HOUSTON, Texas—S. C. Ladinsky, ladies' ready-to-wear; Room 816, 1,261 B'way.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Sample Cloak & Suit Co.; J. M. Hermanson, coats, suits; Mrs. J. M. Hermanson, millinery, dresses, waists; McAlpin.

INDIANAPOLIS—William H. Block Co.; G. C. Albrecht, draperies; 1,261 B'way.

IOLA, Kan.—Horwitz, Schoenbrun Mercantile Co.; Mrs. Horwitz, Fall suits; 339 5th Av.

IRONWOOD, Mich.—Leader Dept. Store; Mr. Wohlfeld, jobs cotton waists; 470 4th Av.

JACKSON, Mich.—L. H. Field Co.; E. R. Hague, carpets, rugs; Prince George.

JACKSON, Mich.—Ladies Sample Cloak & Suit Shop; S. Schwartz, coats, suits, dresses; Room 816, 1,205 B'way.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Goldschmidt Bros.; H. N. Goldschmidt, clothing, furn. goods; 2 East 23d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—J. L. Greenstone Co.; M. Greenstone, Spring coats, Georgette waists, silk petticoats, wash skirts; 1,178 Bway.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—George B. Peck D. G. Co.; Miss K. Finnegan, coats, suits, dresses; Mrs. Zimmerman, waists; 230 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Jones Store Co.; Mrs. Tucker, representing; 23 E. 26th.

KINGSTON, N. Y.—Kingston Up-to-Date Mfg. Co.; F. Forman, jobs wash, silk dresses, cotton, ingerie waists; 170 5th Av.

KOKOMO, Ind.—T. Ivens' Sons Co.; M. Ives, ready-to-wear; Flanders.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. M. Newcomber Co.; Miss R. Kessler, millinery; Mrs. N. K. Little, misses' ready-to-wear; M. M. Newcomber, ladies' ready-to-wear; 45 West 34th, Room 901.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; R. Orr, housefurn. goods; 404 4th Av.; Herald Square.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; Miss E. Martin, laces, ribbons, neckwear, trimmings; 404 4th Av.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; H. Kohn, silks, dress goods; 230 5th Av.

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LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; G. J. Blass, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway; Cumberland.

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LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Millner Co.; T. B. O'Reilly, dress goods, trimmings; 1,150 Broadway; Gregorian.

MADISON, Wis.—S. A. Woldenberg, dresses, waists; Knickerbocker.

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MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; S. Levy, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; Mrs. B. Redfield, corsets; 22 E. 17th; Aberdeen.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Summerfield Co., Mrs. S. E. Bailey, ready-to-wear; 1,140 Bway.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; G. J. Woods, laces, ribbons, notions, handkerchiefs, leather goods; E. J. Bishop, linens, white goods, printed, colored wash goods; Miss E. Frank, ladies' underwear, infants', children's garments; 22 E. 17th.

MERIDIAN, Miss.—A. Loeb, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

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MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; W. L. Rowse, notions, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 31 Union Square.

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MILWAUKEE—B. E. Heller Co.; B. E. Heller, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.

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MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Mr. Burns, representing; 230 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge, & Co., H. C. Read, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.

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MINNEAPOLIS—Root & Hageman; W. O. Crawford, millinery; 1,170 Broadway.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The Arcade Garment Shop; A. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,199 Bway.

MINNEAPOLIS—Root & Hageman; Miss I. Hymes, waists; Miss M. C. Van Gent, waists; 1,170 Broadway; Breslin.

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NEWHAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; E. C. Mackie, furn. goods, hosiery; M. S. Mumma, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—The Krauss Co.; H. Blatnikoff, millinery; 43 Leonard.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Kreegers' Store; Miss G. E. Clay, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; M. Zander, clothing, furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.

NORFOLK, Va.—Ames, Brownley & Hornthal; D. B. Ames, dry goods; 44 E. 23d.

NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; R. S. Shoninger, mdse. mgr.; 23 E. 26th.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—M. D. Hershkowitz, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

OMAHA, Neb.—Thompson, Belden & Co.; Miss S. Shanahan, millinery; Breslin.

OTTUMWA, Ia.—Nelson, Madden & Rae Co.; T. J. Madden, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

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PARIS, Ky.—Simon Dept. Store; H. Simon, dry goods; Breslin.

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PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, satin, serge dresses; 18 W. 27th.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 Bway.

PHILADELPHIA—Ulman Bros.; B. H. Ulman, skirtings; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. M. Garretson, trimmed millinery; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Miss A. Mulvey, misses', children's coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.

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PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss M. McMahon, misses' coats, suits; B'way and 10th.

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TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—A. Herz; Mr. Uppenheimer, gloves, hosiery; 116 W. 32d.

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TOLEDO, Ohio—Lion D. G. Co.; J. W. Drickerhoff, notions, leather goods, jewelry; 23 East 20th.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; C. Greene, coats, suits; 1,170 B'way.

TOLEDO, Ohio—W. L. Milner & Co; Mr. Helm, drugs, toilet, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss L. Ringleman, Miss I. Sheets, Miss M. Lee, ladies' wear; 1,170 Broadway.

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UTICA, N. Y.—R. Frazer; E. J. Menge, rugs; Continental.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

List Sags on Moderate Dealings, with a Few Issues Forging Ahead.

Stocks lost a little ground in an irregular session yesterday, but closed with sentiment improved by the growing belief that the Government authorities will accept a liberal view in fixing prices on supplies to be bought both for this country and the Allies. When it was first suggested a few weeks ago that the foreign Governments should be given the same terms as the United States upon their purchases made in this country the objection was immediately made that such prices as had been quoted for this country were too low to allow of any substantial profit unless averaged with the higher quotations obtainable in the open market. It is now expected that prices will be adjusted on a basis allowing a fair profit to producers and manufacturers so that they will have no interest in the destination of their materials. It was reported yesterday, for instance, that a sale of 31,000 tons of copper had been arranged for the allied Governments at a price better than 25 cents per pound. Figures which are being talked of for steel likewise take into account the new conditions which have arisen in recent months, and no more is being heard, at the moment, of confiscation.

Yesterday's market was rather narrow, with little outside buying making itself felt. The list showed a much better tone at the close with some of the rails and several industrials making their best prices for the day. Attention centred in the final hour very largely upon United Cigar Stores, American International Corporation, and Mercantile Marine, all of which moved forward rather easily. Earlier in the day the steel stocks lost ground on the report that the War Industries Board was getting ready to establish arbitrary prices for steel products that would be considerably under those which have been paid lately.

The expected happened in the dividend meeting of the Studebaker Company, when the dividend was reduced from 10 per cent. to 4 per cent. The stock broke from its high of 56 to 52½, following the announcement, closing unchanged at 53½. Steel sold down to 120⅜, but closed a half point above that price, with a net decline of ⅛. Some of the smaller steel companies' stocks felt the effect of the fears of low prices to be extended to the Allies more keenly. Bethlehem old stock dropped 4½ points on a single sale, while Bethlehem B on active dealings ranged from 126 to 123⅜, showing a net loss of 1⅞ at the end of the session. For the most part, however, transactions were in such small volume as to rob movements of any significance.

Many traders have taken advantage of the lull to get out of the city, and there were no signs discernible yesterday of an early return to greater activity in the market. Not even the liberal offerings of call loans at from 2½ to 3 per cent. are sufficient to induce the big operators to carry stocks pending the determination of the policy to be followed in fixing prices. Payment must be made this week for the $100,000,000 of Canadian notes and for the new issue of $300,000,000 Treasury certificates.

The question of terms to be made for the next Government war loan is still under discussion, and bankers do not look for a decision on the interest rate for some weeks yet. The Liberty bonds went to a new low record yesterday when a block sold at 90.52. It is understood that the new loan will not be brought out until the middle of November, by which time conditions governing the rate of interest which it will be necessary to offer may undergo radical changes.

GOOD TONE IN LONDON.

Money and Discount Rates Are Steady and Quiet.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Money and discount rates were quiet and steady today:

The stock market opened with a good tone all around, and moderate investment buying, chiefly in the old and new war loans, allied and colonial bonds and Mexican issues.

South American rails recovered, and in the miscellaneous section brewery shares were the feature. Oil stocks closed firm. American securities were dull and neglected.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 61 francs 50 centimes for cash; exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 87 francs 55 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3	Last	2½
Low	2½	Renewals	2½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATL.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5%@4	Sixty days	4 @4½
Ninety days	4 @4½	Ninety days	4@4½
Four months	4½@4¾	Four months	4¾@5
Five months	4¾	Five months	5 @5¼
Six months	4¾	Six months	5 @5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days: 3 @3⅛
Non-members and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days: 3¼@3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days: 3¼@4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4½
4 to 6 months	4¾@5
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	5¼@6½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7555	$4.7555	$4.7555	.0001¼
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	.0001¼
France—				
Demand	5.77½	5.77½	5.77¼	—.00⅝
Cables	5.76⅛	5.76½	5.76¼	—.00⅝
Rubles—				
Demand	21.50	21.50	21.50	..
Cables	21.60	21.60	21.60	..

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand	Cables.
$4.8663 London	4.7555	4.75⅞
5.1825 Paris	5.77½	5.76⅛
China—		
Hongkong	65.50	65.60
Peking	98.75	100.00
Shanghai	94.50	94.75
40.10 Holland	19.80	19.85
32.44 India—	42.18¾	42.25
Bombay	32.75	33.00
Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826 Italy	7.30	7.35
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.10	51.125
Yokohama	51.00	51.125
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
26.79 Scandinavia—	21.50	21.60
Stockholm	33.60	33.80
Copenhagen	30.00	30.20
Christiania	30.60	30.80
South America—	22.00	22.75
32.41 Rio	25.875	26.00
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.875	43.50
5.1826 Switzerland	4.49	4.47

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71½	$4.69½	$4.71¾	$4.69¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $580,851,530; balance, $73,343,314; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $6,275,029; Federal Reserve credit balance, $43,596,818.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@5 discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, $1.25@$1.5625 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 41½d, up ½d; in New York, 81¾c, up 1c; Mexican dollars, 63¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$2,710,850	$18,515,960
Ord. int. rev	5,038,305	60,252,264
Income tax	491,065	9,880,945
Miscellaneous	1,254,372	8,830,851
Total receipts	$13,852,573	$97,008,522
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	26,504,695	151,137,777
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	180,954,584	807,763,314
Expenditures	40,447,289	243,146,800

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, AUG. 7, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	420,600	248,516	1,077,325
Year to date	116,245,471	95,860,507	82,329,188

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
5	5⅛	600	Alaska Gold Mines	5	5	5	5	— ⅛
30	31	1,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	30¼	30¼	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅛
86	87	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	86	86	86	86	— ⅞
91½	92	100	Am. Agr. Chem	91½	91½	91½	91½	— ⅛
96⅞	96¼	2,300	Am. Beet Sugar	96¾	97	96	96¼	— ⅛
48½	49	200	Am. Can	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ⅛
107⅝	108⅜	100	Am. Can pf	108⅛	108⅜	108⅛	108⅜	+ ⅛
76¼	76½	2,000	Am. Car & Fdry	76⅝	76⅝	76	76	— ⅝
39½	40¼	200	Am. Cotton Oil	40¼	40¼	40	40	— ⅛
65¾	66¼	1,300	Am. Hide & L. pf	66¾	66¾	65¼	66	— 1
15	16	100	Am. Ice	15½	15½	15½	15½	— ⅛
54	54½	100	Am. Ice pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	— ⅛
59⅝	59¾	3,200	Am. International	57	59¾	57	59¾	+ 2⅜
28½	28⅝	6,000	Am. Linseed	29	29⅛	28¾	28⅞	— ⅛
64	64½	1,100	Am. Linseed pf	64	64½	63½	64⅛	— ⅞
122⅝	123	5,900	Am. Locomotive	78	78	78	78	— ⅛
103½	104	100	Am. Locomotive pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅛
14	15¼	300	Am. Malting	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
69½	69¾	200	Am. Malting 1st pf	69⅝	70	69⅝	70	+ ⅛
103½	103⅝	1,900	Am. Smelt. & Refin	104⅛	104¼	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅛
114⅜	114⅝	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf	114	114	114	114	— ⅛
122⅝	123	500	Am. Steel F'dries	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	— ⅛
54	54¼	5,900	Am. Sugar Ref	123⅞	124⅝	123½	123⅝	— ⅛
119	119¼	7,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	54½	55¼	53⅜	54¼	+ ⅛
215½	216	100	Am. Tel. & Tel	119	119	119	119	+ ⅛
53	53⅜	500	Am. Tobacco	216	218	214	216	— ⅞
98	99	300	Am. Woolen	53¼	53¼	52⅝	52⅝	— ⅝
24	24⅝	100	Am. Woolen pf	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	— ⅛
77⅜	77⅝	3,000	Am. Zinc & S	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
60	61	100	Anaconda Copper	78⅜	78⅜	77⅝	77⅝	— ⅞
100	100½	1,100	Associated Oil	60	60	60	60	— ⅛
96	96¾	300	Atch., Top. & S. F	99⅞	100	99⅞	100	— ⅛
105	106½	800	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	— ⅛
73⅜	74	4,900	Atl. Gulf & W. I	105½	106	105½	106	— ⅛
69⅞	69⅞	1,700	Baldwin Loco	74¼	74¼	73½	73⅝	— ⅛
1	1⅛	600	Balt. & Ohio	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	— ⅛
125	130	100	Batopilas Mining	69⅞	69⅞	69½	69⅝	+ ⅛
124⅜	124½	28,500	Bethlehem Steel	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
60¼	61½	300	Beth.S.class B t.cfs	127½	127½	127½	127½	— ⅛
10½	11	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	126	126	125⅜	125⅜	— ⅛
96⅛	96⅜	100	Bruns. T. & Ry. Sec	60⅞	61⅜	60⅞	61⅛	— ⅛
38½	38⅝	300	Burns Brothers	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
33	33½	300	Butte & Superior	97¼	97¼	97½	97½	— ⅛
50½	51½	200	California Packing	39¼	39¼	38½	38½	— ⅛
162	162½	200	Calif. Petroleum pf	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
		200	Canadian Pacific	51	51	50¼	50½	— ⅛
34⅜	36	100	Car. Chicksh & Ohio	161½	162	161½	162	— ½
94½	94⅞	1,100	Cerro de Pasco	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ⅛
112½	114	16,000	Central Leather Co	34⅜	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜	— ⅛
82	82½	22	Cent. Leath. Co. pf	96⅜	96⅜	93⅜	94⅝	— ⅛
60⅞	61	800	Chandler Motor	112¾	112¾	112½	112½	— ⅛
68	69⅜	2,300	Chesa. & Ohio	83	83	82½	82½	— ⅛
107½	108	800	Chi. Mil. & St. P	60	60⅞	60⅞	60⅞	— 1¼
34⅜	35	1,000	C., W. & St.P.pf.x d	69½	69⅝	69	69⅝	+ ⅝
72¾	73	800	C., R. I. & P. t. c	108	108	108	108	+ ⅝
		200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c	34½	34¾	34¾	34¾	...
58⅞	59	1,100	Chi. Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c	72⅝	72¾	72⅝	72¾	— ¼
19½	20	900	Chile Copper	59	59½	58⅝	58⅝	...
55½	56	300	Chino Copper	20¼	20¼	20	20	...
49⅝	50¼	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	55⅜	55⅝	55½	55½	— ½
39⅝	40⅛	100	Columbia Gas & El	50½	50⅝	50¼	50¼	— ⅛
111⅝	111¾	500	Consolidated Gas	40	40	40	40	— 1⅝
15	16	200	Cons. Inter. Cal. M	111⅜	111⅜	111¼	111¼	...
34½	34⅝	2,100	Corn Prod. Refin	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛
97	98	100	Corn Pr. Ref. pf	34½	34½	34½	34½	— ⅛
84⅜	84⅝	12,000	Crucible Steel	97¾	97¾	97¾	97⅝	+ ⅛
102⅜	103	400	Crucible Steel pf	85⅝	85⅝	83¼	84¼	...
39⅝	40¼	1,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	103	103	103	103	+ ⅝
90	100	100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	40½	40½	40	40	...
107½	109	300	Cuban Am. Sug. pf	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	...
114	100	100	Del. & Hudson	105	107½	105	107½	+1¼
224	40	40	Del., Lack. & W	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	+6
16	16½	200	Denv. & Rio Gr. pf	212	212	212	212	+ ⅛
28¼	28⅝	4,800	Distillers Secur	16¼	16¼	16	16	...
9⅞	10	300	Dome Mines	20½	20½	10	28¼	— ⅛
27¾	28	2,700	Erie	10	10	10	10	...
25	26¼	100	Federal Min. & S	24⅝	25⅜	24⅜	25⅜	...
51¼	52⅝	100	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	+ ⅛
37½	38	200	Fisher Body	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	— ⅛
38	39	500	Gaston, Will. & W	40½	40½	40	40	...
154½	155½	200	General Electric	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	— ⅛
114⅞	114⅞	3,300	Gen. Motors t. cfs	154⅜	154⅝	154¼	154¼	— ⅛
	87½	100	Gen. Pr. pf. t. cfs	115	115	113⅝	113⅝	+ ⅛
103½	104	1,400	Great Northern pf	88	88	88	88	— ⅛
34½	34⅞	1,300	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	— ⅛
42	43	300	Greene Can. Cop	35	35	34½	34½	— ⅛
57⅜	57⅝	1,900	Inspiration Copper	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼	— ⅛
9½	10	206	Interboro Consol	58½	58½	57½	57½	— ⅛
55½	56	200	Inter. Consol. pf	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅛
58	59	100	Int. Agricultural pf	55⅜	56	55⅜	56	+ ⅛
29¼	29¼	1,500	Int. Mer. Marine	58½	58¾	58½	58½	— ⅛
89¼	89¾	7,400	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	28½	29¼	28⅝	29⅛	+ ⅝
39⅝	40	2,400	Int. Nickel	88⅝	89⅝	87⅝	89⅛	+ ⅛
35	36½	200	Int. Paper	39⅞	40	39⅝	40	+ ⅛
67	68	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
41	44	300	Jewel Tea	67½	67½	67¼	67¼	— 1
22	22½	100	Kansas City South	43½	43½	43½	43½	— ½
27	38	100	Kelsey Wheel	22	22	22	22	...
44⅜	44¾	1,000	Kennecott Copper	30	30	30	30	...
92⅜	93⅜	1,500	Lackawanna Steel	44	44½	44	44½	+ ⅛
63⅜	64½	500	Lehigh Valley	93¾	94	93⅞	93	— ⅛
17	20	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	63⅜	64	63⅜	64	+ ⅛
124⅜	124⅞	200	Louis & Nash	17	17	17	17	...
33⅜	34	2,200	Maxwell Motors	124⅜	124⅞	124⅜	124⅞	+ ⅛
65	66	200	Maxwell Motors pf	34⅝	35¼	33½	34	— ⅛
24½	25½	500	Max. Motors 2d pf	65⅜	65⅝	65½	65⅝	+ ⅛
97	97⅜	1,400	Mexican Petroleum	25	25	24½	24½	— ⅛
39	39¼	700	Miami Copper	97⅜	97⅜	97	97	— ⅛
59	59¼	2,100	Midvale Steel	39	39¼	39	39	— ⅛
16½	17	100	Minn. & St. L. new	59½	59½	58⅞	59¼	+ ⅛
5⅝	6	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
33¼	33⅝	7,600	Mo. Pac. tr. ctfs	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
57¼	59	200	Mo. Pac. pf tr. ctfs	33	33⅜	32⅝	33¼	— ⅛
34⅝	35	500	National Acme	58½	58⅝	58⅛	58⅛	— ⅛
36½	37	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	35	35	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅛
43⅝	44	800	Nat. Enam. & Sta	37⅜	37⅜	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛
98	99½	100	Nat. En. & sta. pf	44⅜	44⅜	43⅞	44⅛	— ⅛
28	28¼	300	Nev. Cons. Copper	99	99	99	99	— ⅛
34⅜	35⅛	700	N. Orleans T. & M	23¼	23½	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
88	89½	1,225	N. Y. Central	34½	34⅝	34½	34½	— ⅛
38	38½	400	N. Y., N. H. & H	88⅝	89¼	88⅝	89	— ⅛
22¼	22⅝	100	N. Y., Ont. & W	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
122¼	122⅞	500	Norfolk & Western	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
58	62	100	North American	122	122	122	122	— ⅛
101⅛	101⅞	800	North. Pacific	59	59	59	59	— ⅛
103½	104½	1,400	Nov. Sco. Stl. & C	101⅛	101⅛	101¼	101¼	— ⅛
56½	57	6,050	Ohio Cities Gas	104½	104½	102	103½	+2
50	52	200	Ohio Fuel Supply	57⅞	58	58	58	— 1
26¼	27	100	Pacific Mail	50	50	50	50	— ½
25	28	100	Pac. Tel. & Tel	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ ⅛
94	94⅝	700	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	25	25	25	25	...
40	41	600	Penn. Railroad	94	94	94	94	— ⅛
97⅜	98	100	Pierce Arrow	52⅝	52⅞	52½	52⅝	— ⅛
57⅞	58	2,100	Pierce Arrow pf	40½	40½	40½	40½	+ ⅞
99½	100	100	P. Coal cfs of dep	98	98	98	98	...
33⅝	34	1,500	Pitts. Steel pf	58	58	57¾	58	...
66	67¼	700	Pitts. & W. Va	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛
72¾	73½	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	33½	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
116	118	100	Pr. Steel Car	66½	67	66½	67	— ⅛
1¼	1½	200	Pub. Serv., N. J	74	74	73½	73½	— ⅛
2	2	300	Quicksilver	117	117	117	117	— ⅜
27⅜	27⅝	1,300	Quicksilver pf	1½	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
95¾	95¾	4,100	Ray Cons. Copper	1½	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
92¼	92½	7,600	Reading	28¼	28¼	27½	27⅝	— ⅛
103⅜	104	200	Republic I. & S	95¾	95¾	94⅝	95¾	+ ⅝
64⅜	64⅝	100	Republic I. & S. pf	93	93⅛	91⅞	92¼	— ⅛
17	17½	100	Royal Dutch, N. Y	104	104	103½	103½	— ½
93	94	100	St. L. San Fran	64½	64½	64½	64½	...
27¼	28	200	Savage Arms	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	...
168½	169½	1,300	Seaboard Air L. pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	— ⅛
42¼	42⅞	100	Sears Roebuck Co	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+ ⅛
55	58	300	Sinclair Oil & Ref	169	169	169	169	— 1
94⅝	95	2,400	Sloss-Sheff. S. & I	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	— ⅛
1,100	1,100	50	South. Pacific	55⅞	55⅞	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅛
38,400	53⅜	8,000	So. Porto Rico Sug	94½	95	94½	95	— ⅛
47	47	100	South. Railway	180	180	180	180	+3
18	18½	100	South. Railway pf	27¼	28¼	27	28¼	+1
193	193	1,900	Studebaker	56½	57¼	56½	57¼	+1½
		5,500	Superior Steel	53½	56	53½	56	+2¼
192	193	14,600	Tenn. Cop. & Chem	46⅝	46⅝	46⅜	46⅜	— ⅜
		100	Texas Co	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	— 1¼
		100	Texas Co. rights	194⅝	194⅝	192	192	— 2
		100	Tobacco Products	22¼	22¼	21½	21¾	— ⅛
		100	Underwood Typew	69⅝	70¼	68⅝	70	+1
		200	Union B. & P. new	109	109	109	109	+1
		1,300	Union Pacific	81	81	80¼	80¼	— ⅛
		100	Union Pac. pf	139⅜	139⅜	137	139⅜	+ ⅛
		23,000	United Cigar Stores	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	— ⅛
		50	United Drug 1st pf	119⅜	122⅜	119⅜	122⅜	+ ⅛
		100	United Fruit	51¼	51½	51½	51½	— ⅛
		100	United Rys Invest	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜	133⅜	— ¼
		100	U. S. C. I. P. & Fy	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
		2,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	21¼	21½	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
		1,200	U. S. Rubber	162⅛	162⅝	162⅛	162⅝	— ⅛
		800	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	62¼	62¼	61¾	61¾	— ⅛
		97,700	U. S. Steel	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	+ ⅛
		200	U. S. Steel pf	127⅜	127⅞	126⅝	126⅞	— ⅞
		1,300	Utah Copper	118	118	118	118	...
		100	Utah Securities	106⅝	106⅝	106¼	106⅜	—¼
		400	Va.-Car. Chemical	18⅜	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	—⅛
		300	Wabash	41	41¼	41	41	...
		500	Wabash pf A	11⅜	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞	...
		400	Wabash pf B	49¼	49¾	49¼	49¾	+ ⅜
		300	West. Maryland	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
		100	West. Union Tel	20½	20⅞	20½	20⅞	+ ⅛
		400	Wheel. & L. E	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	— ⅛
		300	White Motors	49	49	49	49	—1¼
		50	Wilson & Co. pf	15¼	15½	15¼	15⅝	+ ⅜
		3,100	Willys-Overland	47	47	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅜
		100	Woolworth pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	...
				32¼	32¾	32	32¾	...
				123	123	123	123	...

NEW $5,000,000 ISSUE.

National City Company to Offer Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

The National City Company has bought, and will offer to the public, $5,000,000 6 per cent. secured gold notes of the Electric Auto-Lite Corporation, maturing in one and two years. Of the total issue $2,000,000 will fall due in one year and $3,000,000 in two years. The one-year notes will be offered at 99¾ and interest, yielding over 6% per cent., and the two-year notes will be sold at 98 and interest, yielding over 7 per cent.

The notes of the Electric Auto-Lite Corporation will be secured by specific pledge of collateral, valued at over $17,000,000, and consisting of the common stock of the Willys-Overland Company, Fisk Rubber Company's 7 per cent. second preferred stock, and Federal Rubber Company's 7 per cent. second preferred stock. The Electric Auto-Lite Corporation (a Delaware concern) has recently been organized to acquire the business and assets of the Electric Auto-Lite Company, (an Ohio corporation,) which owns a modern plant in Toledo and is engaged in the manufacture of electric starting and lighting systems for automobiles.

The company's net income for the first six months of the current year amounted to $1,703,222, and the dividend income from stocks pledged amounts to $820,000.

STUDEBAKER DIVIDEND CUT.

Common Stock Reduced from 10 to 4 Per Cent. Basis.

The news was received in Wall Street yesterday that the Directors of the Studebaker Corporation, at its annual meeting in South Bend, Ind., had declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock, but reduced the common stock dividend from 2½ per cent. to 1 per cent., equivalent to a reduction from 10 to 4 per cent. a year. The dividend, as usual, is payable on Sept. 1 to stockholders of record Aug. 20.

"The net profits of the corporation for the first six months of this year amounted to $2,966,198," says a statement issued by A. R. Erskine, the President, "after deduction for existing corporation income taxes, but without provision for excess profit taxes which may be enacted by Congress. The Directors feel constrained to reduce the dividend on the common stock on account of the uncertainties of the future and the consequent necessity of conserving working capital. Upon the entrance of our country into the war the company's sales declined. The factory production schedule in May was changed to conform with the reduced volume of business. This increases overhead costs, and since July 1, however, sales have improved."

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	70.98	70.57	70.89	+.10
25 industrials	92.51	91.81	92.21	—.54
50 stocks	81.89	81.19	81.55	—.22

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

| | High. |

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RECORD PROSPERITY SHOWN BY RAILWAYS

Net Revenue of 153 Lines for June $88,283,329, a 10 Per Cent. Gain Over June, 1916.

BIG JUMP IN EXPENSES

Increased $30,000,000, While Operating Revenues Gained $38,000,000 —Put 1917 Down as Banner Year.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Record prosperity for the railroads is shown in Interstate Commerce Commission returns for June. The 153 roads covered by the figures, operating three-fourths of the country's mileage, reported that their net revenue increased nearly $8,000,000 over June, 1916, the previous record month, and reached a total of $88,283,329. Operating revenues increased more than $38,000,000, totaling $273,867,527, while expenses were approximately $30,000,000 higher than a year ago.

The greatest increase is shown by Western roads, whose operating revenues jumped from $94,000,000 to $110,000,000. Expenses increased approximately $10,000,000, leaving net revenues from operation $39,616,950, or about $6,000,000 more than in June, 1916.

Eastern roads show an increase in net revenue of approximately $600,000. Operating revenues increased $15,000,000, totaling $120,865,262, while expenses increased approximately $14,400,000.

In the Southern district operating revenues show an increase of more than $7,000,000, reaching $42,719,588. Expenses increased approximately $6,000,000, leaving net revenues $13,494,159, approximately $1,000,000 higher than a year ago.

Preliminary figures covering the first six months of 1917 show an excess of $2,500,000 in net revenues over the record figures of a year ago. This increase was in the face of several bad months during the Winter. The returns are interpreted as indicating that the railroads will exceed in 1917 by many millions the banner figures recorded last year.

Total operating revenues of the 153 roads during the first six months were $1,489,248,702, an increase of $163,000,000 over the first six months of 1916. Expenses totaling $1,065,281,720 were approximately $160,500,000 greater than a year ago.

The upward turn came in May, when the total earnings were slightly better than in May, 1916.

Thirty-three roads still are to be heard from, and on the basis of the reports already in the total operating income of all the roads for June should show a $10,000,000 increase, at least, over June, 1916. The complete returns, it is estimated, will show the enormous total of $1,800,000,000 in operating income during the first six months of the current year. The increase in operating revenues for all roads during the period is expected to amount to approximately $190,000,000.

On the basis of these figures it is not unlikely that the roads will receive around $4,000,000,000 for operations in 1917, an increase of 20 per cent. over the previous high total. Expenses, of course, have soared to new heights also, but the margin between revenues and expenses is expected to be greater than ever before.

Cable Censorship in Siam.

Siam has imposed a cable censorship. The Commercial Cable Company announced yesterday that Siam now only admits cablegrams written in plain language, English or French, or in certain specified codes.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Metropolitan Bank opened an account yesterday with the Federal Reserve Bank in New York. The funds on deposits will be used for the settlement of daily balances at the Clearing House.

L. N. Rosenbaum has been elected President of the Knickerbocker-Wyoming Oil Company, succeeding R. H. Walsh of Sheridan, Wyoming.

Alabama Power Company has made an agreement with the New York Trust Company, as Trustees, to secure an issue of $5,000,000 5-year, 6 per cent. secured notes, due July 1, 1922.

The Stock Exchange has stricken from list Booth Fisheries Company, common, $100 par, and has admitted 171,760 shares of the company's common with no par value.

First National Bank of Boston has opened a branch in Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Directors of the Quaker Oats Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 3 per cent., an increase of ½ per cent.

Bonbright & Co. have purchased and will shortly put upon the market a $2,300,000 issue of five-year 6 per cent. secured notes of the Reading Transit & Light Company, to be made as soon as the approval of the Pennsylvania Public Service Commission is obtained.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	63.50	63.62½	63.50	
Lead	..	11.00		11.00
Spelter	..	8.75	8.75	
Antimony	*15.00	15.50	*15.00	*15.50
Quicksilver	....	115.00	..	115.00
Aluminium	....	*50.00	..	*50.00
Iron, No. X f'dy.	52.75	53.75	52.75	53.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 27½@25¾c, carload lots, spot delivery; 26@27c, third quarter; 24½@25c, fourth quarter delivery.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	125	0	0	125	0	0
Copper, futures	124	10	0	124	10	0
Tin, spot	246	0	0	246	0	0
Tin, futures	242	10	0	242	10	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	30	33	Iron Cap	16	16¼
Bay S G	9	10	Iron C pf	15⅝	16½
Bingham	12⅝	13	Iron Blos	80	100
Begole	50	75	Jerome V	1⅞	2
Bohemia	1¼	1⅝	La Rose	42	46
Bost Ely	1	1⅛	Majestic	40	43
Bost & M	70	71	Mex Met	27	29
Butte & L	15	16	Mojave T	52	54
Butte & B	4⅝	5	New Balt	1¼	1⅝
Bost & Ar	1¾	2	New Doug	1¼	1⅝
Calaveras	3	4¼	N U Bing	..	50
Chief Cons	2¼	2⅝	Nixon	33	35
Crown Res	25	30	N Cornelia	18	18¼
Con Ariz	2⅝	2⅞	N Z & L	50	53
Cortez	15	20	Ohio Cop	1¼	1½
Champ C	7	8	Oneco	..	43
Cal Corbin	1	2	Onondaga	30	45
E & B B	2¾	2½	Pioneer C	1¼	1⅞
Earl Eagle	15	18	Rilla	2	4
Fortuna	5	6	Ray Hero	8¾	4
Gold Lake	2	5	S W M	1	2
Gila C S	15¾	16¼	S W M	1	1⅜
Houghton	75	100	Truro	1¼	1½
Homa Oil	1⅛	1¼	U V Ext	37½	38½
Humboldt	80	90	Yukon G'd	1⅜	2

*Full paid. †Part paid.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Jacket	.09
Alta	.03	Justice	.03
Andes	.10	Mexican	.45
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.00
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.12
Caledonia	.09	Overman	.07
Challenge Con	.11	Potosi	.98
Chollar	.04	Savage	.07
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.88
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.14
Con. Virginia	.22	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.01	Mexican dollars	.64

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.40	Daisy	.03
Halifax	.20	Florence	.18
Jim Butler	.80	Goldfield Cons	.56
McNamara	.11	Goldfield Merger	.06
Midway	.30	Great Bend	.11
Mizpah	.09	Jumbo Extens	.23
Monarch Pitts	.08	Jumbo Junior	.04
Montana	.19	Kewanas	.13
North Star	.10	Silver Pick	.10
Rescue Eula	.17	Spearhead	.04
Tonopah Exten	2.00	MANHATTAN.	
Tonopah Nev	6.00	Big Four	.05
West End	.60	Consolidated	.20
West Tonopah	.10	Morning Glory	.17
GOLDFIELD.		Union Amalg	.14
Atlanta	.11	White Caps	1.17½
Booth	.07		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Creason	6	6½	Granite	45	55
Dr. Pepper	4⅝	4¾	Isabella	9¼	10¼
Elkton	6⅝	6⅞	Jerry J	4½	5⅛
El Paso	25	30	McKinney	10	18
Fanny B	3	3½	Portland	142	180
Golden Cr	20⅝	21⅝	Gold M	20¾	21¼
Gold Sov	4¼	5¼	Vindicator	60	75

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
June gross	$313,637	$298,862	$329,529
Net	94,622	84,024	153,901
Sur. aft. chgs.	13,952	*1,822	52,360
6 mos. gross	2,395,247	2,081,788	2,044,092
Net	824,242	836,574	915,150
Sur. aft. chgs.	326,095	274,530	280,973

*Deficit.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
July gross	8,089,011	7,619,246	469,765
7 mos. gross	48,091,493	43,494,240	4,597,253

RUTLAND RAILROAD—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
June gross	374,892	329,621	308,198
Net aft. tax	80,361	84,705	72,117
6 mos. gross	2,063,930	1,958,851	1,633,845
Net aft. taxes	346,809	487,470	320,568

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
June gross	1,700,496	1,468,835	301,661
Net aft. taxes	548,368	262,994	285,474
6 mos. gross	10,543,234	9,070,685	1,472,549
Net aft. taxes	2,565,594	1,760,470	805,124

Public Utilities.

DETROIT UNITED LINES—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
June gross	1,490,084	1,370,849	120,235
Net aft. exp	336,538	363,251	*26,713
Sur. aft. chgs.	157,434	186,653	*29,219
6 mos. gross	8,552,920	7,531,238	1,021,682
Net aft. exp	2,375,060	2,350,926	45,131
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,364,374	1,352,470	11,904

*Decrease.

MANUFACTURERS' LIGHT AND HEAT COMPANY for six months ended June 30—

6 mos. gross	4,408,702	3,940,038	468,664
Net aft. taxes	1,884,060	1,702,722	181,338
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,848,480	1,654,525	192,905
Bal.—aft. divs.	432,152	734,525	*302,373

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

ALASKA GOLD MINES COMPANY for the first and second quarters of 1917—

	2d Quar'r.	1st Quar'r.	Increase.
Gross value	$577,616	$539,488	$38,128
Oper. expenses	471,096	405,057	66,039
Extra expenses	....	25,711	*25,711
Balance	106,520	108,740	*2,220
Other income	7,714	4,303	3,411
Gross income	114,234	113,043	1,191

*Decrease.

The July sales of S. H. Kress & Co. were $1,190,397, an increase of $150,867 over 1916. In the seven months to July 31 the sales were $5,012,896, an increase of $1,068,898, over the corresponding period of 1916.

UTAH APEX MINING COMPANY for the three months ended with May—

	Receipts.	Expenses.	Net.
March	162,963	75,488	87,470
April	844	23,809	*22,964
May	10,452	26,324	*15,871
Total	174,256	125,622	48,634

*Deficit.

F. W. WOOLWORTH COMPANY sales for July—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
July sales	7,174,857	6,520,813	654,044
Gain in old stores was	259,300		
7 mos. sales	48,683,450	43,722,227	4,961,223
Gain in old stores was	2,257,478		

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	@4½	5.05	4.75
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½@5	5.15	5.00
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.25
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	5.40	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.25	5.00
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	4.90	4.80
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	5.70	5.10
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.10	4.80
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	5.75	5.10
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.25	5.25
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.05	4.75
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.45	5.00
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.10	5.40
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½@5	4.98	4.70
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.00	4.90
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.10	4.80
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.25	5.25
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	5.85	5.15
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.30	5.00
Norfolk & West.	1917-'24	4½	4.95	4.70
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@6	5.50	5.00
Penn. Gen. Freight	1917-'23	4 @4½	4.80	4.50
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'29	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Seab'd Air Line	1917-'26	5	5.50	5.00
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.05	4.80
Southern Ry	1917-'24	4½@5	5.50	5.00

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, Aug. 7, (via London.)—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany, issued July 31, shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Total coin and bullion increased	261,000
Gold increased	710,000
Treasury notes increased	18,635,000
Notes of other banks decreased	989,000
Bills discounted increased	588,166,000
Advances increased	244,000
Investments increased	6,452,000
Other securities increased	58,868,000
Notes in circulation increased	228,175,000
Deposits increased	365,520,000
Other liabilities increased	30,288,000
Total gold holdings	2,402,195,000

COTTON GOES HIGHER

August Again Shows a Big Advance, Selling at 27.70.

There was a renewal of the advance in the cotton market yesterday, and August contracts again made a new high record for the season by selling at 27.70. This is the highest quotation made in the futures market in forty-five years.

In the early trading October contracts sold at 26.50, an advance of 44 points from Monday's closing figure and of 280 points from the low level reached on the decline which preceded the recent Government crop report. Later in the day these high prices brought about freer offerings. There appeared to be no change in the general character of the news—at least no fresh bearish factors were discussed around the ring. But the demand from shorts had evidently been pretty well supplied during the progress of the advance and in addition to realizing, there may have been scattered selling for a reaction. At any rate, prices broke sharply, with October selling off to 25.95, and closing at 25.97. The general list closed steady, net 42 points higher to 9 points lower. August showed the big advance, with other months 9 points lower to 5 points higher.

There were overnight buying orders around the ring at the start. Shorts had shown a good deal of nervousness on Monday. Their anxiety to cover appeared to have been increased by bullish spot advices and the continued advance of rain in the Southwest. Contracts were very scarce until active months had sold about 44 to 53 points net higher, with January touching 26.20. Realizing then became rather heavy, and the market was nervous and unsettled later in the afternoon, with the close showing reaction of about 50 to 53 points from the best.

One of the reports circulating here during the early trading was that spots had sold out of the local stock to an exporter on Monday at 40 points on order. According to a wire from New Orleans spots were selling at a big premium on October in the interior of Texas, and the strength of the spot situation was emphasized by Monday's late official report from Houston. This quoted middling at 27.25, the highest price yet officially reported in southern markets, although new crop cotton is now said to be coming in pretty freely in the southern part of the State.

Yesterday's report from the South showed no change in the Houston market, with sales of 1,148 bales. Other markets were unchanged to 150 points higher. According to some reports reaching the trade a large proportion of the stock now held at both ports and interior towns consists of linters, bollies, and low grades of cotton that is marked for export.

Exports yesterday were 700 bales, making 45,694 so far this season.

According to Memphis advices ocean freight room for 200,000 bales has been booked for shipment out of New Orleans and Galveston for the months of August and September.

Yesterday's quotations follow

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon.
Aug.	27.40	27.70	27.40	27.62 bid	27.20
Sept.	....	....	....	26.22 bid	26.30
Oct.	26.15	26.50	25.95	25.97@25.99	26.06
Nov.	....	....	....	25.75 bid	25.75
Dec.	25.75	26.21	25.64	25.66@25.68	25.69
Jan.	25.78	26.20	25.62	25.68@25.70	25.77
Mar.	26.05	26.25	25.77	25.82@25.83	25.80
May	26.18	26.32	25.94	25.94@25.96	25.89

The local spot cotton market was quiet, at 20 points advance, on the basis of 28.00 for midupland. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 27.30; Memphis, 26.50; Houston, 27.25; New Orleans, 26.25; Savannah, 26.75; Augusta, 26.13.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Tuesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	10,766	10,619	13,533
Exports	700	15,781	3,494
Port stocks	586,109	588,775	522,683
N. Y. Arrivals	4,131	2,782	1,432
N. Y. Stock	76,000	58,068	97,701

Liverpool Cables.—Spot, fair business doing, 50 points higher, at 19.85 for American middling; sales, 4,000 bales, including 3,000 American; imports, 9,000 bales, including 5,000 American; futures, 50 points higher; Aug.- Sept. 18.17; Oct.-Nov., 17.45; Jan.-Feb., 16.80; Mar.-Apr., 16.62.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The wheat market was featureless as far as trading operations were concerned, and price changes were not important. Cash markets in Minneapolis were unchanged, while in Kansas City quotations were 2 to 6c lower, and St. Louis was unchanged to 3 points lower. There was an absence of pressure of new crop offers, but the movement is gradually assuming larger proportions, and it was thought that the cash position was somewhat less acute.

The Government report will be published at 2:15 this afternoon. It was the general impression that the yield of Winter wheat will be larger than indicated a month ago.

Cash wheat was being offered very sparingly in the local market, with No. 2 red quoted at $2.60 and No. 2 hard at $2.65, free on board, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	2.25⅝	2.24½	2.25	1.83⅝	

RYE.—Market quiet; No. 2 Western, $1.90, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

Corn prices were feverish and moved within a range of about 2c a bushel, closing ¾c to ⅞c net higher. The weather was highly favorable for the new crop, further rains having fallen in Kansas as well as in other portions of the Western belt. This caused some selling early, but prices rallied on the strength in the cash position with reports that cash corn in Kansas was selling for December-January shipment at 25 to 27c over the December position. There were also rumors that the maximum price in Chicago would be raised, although this was officially denied and caused renewed selling at the close. The Government report was expected to show improvement over last month's figures of 3,124,000,000 bushels. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $2.44 and No. 2 mixed at $2.42 plus cost, insurance, and freight New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.17¾	1.15½	1.16⅝	1.16⅝	70⅝
May	1.14⅜	1.12⅝	1.13⅞	1.13⅛	74⅛

OATS.

The private reports of wonderful yields of oats led to the belief that the Government report will indicate a crop considerably in excess of the July figures of 1,453,000,000 bushels. Larger receipts from the country are anticipated, but after an early decline, the market became oversold, and at the close was steady with very small net changes. The local cash market was easy; standard quoted at 86½c; No. 2 white, 86½c; No. 3 white, 85 to 86c; No. 4 white, 84 to 85c; fancy clipped white, 86 to 88c; ordinary clipped white, 84 to 86c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
September	.59	58⅛	58⅜	58⅜		43⅜
December	.59¼	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝		40⅝
May	.62⅝	61⅝	61¾	62		40⅝

PROVISIONS.

The provision list showed firmness early in the day, with a good demand from commission houses and influenced by further peace talk. Prices, however, developed a reactionary tendency under profit taking and influenced by the decline in cottonseed oil, closing with net losses. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 10,000, estimated for Wednesday, 26,000. Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 9,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Close.	Prev. Year.	Last Year.
Lard—						
September	22.45	22.20	22.22	22.35		13.12
October	22.55	22.30	22.32	22.47		13.12
Ribs—						
September	22.72	22.57	22.57	22.65		13.07
October	22.62	22.42	22.42	22.55		13.72
Pork—						
September	42.10	41.80	41.80	42.10		25.82

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was disappointing to the bulls yesterday, prices closing 17 to 54 points net lower. An early advance in lard as well as firmness in the cotton market had little or no influence and it was apparent that the trade at large felt nervous over the situation and considered the technical position of the market weak. The consuming demand was not particularly active, and the strict embargo against exports to neutral countries is believed to stand in the way of more than moderate export sales. Total sales for the day were 50,800 barrels.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	14.85	16.00
August	15.00	14.98	14.85@14.95	15.00
September	15.30	15.10	15.22@15.24	15.30
October	15.45	15.15	15.20@15.21	15.40
November	15.10	14.83	14.85@14.85	15.17
December	15.05	14.75	14.84@14.85	15.18
January	15.00	14.75	14.87@14.88	15.18
February	14.90	14.80	14.86@14.87	15.20
March	15.18	14.94	14.96@15.00	15.20

COFFEE.

With Brazilian weather advices suggesting that the cold snap had passed without temperatures generally considered damaging at this season of the year, the coffee market showed an easier tone during yesterday's trading. The opening was 1 point lower, and active months sold about 10 to 12 points off Monday's closing figures during the middle of the day. Slight rallies followed on covering, but the close showed a net decline of 8 points. Sales were reported of 19,500 bags, including an exchange of September for May at 36 points.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	....	....	7.88@7.88	7.92
September	7.96	7.87	7.92@7.94	7.98
October	..	..	7.96@7.97	8.01
November	..	..	7.99@8.00	8.04
December	8.03	7.97	8.02@8.03	8.08
January	..	..	8.07@8.08	8.13
February	..	..	8.12@8.13	8.19
March	8.20	8.12	8.17@8.18	8.24
April	..	..	8.22@8.23	8.29
May	8.33	8.22	8.27@8.28	8.34
June	..	..	8.32@8.33	8.39
July	..	..	8.36@8.37	8.44

SUGAR.

New records were made again yesterday in sugar contracts on the exchange, and September at one time during the session touched 6.42, with December going to 5.93. The market opened strong, 2 to 15 points higher, and was more or less irregular throughout the day, closing 1 point lower to a net advance of 8 points. Total sales amounted to 23,300 tons. Operators were good buyers, with a fair demand also coming from Wall Street and from brokers usually trading for European account. Refined sugar developed further strength, and the American advanced their list 10 points to 8.40c, the range being 8.40c to 8.70c, less 2 per cent. for cash. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	....	....	6.46@6.50	6.48
September	6.42	6.37	6.37@6.38	6.34
October	6.38	6.32	6.31@6.33	6.28
November	6.20	6.15	6.14@6.15	6.07
December	5.93	5.84	5.83@5.84	5.77
January	5.40	5.38	5.38@5.39	5.32
February	5.15	5.10	5.12@5.14	5.08
March	5.16	5.10	5.10@5.12	5.07
April	....	..	5.12@5.14	5.09
May	..	..	5.12@5.14	5.11
June	....	..	5.12@5.14	5.13
July	....	..	5.17@5.19	5.15

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER. — Receipts yesterday, 13,083 packages. There was quite active trading at the opening of business, and the market shows some further advance on the higher grades of creamery. On medium grades the tone is steady, but on lower grades from seconds down the feeling is weak, owing to the large proportion of poor qualities in the recent arrivals. Renovated is still scarce, ladles and packing stock firm. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 40¾@41¼c; extras, (62 score,) 40@40¼c; firsts, (83 to 91 score,) 39@39¾c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 37@38¼c; thirds, 36@36½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 41¼@42½c; extras, 40¾@41½c; firsts, 39½@40c; seconds, 38@39c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 39½@40c; good to prime, 37½@39c; common to fair, 35@37c; renovated, extras, 37½@38c; firsts, 36¼@37c; lower grades, 35@36c; ladles, current make, extras, 34¼@35c; seconds, 34c; lower grades, 33@33½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34c; No. 2, 33¼c; lower grades, 32½@33c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 21,235 cases. The scarcity of heat-free eggs continues unrelieved, and dealers are obliged to do the best they can in making their selections. There is a fair trading. More fine eggs are wanted than can be readily found, and prices hold very firm. On some grades quotations are revised to bring them more nearly in line with official inspections reported. But the market is still extremely irregular, and on the general offerings receivers are still anxious to keep the stock moving close to receipts. There is still some demand for storage eggs, and the market is rated steady as quoted. Nearby eggs are in light supply, and these also show more or less serious hot weather defects; fancy stock is scarce and wanted at full prices; undergrades very irregular. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 40@41c; extra firsts, 38@39c; firsts, 36@37c; seconds, 33@35c; thirds and poorer, 29@32c; dirties, No. 1, 29@30c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@28c; checks, good to choice dry, 27@28c; undergrades, 18@26c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance packs, 36@36½c; firsts, 35@35½c; seconds, 34@34½c; refrigerator, State whites, 40@42c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 49@50c; ordinary to good, 42@48c; gathered whites, good to fine, 42@45c; poor to fair, 34@40c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 34@43c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 42@46c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 40@44c.

HIGH PRICES FOR COTTON.

Crop This Year Is Valued at $1,412,860,035.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 7.—The cotton crop, including the seed for the trade year which ended July 31, was valued at $1,412,860,035 as against $858,200,000 a year ago. The annual report of Secretary Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, made public today, said prices this year were the highest in forty-seven years.

The average price for middling was 18.41 cents a pound, compared to 11.99 last year.

"The short crop, following in the wake of a short crop and increased demand, accentuated by the domestic demand for war purposes, naturally resulted in the high prices," said the report.

Secretary Hester reported the crop at 12,940,934 bales, averaging from middling to strict middling. The actual growth of 1916-17 was placed at 12,906,000 bales.

"Not only was every bale brought into sight from the fields this year consumed," the report says, "but the visible and invisible supply left over from last year was trenched upon to the extent of over 1,100,000 bales, a shrinkage in the visible and invisible supply for the two years of 3,100,000 bales."

Total world takings of American cotton for the year were placed at 13,611,000 bales. The visible supply at the end of the year was 1,504,000 bales; total visible and invisible supply 2,525,000 bales.

Want New Treasury Certificates.

Officials of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York said yesterday that the response of banks and trust companies in this district to Secretary McAdoo's offering of $300,000,000 of 3½ per cent. Treasury certificates, due Nov. 15, was very satisfactory. No figures, however, were given out, but it was intimated that the subscriptions which were filed yesterday were relatively as large as those received for previous issues, namely about 50 per cent. of the total offering. Payments for the certificates allotted to subscribing banks will be made tomorrow, and it is expected that the funds will be redeposited with the institutions, the banks paying the Government 2 per cent. interest.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 7.—Weather conditions and forecasts Tuesday:

N. Car. and S. Car.—Fair on the coast, showers in the interior Wed. and probably Thurs.; light variable winds.

Ga., Ala., and Miss.—Occasional thunder showers Wed. and probably Thurs.; light s. e. to s. winds.

Fla.—Fair in s., thunder showers in n. Wed. and probably Thurs.; light variable winds.

Tenn., Ky., and W. Va.—Occasional thunder showers Wed. Thurs. partly cloudy.

Lower Mich.—Thunder showers Wed. and probably Thurs.; gentle w. to n. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Rain Wed. Thurs. partly cloudy; fresh and variable winds.

Ill.—Fair Wed., probably followed by showers Wed. night or Thurs.; cooler Thurs. in n. and cent.

Miss.—Partly cloudy Wed., followed by showers in afternoon or night and on Thursday; cooler Thurs.

Wis.—Fair Wed. Thurs., unsettled and cooler; probably showers.

Minn.—Partly cloudy Wed.; somewhat warmer in the e. Thurs., probably fair and cooler.

Iowa—Fair Wed., followed by showers Wed. night or Thurs.; cooler Thurs.

N. Dak.—Partly cloudy and cooler Wed. Thurs., fair; warmer in w.

S. Dak.—Unsettled Wed.; probably showers; cooler in w. Thurs., fair; continued cool.

Neb.—Partly cloudy Wed.; probably showers by night; cooler in w. Thurs., fair and cooler.

Kan.—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs.; probably showers; cooler Thurs.

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WANTS COTTON PUT ON EMBARGO LIST

Exports Council Also Recommends That It Be Extended to Ship Lumber and to Sugar.

NEUTRALS HEAVY BUYERS

Officials Determined That No More American Cotton Shall Be Used for German Explosives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A report has been prepared for the approval of President Wilson, recommending that cotton, sugar, and lumber be placed under the embargo restrictions of the Exports Council. There seems little doubt that the recommendation, which comes, it is said, from the Exports Council and its advisory commission, will receive favorable consideration at the White House.

THE NEW YORK TIMES recently published figures to show the tremendous increase in the exports of cotton to some of the neutral countries which have been accused of supplying Germany with that commodity. Cotton is one of the materials essential to the manufacture of explosives.

It is understood that Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce discussed this new phase of the work of the Exports Council with President Wilson and made definite recommendations. A dispatch from The Hague published this morning in THE NEW YORK TIMES, which indicated that Germany was tremendously agitated because of the attitude assumed by this Government in shutting off exports of foodstuffs, fodders, and other wartime material from the northern neutrals, caused much discussion here today. However, it did not serve to weaken the position which the American Government has taken, and there is not likely to be any change in the policy followed up to this time.

The inclusion of lumber in the restricted exports will mean that America will carefully conserve its fuel supply for its shipbuilding program, working along the lines of the construction of a great fleet of wooden cargo carrying vessels. It is understood that the restrictions will not be placed on all kinds of lumber, however, and that the Allies will be supplied freely with war needs by this industry.

The cotton situation is one that has occupied much of the attention of the State Department and other Governmental agencies. The Exports Council, it is said, has at last reached the conclusion that action must be taken which will end all danger of cotton for explosives reaching Germany through neutral countries.

An examination of the export records in regard to sugar shows an amazing draining of American industries during the war period, and also that some of the neutral countries contiguous to Germany have taken many millions of pounds of American sugar for the first time in years. This may be due in part to shutting off of sugar supplies from Germany. However before these neutrals get any more sugar from the United States, the officials here want to be certain that none of it is to reach Germany.

The sugar situation is illustrated by the following summary; in the eleven months ended May 31, 1917, 47,662,845 pounds of refined sugar was exported by the United States. For the same period in 1915 the exports jumped to 488,620,097 pounds. In 1916 the exports were 1,476,100,736, and in 1917 1,094,438,502 pounds.

More significant, however, is this record of American exports of sugar to the neutrals contiguous to Germany, for the twelve months' period of each year quoted, ended June 30:

Denmark—1914, none; 1915, none; 1916, 4,330,565 pounds.

Holland—1914, none; 1915, 169,937 pounds; 1916, 18,332,170 pounds.

Norway—1914, none; 1915, 1,463,542 pounds; 1916, 96,264,757 pounds.

Sweden—1914, none; 1915, none; 1916, 1,130 pounds.

Switzerland—1915, 110 pounds; 1916, 36,791,230 pounds.

The increase in exports of sugar to France and Great Britain during the war period were tremendous.

France, which in 1914 took only 1,000 pounds of refined sugar from America, absorbed 240,176,091 pounds in 1915 and 350,296,244 pounds in 1916. Italy, which imported no sugar from the United States up to 1916, absorbed 20,912,913 pounds of our supply in 1916.

England also has taken refined sugar in immense quantities since the war began. In 1914 England (omitting Scotland and Ireland) imported from the United States 1,514,875 pounds. In 1915 she took 195,507,048 pounds, and in 1916 no less than 422,579,596 pounds.

Scotland took none in 1914, 25,948,580 pounds in 1915, and 3,417,749 pounds in 1916.

Ireland imported from the United States no refined sugar in 1914, 43,387,-719 pounds in 1915, and 560,460,954 pounds in 1916.

50 SHIPS A YEAR, HARRIMAN PROJECT

Son of Railroad Builder Said to Have Made Big Contract with Emergency Corporation.

Reports were current in Wall Street yesterday, based, it was said, on dispatches from Washington, that W. Averill Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, had gone into the shipbuilding business on a huge scale. Mr. Harriman, the story went, had purchased outright or secured control of the yards of the Chester Shipbuilding Company on the Delaware River at Chester, Penn., and had also purchased an immense tract of land at Bristol, also on the Delaware, where he planned, it was said, to construct an even larger shipbuilding plant, having twelve launching ways capable of simultaneously building as many ships of 8,000 to 10,000 tons.

Mr. Harriman himself, who recently opened offices at 165 Broadway, refused yesterday either to confirm or deny the report. The story, however, was so entirely circumstantial that it received general credence. It was said that besides building the new plant, Mr. Harriman would increase the number of ways at the Chester plant from seven to twelve, contracts for the construction of all the new work having been given to the American Bridge Company, and arrangements already made for cranes and all other equipment of a thoroughly modern shipyard. The combined capacity of the two yards is estimated at fifty ships a year, and it is said Mr. Harriman has practically closed with the Emergency Shipping Corporation for the construction of eighty steel ships of 8,000 to 10,000 tons.

Offer New Oil and Gas Stock.

Cosden & Co. will soon offer about 640,000 shares of stock to the company's stockholders of record Aug. 14, at $10 per share. The offer is to be underwritten by a syndicate to be formed by Hallgarten & Co. of New York, and Sassatt & Co. of Philadelphia. The offer will be open until Aug. 30. The company, which was recently organized as a consolidation of the former Cosden & Co., controlling oil properties, and the Cosden Oil and Gas Company, controlling gas properties, has an authorized capitalization of $7,000,000 of preferred stock and 25,000,000 shares of common, of which 12,700,000 shares were issued on organization.

SEEK A SIX-CENT CAR FARE.

Hearing on Petition of 28 Up-State Companies Begun at Albany.

ALBANY, Aug. 7.—In opening today before the Public Service Commission the cases of twenty-eight up-State electric railway companies applying for an increase of fares from 5 to 6 cents, Professor Thomas Conway, Jr., of the Wharton School of Finance, submitted a statement based on reports to the Public Service Commission that more than half of the petitioning companies were not only paying no dividends, but they were not even earning the interest on their bonds and faced receivership if they obtained no relief.

Professor Conway stated that the net corporate income of twenty-seven of the companies, despite an increase of total business, had fallen from $1,143,294 in 1912 to $423,711 in 1916. In the same period the interest on bonds in default had increased from $11,875,000 in 1912 to $374,007,000 in 1916. He testified that fourteen of the twenty-eight companies failed to earn their fixed charges in 1916. He said even a 6-cent fare would not make up for the loss of purchasing power of the nickel in the buying of supplies for street car service, and unless relief were granted some of the companies must go into receivership.

Edmund P. Waller, manager of the Railway Department of the General Electric Company, and Roscoe Seybold of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, testified that all kinds of electric apparatus used by street car companies cost from 50 to 125 per cent. more than in 1914. Labor costs in the production of these supplies, it was declared, had advanced from 30 to 40 per cent. since 1914; steel plates had increased 700 per cent., copper 120, steel castings 100, steel forgings 340, coal 80, and brass 200 per cent. Other witnesses gave similar testimony as to cost increases.

Strong opposition to the application was voiced by Corporation Counsels of more than thirty up-State cities who have organized to fight the proposed general increase.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	98
2s, coupon, 1930	96½	98
3s, registered, 1918	99⅜	99⅝
3s, coupon, 1918	99⅜	99⅝
4s, registered, 1946	85	90
4s, coupon, 1946	85	90
4s, conversion, 1947	85	90
4s, registered, 1925	105	106
4s, coupon, 1925	106	106
2s, coupon, 1938	96	98
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	98
3s, Panama, '61, reg	83	88
3s, Panama, '31, coupon	83	88

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100	100¼	100
4½s	June, 1967	101¼	101⅜	101¼
4½s	June, 1965	101¼	102¼	101¼
4½s	Nov., 1963	101⅛	102⅜	101⅛
4½s	Mar., 1963	101¼	102⅜	101¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	101⅛	102⅛	101⅛
4½s	May, 1957	101⅛	102¼	101⅛
4½s	Nov., 1917	99⅞	..	99⅞
4½s	April, 1966	97⅝	98	97⅝
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	97⅛	98⅛	97⅛
4½s	Mar., 1964	97⅝	98	97⅝
4½s	Mar., 1962	97⅜	98⅛	97⅛
4½s	Sept., 1960	97⅜	98⅛	97⅜
4s	May, 1955	93⅛	94⅛	93⅛
4s	Nov., 1958	93⅜	94⅛	93⅜
4s	May, 1957	93⅜	94⅛	93⅜
4s	Nov., 1955	93	94½	93

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1932	4.00	4.25	4.00
4½s	1918,1923	4.40	4.25	4.40
4½s	1924-1931	4.40	4.25	4.40
4½s	1921-1923	4.40	4.25	4.40
4¼s	April, 1920	4.50	..	4.50
4¼s	1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4¼s	1930-1989	4.50	4.25	4.50
4s	Nov., 1936	95	98	95
4s	May, 1919	99½	99⅝	99½
4s	Nov., 1918	99½	..	99½
4s	Nov., 1954	84	86	84
4s	May, 1954	83¼	..	83¼
3½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.25	4.50
3½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
3s	1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Closing—Asked.
25	Cities Service	275½	275	275	276
385	Cities Service pf	86	84¾	85⅛	85½
300	Cities Service new	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	29½

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power 20	21	
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf.. 71	75	
Am. Gas & Electric..... 111	113	
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.... 48	49	
Am. Light & Traction..290	295	
Am. Light & Trac. pf..108	110	
Am. Power & Light.... 65	68	
Am. Power & Light pf. 86	89	
Am. Public Utilities... 30	35	
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.. 66	68	
Am. W. W. & Elec..... 7½	8½	
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf 68	71	
Am. W. W. & E. partic. 20	24	
Am. W. W. & E. warr.. 11	12	
Baton Rouge Elec. pf.. 84	87	
Carolina Power & Light 37	38	
Carolina P. & L. pf.... 92	96	
Colorado Power..... 28	29	
Colorado Power pf..... 99	101	
Commonwealth P. & L. 48	50	
Com'wealth P. & L. pf. 76	78	
Conn. Power pf..... 92	95	
Consumers' P. pf..... 94	97	
Dayton Power & L. pf. 87	90	
Duluth Edison..... 70	78	
Eastern Texas Electric. 57	60	
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.. 83	88	
Electric B. & S. pf.... 99½	100	
Electric Properties..... 63	67	
El Paso Electric..... 101	104	
El Paso Electric pf..... 92	95	
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.. 85	90	
Fed. Light & Traction.. 12	14	
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.. 48	53	
Gas & Elec. Securities.290	310	
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.... 94	100	
Interstate Electric..... 38	45	
Interstate Elec. pf.... 90	95	
Lincoln Gas & Electric. 47	49	

Bonds.

Am. W. W. & E. col.5s 70	71	Nat. Sec. prior lien 6s	89½ 92
Appa. Power 5s, 1932.. 78	82	Nat. Secur. deb.....	48 58
Central P. & L. 1st 6s. 95	98	Nat. Secur. incomes...	10 13
Central Ill. Light 5s...	96½ 98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51.	94 96
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956..	99 101	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	86 88½
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27.	85 89	Nor. States Power 5s, 1941	97½ 98
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	80 83	Nor. States J. 5s, 1941.	93 93½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944..	97 100	Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	88 92
Conn. Pow. 1st 5s, '63..	92 95	Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939..	100¼ 102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937.	95 99	Omaha & C. B. St. 5s..	80 90
Cum. Co. & E. 1st 5s, ref. 5s, 1942..	94 98	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s,'31	95 100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s..	100¼ 101¼	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s.	99 101
Defiance G. & E. 5s,'42	89 92	Puget Sd. Trac. notes..	98 100
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s.	91 97	Stand. Gas & Elec.. 6	
Eastern Ohio 1st 5s....	97 101	p. c. notes, 1935....	90 94
E. Texas Elec. col. 5s.	88 92½	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'45	94 96
El Paso El. col. tr. 5s.	94 97	So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939..	93 95
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s..	90 100	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	88 92
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s....	87½ 90	U. S. R. R. & M. 6s,'25	111 118
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s....	90 93	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85 90
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46..	81 84	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97 99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	94 98	United U.... cv. 6s, '43.	95 95½
Kan. Pub. Serv. 6s....	41 95	Utah Sec. 6s.....	91 98
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36..	88 93	W. Light 6s, 1925....	96 98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s,'41	90 95	Western Power 1st 5s..	96 98
Mich. Light 5s, 1944..	97½ 99	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	93½ 94
Middle West U. 5s, '25.	95 99	West. P. 1st 5s, '46.	95 98
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s..	99¼ 100	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924..	61
Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	70 71	Yadkin River Pow.ctfs.	83 87
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	85 90		

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Arun. S. & G	36	36	36
47	Con. Power	112¾	112¾	112¾
1	Dav. Chem..	37½	37½	37½
150	Mer. & M..	89½	87	89½
100	Nat. Va. Trust	98	98	98
15	M. & M. N.B	28¾	28¾	28¾
20	Hous. Oil pf.	82¾	82¼	82¼
1	Con. Coal	106⅞	106⅛	106⅛
834	Cosden & Co	13	11⅞	11⅞
1,070	Do pf	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
30	Sapulpa	11	11	11

Bonds.

$22,500	Con. P. 6s notes	98¼	98	98
2,200	Do notes	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Mer. & Min. T. 6s	102¾	102¾	102¾
5,000	B. C. 4s, '55	97	97	97
24,500	B. C. 4s, '61	96½	96⅜	96⅜
$9,000	Elk. Fuel 6s.	99¾	99½	99½
3,000	Un. Ry. 4s..	80	80	80
1,000	Un. Ry. ref. 4s	84	84	84
1,000	Con. Cl. 4½s	103½	103½	103½
7,000	Cosden O. & G. 6s.....	97¾	97¾	97¾

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Zinc	24½	24½	24½
50	Alaska Gold	5	5	5
25	Anaconda	77¾	77¾	77¾
35	Ariz. Com'l	12⅞	12½	12½
7	Cal. & Hecla	550	545	550
85	Cal. & Ariz	80	79½	80
110	Centennial	17	17	17
255	CopperRange	61¾	61	61½
25	Daly-West	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
150	Davis-Daly	5¾	5¾	5¾
40	East Butte	12	12	12
25	Franklin	6¼	6¼	6¼
790	Guanajuata	75c.	75c.	75c.
88	Island Creek	70½	69¾	70
31	Isle Royale	31¼	31	31
50	Lake Copper	11	11	11
10	La Salle	8¼	8¼	8¼
210	Mason Val	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
85	Mass Con	12	12	12
65	May.-Old C	2¼	2	2¼
50	Michigan	2	2	2
55	Mohawk	81¼	81	81
50	NewArcadian	7	7	7
1	Nipissing	7	7	7
45	North. Butte	18¼	18⅛	18¼
40	Old Domin	57¼	57¼	57¼
25	Osceola	44½	44½	44½
1,445	Pond Creek	27	26¼	26⅝
59	Quincy	87½	86	87½
20	Ray Con	28¼	28	28
20	Shannon	7¼	7¼	7¼
20	St. Marie's L	78	78	78
150	Sup. & Bos.	4⅝	4½	4⅝
60	Trinity	7	6⅞	6⅞
30	U. S. Smelt	58	58	58
20	U. S. Sm. pf	49¾	49¾	49¾
3	Utah Apex	3	3	3
35	Utah Con	16	15⅞	15⅞
110	Utah Metal	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
30	Wolverine	46¾	46¾	46¾
235	Wyandot	40c.	40c.	40c.

Railroads.

1	Old Colony	112¾	112¾ 112¾
10	Pullman	143	141 141
121	W.E.St.Ry	45¼	45 45
5	Do pf	57	57 57

Miscellaneous.

15	E. Bost. Ld	8½	8¼	8¼
50	McElw'n pf	100½	100	100¼
690	Nova S.Steel	104	102	103½
50	Punta Sugar	34½	34½	34½
19	Swift	153⅜	153¼	153⅜
172	United Shoe	40¾	40¼	40¾
325	Do pf	27	27	27
50	United Fruit	134	133¼	133½
27	Torrington	64	63¼	63¼
1,400	Ventura Oil	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝

Bonds.

$1,000	United Fruit 4½s	94	94	94
1,000	Swift 5s	99	99	99
4,000	Wes. Tel. 5s	96	95¾	96

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Am. Rad'r	295	295	295
185	Am. Shipbldg	92	91½	92
50	Booth Fish	24½	24½	24½
85	Do pf	85	85	85
25	C. C. & C. pf	21	21	21
21	Chi. T. & T.	195¼	195¼	195¼
20	Cudahy	119½	119½	119½
20	Com. Edison	120	120	120
70	Dia. Match	120¼	120	120
45	H. S. & M	70	70	70
10	Lindsay L't	28¾	28¾	28¾
3,997	Prest-o-lite	153	147¾	152
3	Public Svc	92	92	92
5	Do pf	98	98	98
3	People's Gas	73¾	73¾	73¾
3	Quaker Oats	310	310	310
55	Sears-Roe	170	169	170
301	Swift	153½	153¼	153¼
1,434	Un. Carbide	192	190¼	191½
1,402	Do rights	18⅝	18	18
25	Wilson	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
110	Do pf	104	103¾	103¾
10	Mid. Util. pf.	72	72	72

Bonds.

$4,000	Booth F. 6s	91⅝	91½	91⅝
6,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	80	80	80
2,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	100	100	100
4,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅜
$5,000	Northw'n El. 1st 5s	80	80	80
26,000	Swift 1st 5s	99	99	99
6,000	Liberty Loan 3½s	99.58	99.53	99.53

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
13	Am. Gas	108	108	108
6	Am. Rys. pf.	90½	90½	90½
2	Cam. Steel	155	155	155
220	Elec. S. Bat.	59½	59½	59½
10	Gen. Asp. pf	61	61	61
350	Lake S. Cp.	17⅜	17¼	17¼
5	Lehigh Nav.	76⅜	76⅛	76⅛
44	Phila. Elec.	29¼	29¼	29¼
1,005	P. R. T. t. c.	31	30½	30½
70	Ton. Belm't.	4½	4⅜	4⅜
35	Ton. Mining	6¼	6¼	6¼
1	Union Trac.	35	35	35
137	U. G. Imp.	78¾	78⅝	78¾
10	York R. pf.	37½	37½	37½

Bonds.

$4,000	A.G & E. 5s	91	91	91
4,000	L.& N. E. 5s	102	102	102
$15,000	Phila. Elec. 1st 5s	100¾	100½	100⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

United States Steel common was in special demand on the Consolidated Stock Exchange at the close of the day, with its last sales at 127⅜. The lowest at which it sold was 126½. In the opening dealings it was one of the leaders in a reactionary trend. The price-fixing plans of the Government were again brought into play as a market influence. Bethlehem Steel B was one of the early particularly soft stocks. Commission house business in odd lots was broadly distributed throughout the market.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Allis-Chalm.	39⅞	38⅞	39⅛
70	Am. Beet S.	96⅜	95⅝	96⅜
50	Am. Can	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝
60	Am. C. & F.	76½	76½	76½
50	Am. Linseed	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞
10	Am. Locom'e	73	73	73
10	Am. Malt'g.	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
60	Am. S. & R.	104	103⅝	103⅝
250	Am. Sugar	124⅞	124	124
250	Anaconda	78	77⅝	77⅞
320	Baldwin L.	74½	73⅝	74
90	Balt. & O.	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝
2,980	Beth. Steel	129½	127¾	128⅝
30	Brook. R. T.	60⅝	60⅜	60⅜
1,110	Cent. Leath.	96½	93⅞	94⅝
120	C., M. & St.P	69⅜	69	69½
150	Chino Cop	55½	55¼	55¼
50	Corn Prod	34½	34½	34½
2,550	Crucible S'l	85½	83¾	84
10	Cuba C. S.	40⅜	40⅜	40⅜
60	Dist. Sec	28⅜	28¼	28¾
200	Erie	25	25	25½
100	Gen. Motors	115	114	114½
150	Gt. N. Ore	35¼	34½	34¾
30	Insp. Copper	57⅞	57½	57½
150	Int. Harv. M	28½	28¼	28¼
980	Do pf	89⅝	87⅝	88¼
10	Lack. Steel	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞
10	Max. Motor	34	34	34
150	Mexican Pet	97¾	96⅜	97⅛
60	Miami Cop	39	38⅞	39
100	Midvale Steel	51¾	50⅞	50⅞
400	Mo. Pacific	33⅜	32¾	33⅜
70	N. Y. Cent	89¼	89	89⅛
950	Ohio C. Gas	57⅜	56	56¾
10	P. C. I. Co's.	57¼	57¼	57¼
40	Ray Copper	28⅛	28	28⅛
130	Reading	95½	94½	95½
410	Rep. I. & S.	93⅛	91¼	92
190	Sinclair Oil	43	42¾	43
70	Do rights	¼	¼	¼
140	South. Pac.	95	94¼	95
450	South. Ry.	28¼	27	28¼
2,540	Studebaker	56	52⅝	53⅞
150	Tob. Prod.	70	69⅝	69⅝
80	Union Pac.	137¼	136½	137¼
450	U. S. Ind. A.	163	162⅝	162⅝
50	U. S. Rubber	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞
22,800	U. S. Steel	127⅜	126½	127⅜
100	Utah Copper	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝
200	Willys-Over	32¼	32¼	32¼

MINING STOCKS.

800	Atlanta	11	11	11
300	Gold. Con	.57	.57	.57
2,900	Gt. Bend	.98½	.98½	.98½
350	Iron B'm	.90	.90	.90
400	Isabella	.10	.10	.10
500	Montana	.21	.21	.21
1,000	M. Glory	.17	.17	.17
500	Rochester	.52	.52	.52
300	Union Con	.14	.14	.14

Unlisted. †Sells cents per share. *Odd lot.

Note.—Monday's sales in British-American Tobacco ordinary were 2,200.

***

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am.-B. Mfg.	6	10	6	10
Do pf	30	35	30	35
Am. Drug S.	10	15	10	15
Am. Hide & L. pf	24	28	24	28
Do 1st pf	86	98	86	98
Am. Tin & T.	½	¾	½	¾
Atlantic Steel	133	150	135	150
Boyd Motors	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
Boyd Motors (a prospect)	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
But. Judson	60	65	60	65
Can. Nat. Gas	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Chalmers Mot.	10	12	10	12
Charcbal Iron	8½	8¾	8½	8¾
Cramp Ship	80	90	80	90
Curtiss A. pf.	75	85	75	85
Eastern Steel	122	127	122	127
Falls Motors	7	9	7	9

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—24446. Notice is given that ABRAHAM B. LOEWY and SAMUEL WASSERMAN, and the firm of LOEWY & CO., alleged bankrupts, have applied for the confirmation of a composition of 33 1-3%. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in the Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, August 15th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the above composition should not be confirmed.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23485. Notice is given that HENRY GORDON, doing business under the name of GORDON WAIST COMPANY, and NOVELTY UNDERWEAR COMPANY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, September 12, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 24,860.—U. S. DIST COURT., SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS W. MILLER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on July 30th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 1,805 Woolworth Bldg., New York City, August 22d, 1917, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 2d, 1917.

NO. 24,852.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y. — In Bankruptcy. — WILLIAM C. REED, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on July 27th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 1,805 Woolworth Bldg., New York City, August 22d, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 2d, 1917.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. — Bankruptcy.—24092.

Notice is given that GUSTAVE H. MEYER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, September 12th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24501. Notice is given that MORRIS OILGISSER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, September 12, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—23391. Notice is given that MICHAEL SCHOEMAN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, September 12, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAY BLANCHE REINOLD, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Aug. 8, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 20 East 30th St., Borough of Manhattan, the assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of imported silks, piece goods, velvets, satins, laces, embroideries, machinery, wall cases, safe, fixtures, etc.

BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver. ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SELLWELL DRESS CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Aug. 13, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 12 East 32nd St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, trimmings, machines, power tables, fixtures, etc. E. BRIGHT WILSON, Receiver. EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 305 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN CHAIR CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Aug. 8, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 570 Grand Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lumber, machinery, fixtures, etc.

THOMAS R. MATTERS, Receiver. SAMUEL C. DUERSTEIN, Attorney for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York.

TO TEACH IN TRIAL SCHOOL.

Instructors Chosen for General Education Board Experiment.

Dr. Otis W. Caldwell, Director of Lincoln School, Teachers' College, which is the experimental school to be opened next Fall with the support of the General Education Board, announced yesterday most of the appointments to the teaching staff.

Dr. Caldwell said the general principles considered in selection had been experience, initiative, openness of mind, and personality. With these considerations as a background, the selections were made on the records of individuals. The appointments announced were:

First Grade—Miss Gail Harrison, Santa Barbara, Cal.

Second Grade—Miss Anna J. Gannett, Milton, Mass.

Third Grade—Miss Nell C. Curtiss, Chicago.

Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Grades—Miss Jennie Hall, Chicago.

Art—Miss Ethelwyn Bradish, teacher in Horace Mann High School.

Biological Science and General Science—Charles W. Finley, Macomb, Ill.

Educational Records—Chester A. Buckner, University of Kansas.

English Composition and Literature—Sterling A. Leonard, teacher in Horace Mann School.

French—Miss Suzanne Roth, Morris High School.

Household Arts—Miss Florence Winchell, teacher Ethical Culture School.

Industrial Arts—A. H. Edgerton, formerly in charge of industrial education at the Canal Zone, Panama.

Lunchroom and Household Arts and Counsellor for Girls—Miss Helen Hicks, University of Chicago.

Mathematics—Raleigh Schorling, University of Chicago High School.

Physical Science and General Science—Earl R. Glenn, Carter H. Harrison Technical High School, Chicago.

Physical Training for Girls—Miss Jean Hosford, Horace Mann School.

The school will be housed at 646 Park Avenue. There will be about 120 pupils the first year, perhaps one-fourth of whom have their tuitions covered by free scholarships. Critics of the school have attacked it on the assumption that it would be for the children of the wealthy alone, and others as designed to enforce utilitarian training upon children of the poor; but the enrollment for the first year is drawn from various social and industrial groups, with children of parents in the middle, financial and social classes predominating.

ACTOR'S CREDITORS ABSENT

Shun the Bankruptcy Proceedings Against Joseph E. Howard.

William H. Willis, referee in the bankruptcy proceedings in which Joseph E. Howard, actor, song writer, and theatrical producer, seeks to be purged of his debts, was ready yesterday to hear those who had claims against him, but no one appeared. However, the referee read a letter from Sophie Tucker, a vaudeville actress, who was named by Mr. Howard as a creditor, with a legitimate claim of $1,000. Miss Tucker denied that Mr. Howard owed her anything, and her letter indicated that the mention of her name was a liberty which she did not thank Mr. Howard for having taken. It was explained that Mr. Howard had engaged Miss Tucker to appear in a play he was going to produce in Chicago; that it was not produced, and that Miss Tucker demanded $1,000 for the costumes she had bought, and threatened suit to force payment. All the claims tabulated by Mr. Howard totaled $127,238, with no assets save one suit of street clothes, and one much-worn evening suit.

All the creditors are connected with the stage, and among the claims are those of Mabel Kane, $5,000, for a loan; Flora Stein of the Hotel Knickerbocker, $12,000; Emma Carus, $385; the Shuberts, $5,000, and Selwyn & Co., $4,406.

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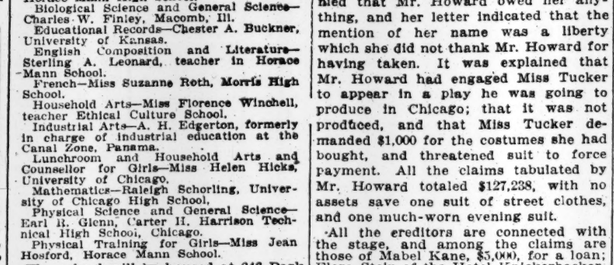

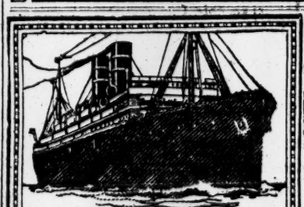

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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 338, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy.

Discharges: Oscar G. Thompson, Isidor Mayper, Baxter & Coe, Herman Harris, Maisie C. Stein, Edward J. Scully, F. A. Horsey, Ballin & Greenberg, Santi Puglisi, Sophia Frankel.

Under objection: Philip Settel, Mary A. Warner, Inc.

Adjourned cases: Max Lifshitz, G. B. Mathewson, Harry Herrman, Sol Slavin.

Motions: Regina Holding Co., William Dahl, A. Rosenstein, Hofofsky, Cont Pub Wks Co, A Eskenaszy, Morris & Pope, H. L. Herbert & Co., H. H. Paradise, Samot Taxi Cab Co., Epfurth Hotel, &c, Co, Morris Broof, Louis Paul Co., S. Grosskopf, Rodin & Kalish, Herbert Metz, Edgar Allen, M. Heilgrott & Son, Samuel Kaufman, Hanson Studios, Slavin Brothers, Eugene L. Waldo, Tip Top Toy Co, William Steuer, Liebig & Kochman, C. L. Van Fassen, L. M. Rosenthal, Philip Settel, Ray Hayman, Liebowitz & Kaufman, M. & Jarmulowsky, "Deoch & Doris," M. L. Grossman, L. Steinberg.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg.

Bankruptcy at 10:30 A. M.: Chevra Thora Anshe Chesed.

Motion calendar at 2 P. M.:

Discharges in bankruptcy: David Davidson, A. Reitzenbein, August Seber, Emmett D. Page, F. H. Meyer, J. G. Verducci, Harry Brand.

Compositions: Elizabeth Stephany, Emp City Lumber Co.

Motions: Allen<Seguranca, Joseph Chavkin, Milkman<Selig, Com Coal Co<J. C. Austin, Gart<Communipaw, Gusicki<Pine Hill Coal Co, Joseph I. Pearlman, John Muir, Hohwiesner & Sons, Charles Herman, Nichols Gas Fixture Mfg. Co., New Brooklyn Turkish Bath Co, Paul Allen, Samuel Siegel.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Courts.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions: Ansorge<Rosenberg-Newgass Co. Re Elder, Coan<Ludlam, Kennett-Cowan Co<Inv Registry, (2.), Schapiro<Schapiro, Keeler Bldg<Williams, Rohrer<Quinn, Schladowski<Schladowski, Re Louis Marx & Sons, Inc, Tarsznen<Levey, Walter<Walter, Same<Kuethe, Re Brown, Kaufman<Workin, Stanger<Sun P & P Assn., Goodwin<Mirror Films, Brand<Brand, Martin<E Zobel Co, Doris<US Rtty, &c, Co, Feinberg<Sherman Av Con Co, Wolins<White Rock Mills, Lawrence<Lawrence, Horwitz<Horwitz, Re Concrete Prod Co, Re Sherwood, Guar Trust<2d Av RR (Paulson<Beaver.), Re US Fld & Guar Co (Beebe.), Opitz<Opitz Co, Diamond<Diamond, Walter<Walter, Erlanger<Erlanger, Re Neely, Morgan<People, &c, Re McLeran, D & Co, Childs<Lieberman, Re E A Robertson Co, Campbell<Rodgers, Meyer<Beal, Gillette<Gillette, Same<Ringler, Warner<McBride, Weiss<Weiss, Mutual Life Ins Co<Meyer, CNY<Choate, PART II.—Siegerich, at 10:30 A. M., PART III.—Recess, PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term, TRIAL TERM—(Extraordinary Term)—Sawyer, J.—Adjourned to Aug. 15, TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Recess, PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

M. Wood, Inc<Markowitz, CNY<Pearlstein, Sachs<Lane, Condon Wrap Mach Co<Dearborn, Williams<All-Amer Mercantile Corp, Re Hall, (2.), Mut Life Ins Co<Delehanty, Schiff<Curtis, Seigel<Wright, NY Title & Mtg Co<291 Av A Corp, Seigel<Wright, Re Parrish, Re Brown, Cuvillier<Elrich, Spiritusfabriek Astra, &c<Sugar Prod Co, Ritzwoller<Lurie, Emery<O'Sullivan, Burke<Un Pac RR, Bank for Sav<Werner, Petinot<Titanium Alloy Mfg Co, Brightwood Motor Mfg Co<Judgann, Petinot<Titanium Mfg, Bamberger<Beal, Albert<Hecht, Re Mintz, Brown<Brown, Carver<A D Salkeld & Bro, Appleby<Torere, Lawyers Mtg Co<Sachs, Krafft<Krafft, Re Atterbury, Silverman<Sheresheveky, Re W L Hand Sp Co, Emig Ind Sav Bank<Littlefield, Fisher<Doherty, Poucher<Poucher, Goldsticker<Leather Sus Trim M Un, &c, Weltzenkorn<Weltzenkorn, Hayman<Purdy, (3.)

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate: Louis Blau, Phillip Wooly, Herman Reimers, E. Frowenfeld, Elise Greget, Mary P. MacNee, Leo Mendel, Harriet Depuy, Margaretha Rudanbach.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.: Adelman<Adams, Spielfogel<S. Kraus & Brother, Sulnick<Monahan Exp Co, Pollack<Claman, Cell<Krischer, Weberlist<Nat Coke, &c, Co, Gallup<Jacobs, Variety<Cooke, Haynes Auto Co<Beck, Miller<O'Connell, Gerber<Wright & Wright, De Peyster Rty Co<Steele, Class Journal Co<Longuemare Carburetor Co, Sahatjian<Apolan, Moushekian<Siranbanian.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII. adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ordway, J.—King<Becker Bldg Corp—Milton L Sittenfield.

SUPREME COURT—Siegerich, J.—Schnekaut<Froman—Robert J Hare Powel.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Siegerich, J.—Home for Incurables<Netgar Realty Corp—John F Conway, Emily Schwab<Lizzie Friend—Thomas F. Garity.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM — Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Scudder, J.—Motions. This calendar will be called at 11:30 A. M., immediately after the funeral services of the late Justice William J. Carr.

Butterworth<Butterworth, Kinsman<Kinsman, Morton<Smith Hasty Machine Co, Kurtzka<Palmer, Amer Stove<Williams, Venebles<Nehemiah, Ziegler<Assn Impd Inst of Deaf Mutes, Podell<Harris, Schnaars<Killegman, Greenport Basin & Con Co<Briggs, Sondheim<Neier, Klarman<Klarman, Healy<City of New Rochelle, (3.) Re Atlantic Av, Re Chicago St, Monteverde<Monahan, Re Schenectady Av, (Derby.) Lubarsky<Rosebrock & Co, McKay<Ridout.

PART II.—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Uncontended divorces: Albrecht, Bailey, Meyers, Ostrov, Mahrman, Brown, Bergler, Staehle, Zemmitti, Carroll, Garrington, Hayes, Barwick, Franke, Pelmas, Palumbo, Schmitt, Walsh.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: Edward Michel, Michael O'Brien.

Administration of: Anna Leonard, Fannie Friedman. Accounting of: August Kreamer, Isaac Gridley, Dora Hayder.

Estates of: Margaret Brancaleonis, Margaret Mayer, Daniel E Murphy.

County Court.

CIVIL.—Adjourned for the term.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar to be called Friday, Aug. 10.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS.—Tiernan, J.

HISTORICAL PICTURES.

History of the war will be written in future years, but the visible story appears in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial. Beautifully printed in rotogravure and worthy of preservation. 10 cents on all news stands; $5 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The realty market had another quiet day yesterday. There was some activity in private dwelling buying, several deals being closed in the upper west side and Harlem sections. The five-story American basement residence at 83 Riverside Drive, 20.9 by 94, between Eightieth and Eighty-first Streets, was sold for the Harrison B. Moore estate by Slawson & Hobbs. The buyer purchased for occupancy.

In the Harlem section the three-story dwelling at 131 West 121st Street, 20 by 100, was sold by Shaw & Co. for Mrs. John Beaver.

Smith & Mitchel have sold for Edward Bechtoldt to Harry Bowman the private dwelling at 231 West 136th Street on a plot 18 by 99.11.

In the Washington Heights locality the Service Realty Company purchased from Mrs. M. B. Webb the three-story dwelling of 642 West 158th Street.

Catholic Society Sale in Harlem.

Negotiations are nearly closed, it was reported, for the sale of the two four-story houses at 125 and 127 West 130th Street, 50 by 99.11, between Lenox and Seventh Avenues, by the Little Sisters of Assumption. The society purchased last May two houses at the northwest corner of Convent Avenue and 144th Street.

Deal on West Eleventh Street.

The four-story building, 335 West Eleventh Street, occupying a lot 21.5 by 95, adjoining the northeast corner of Washington Street, has been sold by Elizabeth Hackett to Augustus D. Ford for investment. Title was recorded yesterday.

Buys East Side Garage Site.

The estate of James Williams sold to a client of H. E. Zittel the four-story stable, 239 to 245 East Fifty-sixth Street, on a plot 100 by 100. It is the intention of the buyer to remodel the structure into a garage.

Tenement Sales.

The Lawyers Mortgage Company sold to James Corona 335 West 112th Street, a six-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100.11. O'Reilly & Dahn were the brokers in the transaction.

Buys Bronx Plot.

A plot, 100 by 100 feet, on the west side of Hobart Avenue, about 119 feet south of Morris Park Avenue, has been sold by Charles A. Weber for Ida J. Ray. The property is occupied by a one-family house.

Sales in Queens.

Henry J. Robinson, plaintiff in a foreclosure action against the David P. Leahy Realty Company, bought in the property consisting of 181 lots at South Ozone Park for $24,000. The action was to recover $25,000 due on a first mortgage for $54,000. A second mortgage of $26,000 was wiped out in the sale.

P. Lewis sold fourteen lots at Jamaica in the Dubroff Park property to H. Salit.

F. F. Mueller sold to C. F. Beyer the dwellings and plots, 20 by 115 feet, on the south side of Jamaica Avenue, sixty-one feet east of Maple Avenue; 20 by 89 feet on the west side of Woodhaven Avenue, 20 feet north of Fulton Street, and 20 by

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, AUG. 7.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

HOUSTON ST, 354 East, n s, 52 ft n w of Avenue C, 20.9x62.3x20.10x61.2; Benjamin Friedman to Saran Friedman, 1,681 Presidenent St, Brooklyn, mtg $6,000.....$100
IRVING PLACE, 3, (15-17 East 14th St.) w s, 75.2 ft s of 15th St, runs w 74.11x s 131.4x e 50.2x n 103.3x e 25.2x n 28.1 to beginning; Elinor B. Turner et al to Turner Estate, inc., 59 Wall St, July 19; attorneys, Whitridge, P. & Rice, 59 Wall St..$220,000
SHERIFF ST, n w corner of Houston St, 52.11x40.4x58.1x40; Annie Scheer to Samuel W. Schwartz, 454 Fort Washington Av, and another, Aug. 6, attorney, Max Silverstein, 209 Broadway $100
11TH ST, 335 West, n s, 245.4 ft w of Greenwich St, 21.5x85.9; Eliz. V. Hackett to Augustus D. Ford, 55 Jane St, Aug. 4; attorney, George B. Heath, 115 Broadway..$1
11TH ST, n w corner 3d Av, 77.5x100; George P. Sanborn et al to Brown Holding Corporation, 45 Park Row, June 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100
18TH ST, n s, 203 ft w of 8th Av, 22x92; Edwin W. Ackermann, executor, to Melissa Blauvelt, 47 Hawthorne St, Brooklyn, Aug. 4; $4,853, April 1; J. H. K. Blauvelt, 5 Beekman St $100
18TH ST, n s, 203 ft w of 8th Av, 22x92; Frank Wykert to Melissa Blauvelt, 47 Hawthorne St, Brooklyn, April 1, 1917; J. K. Blauvelt, 5 Beekman St $1
33D ST, 231-233 East, n s, 240.1 ft w of 2d Av, 34.11x98.9; Sadie M. Stoll to Edward Smolka, 1,068 Gilday Av, and another, mtg $18,000, Aug. 6; attorney, Max Silverstein, 209 Broadway $100
44TH ST, 533 West, n s, 350 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; Eliza Schneider to Heine Realty Co., 165 Broadway, mtg $9,000, Aug. 6; attorney, J. C. Lewis, 165 Broadway..$1.
90TH ST, 225 East, n s, 293 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5; Leona Holding Corporation to George J. Vogt, 219 East 59th St, mtg $18,500, Aug. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$16,000
92D ST, 128 West, n s, 350 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Eliza Schneider to Heine Realty Co., 165 Broadway, mtg $14,000, Aug. 2; attorney, J. C. Lewis, 165 Broadway.....$1
103D ST, 307 East, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; American Mortgage Co. to Lockwood Estate, 46 Cedar St; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$100
114TH ST, n s, 262.6 ft e of 2d Av, 18.8x100.11; James Toglis to Madalena Colucci, 322 East 114th St, mtg $9,000, June 10; attorney, J. A. Boccia, 132 Nassau St...$4,000
122D ST, 207 and 209 West, n s, 121.11 ft w of 7th Av, 31.2x100; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Albert Bokelmann, 208 West 124th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
123D ST, n s, 153.11 ft w of 7th Av, 100x46.11x irregular; same to same, July 30; attorney, same $100
124TH ST, 67 East, n s, 160 ft w of Park Av, 35x100.11, foreclosure June 14, 1917; Medbery Blanchard, referee, to Morris B. Baer, 40 West 87th St, mtg $8,000, July 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $10,775
141ST ST, 467 West, n s, 106 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; 141st St, 465 West, n s, 124 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Clara W. Picken to Max Weinstein, 537 West 140th St, May 16, 1917; address, 6,214 19th Av, Brooklyn $10
160TH ST, 416 West, s s, 100 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11; Eugene E. Hinkle to James D. Mason, 818 West 81st St, July 13; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $8,000
188TH ST, s s, 750.2 ft w of Broadway, 18.8x100; Margaret B. Webb to Service Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, Dec. 6, 1916; attorneys, McLoughlin & Stern, 15 William St....$100

Bronx.

AMUNDSON AV, w s, 275 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Thomas P. Hickie and another to James E. Henry, 162 West 61st St, June 27; attorney, James E. Henry, 162 West 61st St. $100
AVENUE D, n w corner of 13th St., Unionport, 105x108; Nicholas J. Tonner to Cornelia F. Kessler, 2,528 Popham St, Chicago, July 31; attorneys, A. & C. E. Haley, 2,069 Westchester Av.....$100
BRONX AND PELHAM PARKWAY, n w corner of Williamsbridge Road, runs w 1,404± n e 625.10± s 1,178.6± s e 81.9x65.3x250x n 238± William A. Astor to New York Institute for Education of the Blind, 412 9th Av, July 31; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St. $100
CROTONA PARK EAST, s s, 163.5 ft w of Wilkens Av, 41x124.5x41.4x123.11; also Crotona Park East, s s, 308.6 ft e of Prospect Av, 41x124.5x41x127.1; Mount Hunterly Construction Co. to Concordia Realty Corporation, 1,060 Valentine Av, Aug. 6; attorney, Bronx Borough Bank, 440 Tremont Av.....$100
EDENWALD AV, s s, 75 ft w of Hill Av, 75x100; Lena Dowitsch to Joseph Frey, 70 Washington Square, mtg $1,500, July 20; attorney, Kadel, Van K. & K., 370 East 149th St $100
EDISON AV, w s, 100 ft s of Barkley Av, 50x100; Estates Development Co. to Henry F. Wettingfeld, 2,320 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, Aug. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
LOT 127, map of Hunts Point Realty Co.; Max Rivlin et al to Joseph Zininan, 1,629 30th St, Brooklyn, mtg $1,750, July 28; attorney, M. Weiss, 5 Beekman St.....$1
LOTS 132 to 134, 1,329 to 1,332, map of Lorillard Spencer et al; Lorillard Spencer 3d, individually and trustee, et al. to Philip Stein, 897 Tinton Av, June 15; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $8,200
LOTS 950 and 952, same map; same to Francis Guerrilch, Greenwich, Conn., June 15; attorney, same $1,050
PILOT ST, n s, 213.3 ft e of Main St, 100x100.5; Eliza Schneider to Robert Jacob, on Pilot St, City Island, Aug. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1
PROSPECT AV, 1,065-67, w s, 37.11x144.6; Freefein Realty Co. to Sigmund Ashner, 1,058 Coney Island Av, Brooklyn, Aug. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Sigmund Ashner to Anthonian Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, mtg $88,000, Aug. 3; attorney, same.....$1
PROSPECT AV, 1,067-67, w s, 25x95; John Larkin, referee, to Lizzie B. Barry, 224 Passaic Av, Passaic, N. J., July 14; attorney, William L. Clark, 35 Nassau St..$7,500
HOBART AV, w s, 115.3 ft s of Morris Park Av, 100x100; Ida J. Ray to Adelaide E. Wagner, 403 East 151st St, Aug. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 B'way.$100
SAME PROPERTY; Adelaide E. Wagner to Mabel M. Ellis, 1,803 Hobart Av, Aug. 3; same attorney $100
MORRIS AV, 1,970, e s, 20x100; Davetta E. Shepherd to August Jacob, 1,909 Morris Av, July 20; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.$100
VYSE AV, 1,135, w s, 20x100; David Bodenstein to Gustave M. C. Bonnard, 112 Berriman St, Brooklyn, mtg $7,000, July 27; attorney, H. T. Reinaud, 299 Broadway..$1
VYSE AV, 2,064, e s, 42x102; Rachel Singer to Adelina Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, mtg $28,000, Aug. 6; attorneys, Cahn & P., 408 East 149th St $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

LENOX AV, n e corner of 141st St, 49.11x100, Aug. 1; State Leasing Co. to Lenox-Columbus Co., 9 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Weschler & Kohn, 42 Broadway.....$2,500
11TH ST, n w corner of 3d Av, 66, 77.5x100, Aug. 6; Brown Holding Corporation to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, one and interest as per bond.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Aug 6; same to Charles Hoffman, 59 West 89th St, 2½ years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $50,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$40,000
227TH ST, 223 East, n s, 285 ft e of 3d Av, 25x88.9, Aug. 6; Catherine E. Mauborgne to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond, $6,000
60TH ST, 225 East, n s, 295 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5; George T. Vost to Leona Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, due and interest as per bond, mtg $13,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, $1,000
74TH ST, s e corner of 5th Av, 125.2x60.2, Aug. 1; 5th Avenue and 74th Street Corporation to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, due Jan. 1, 1922; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.$235,000
123D ST, n s, 123.11 ft w of 7th Av, 100x 78.1x irregular; Albert Bokelmann to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $7,500
130TH ST, 416 West, s s, 100 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11, Aug. 1; James D. Mason to Trustees Second Associate Church, City of New York, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, $6,000

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, 708-713, n s, 52x95.5; Vincenzo Trimarco and another to Ellen L. Schorah, 194 Hart St, Brooklyn, Aug. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000
EDISON AV, w s, 100 ft s of Barkley Av, 50x100; Henry F. Wettingfeld to Estates Development Co., 17 Madison Av, Aug. 6, 5 years; attorney, J. A. Wolf, 160 Broadway $5,000
FOREST AV, e s, 110.3 ft n of 163d St, runs n 135.8x s 22.2x w 79.4x s 10x w 56.4x p 88.1; Jacob J. Klasser to Brown Security and Brokerage Co., 258 East 138th St, Aug. 1, installments, 2 years, c.; attorney, I. Levy, 258 East 138th St. $500
GRANT AV, w s, 130.6 ft n of 164th St, 84.1x72.1 to centre line of Morrisania Av, (closed) x84x78.9; Kathryn Johnson and another to Charles J. F. Bohlen, 2,876 Briggs Av, Aug. 6, due as per bond; attorney, C. F. Leining, 355 East 19th St.....$500
HOBART AV, w s, 119.3 ft s of Morris Park Av, 100x100; Isabel M. Ellis to Susanna S. Carpenter, 718 East 175th St, Aug. 3, due July 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$3,000
LOTS 132 to 134, map of Lorillard Spencer et al; Philip Stein to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, June 15, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co. $1,050
LOTS 1,329 to 1,332, same map; same to same, June 15, 5 years, 5 p. c.; same attorney $1,270
LOTS 950 to 951, same map; Frances Guerrilch to same, June 15, 5 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, same $1,312
MANIDA ST, n e s, 318.10, ft n w of Lafayette Av, 25x100; Angelo Stephany to Louis A. Feldman, 2,344 Avenue O, Brooklyn, Aug. 4, due April 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,775
PILOT ST, n s, 213.3 ft e of Main St, 100x100.5; Eliza Schneider to Heine Realty Co., 165 Broadway, mtg $14,000, Aug. 2; attorney, J. C. Lewis, 165 Broadway.....$1
103D ST, 307 East, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; American Mortgage Co. to Lockwood Estate, 46 Cedar St; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$100
114TH ST, n s, 262.6 ft e of 2d Av, 18.8x100.11; James Toglis to Madalena Colucci, 322 East 114th St, mtg $9,000, June 10; attorney, J. A. Boccia, 132 Nassau St...$4,000
122D ST, 207 and 209 West, n s, 121.11 ft w of 7th Av, 31.2x100; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Albert Bokelmann, 208 West 124th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
123D ST, n s, 153.11 ft w of 7th Av, 100x 46.11x irregular; same to same, July 30; attorney, same $100
124TH ST, 67 East, n s, 160 ft w of Park Av, 35x100.11, foreclosure June 14, 1917; Medbery Blanchard, referee, to Morris B. Baer, 40 West 87th St, mtg $8,000, July 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $10,775
141ST ST, 467 West, n s, 106 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; 141st St, 465 West, n s, 124 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Clara W. Picken to Max Weinstein, 537 West 140th St, May 16, 1917; address, 6,214 19th Av, Brooklyn $10
160TH ST, 416 West, s s, 100 ft e of Convent Av, 16.6x99.11; Eugene E. Hinkle to James D. Mason, 818 West 81st St, July 13; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $8,000
188TH ST, s s, 750.2 ft w of Broadway, 18.8x100; Margaret B. Webb to Service Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, Dec. 6, 1916; attorneys, McLoughlin & Stern, 15 William St....$100

Bronx.

AMUNDSON AV, w s, 275 ft s of Randall Av, 25x100; Thomas P. Hickie and another to James E. Henry, 162 West 61st St, June 27; attorney, James E. Henry, 162 West 61st St. $100
AVENUE D, n w corner of 13th St., Unionport, 105x108; Nicholas J. Tonner to Cornelia F. Kessler, 2,528 Popham St, Chicago, July 31; attorneys, A. & C. E. Haley, 2,069 Westchester Av.....$100
BRONX AND PELHAM PARKWAY, n w corner of Williamsbridge Road, runs w 1,404± n e 625.10± s 1,178.6± s e 81.9x65.3x250x n 238± William A. Astor to New York Institute for Education of the Blind, 412 9th Av, July 31; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St. $100
CROTONA PARK EAST, s s, 163.5 ft w of Wilkens Av, 41x124.5x41.4x123.11; also Crotona Park East, s s, 308.6 ft e of Prospect Av, 41x124.5x41x127.1; Mount Hunterly Construction Co. to Concordia Realty Corporation, 1,060 Valentine Av, Aug. 6; attorney, Bronx Borough Bank, 440 Tremont Av.....$100
EDENWALD AV, s s, 75 ft w of Hill Av, 75x100; Lena Dowitsch to Joseph Frey, 70 Washington Square, mtg $1,500, July 20; attorney, Kadel, Van K. & K., 370 East 149th St $100
EDISON AV, w s, 100 ft s of Barkley Av, 50x100; Estates Development Co. to Henry F. Wettingfeld, 2,320 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, Aug. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
LOT 127, map of Hunts Point Realty Co.; Max Rivlin et al to Joseph Zininan, 1,629 30th St, Brooklyn, mtg $1,750, July 28; attorney, M. Weiss, 5 Beekman St.....$1
LOTS 132 to 134, 1,329 to 1,332, map of Lorillard Spencer et al; Lorillard Spencer 3d, individually and trustee, et al. to Philip Stein, 897 Tinton Av, June 15; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $8,200
LOTS 950 and 952, same map; same to Francis Guerrilch, Greenwich, Conn., June 15; attorney, same $1,050
PILOT ST, n s, 213.3 ft e of Main St, 100x100.5; Eliza Schneider to Robert Jacob, on Pilot St, City Island, Aug. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1
PROSPECT AV, 1,065-67, w s, 37.11x144.6; Freefein Realty Co. to Sigmund Ashner, 1,058 Coney Island Av, Brooklyn, Aug. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Sigmund Ashner to Anthonian Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, mtg $88,000, Aug. 3; attorney, same.....$1
PROSPECT AV, 1,067-67, w s, 25x95; John Larkin, referee, to Lizzie B. Barry, 224 Passaic Av, Passaic, N. J., July 14; attorney, William L. Clark, 35 Nassau St..$7,500
HOBART AV, w s, 115.3 ft s of Morris Park Av, 100x100; Ida J. Ray to Adelaide E. Wagner, 403 East 151st St, Aug. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 B'way.$100
SAME PROPERTY; Adelaide E. Wagner to Mabel M. Ellis, 1,803 Hobart Av, Aug. 3; same attorney $100
MORRIS AV, 1,970, e s, 20x100; Davetta E. Shepherd to August Jacob, 1,909 Morris Av, July 20; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.$100
VYSE AV, 1,135, w s, 20x100; David Bodenstein to Gustave M. C. Bonnard, 112 Berriman St, Brooklyn, mtg $7,000, July 27; attorney, H. T. Reinaud, 299 Broadway..$1
VYSE AV, 2,064, e s, 42x102; Rachel Singer to Adelina Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, mtg $28,000, Aug. 6; attorneys, Cahn & P., 408 East 149th St $100

Aug. 4, due April 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,250
PILOT AV, n s, 213.3 ft e of Main St, City Island, 100x100; Robert Jacob to City Island Homes, Inc., 49 Wall St, Aug. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500
PROSPECT AV, 1,065 and 1,067, w s, 37.11x 144.6; Anthonian Realty Co. to Sigmund Ashner, 1,058 Coney Island Av, Aug. 3, 5 years; attorneys, Lind & P., 48 Cedar St. $38,000
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 400 ft n of Barretto St, 77x100; Carrie Lazar to Franklin J. Mason, 415 East 31st St, deed recorded as mortgage, tax paid, $140, given as collateral security for $25,000, April 17; attorney, Franklin J. Simon, 415 East 31st St. $1

RECORDED LEASES

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

MOTT ST, 407, all; James Piper to Louis Lefkowitz, 417 West St, 5 years from May 1, 1917, re-recorded from July 28, to correct block; Fidello Brewing Co., 501 1st Av..$900

Bronx.

165TH ST, 323 East, n e corner of Findlay Av, corner store; Morris Halpern to Max Halem, 646 Fox St, from Dec. 1, 1917, to April 30, 1927; attorney, Max Halem, 640 Prospect Av.....$1,200 to $1,580

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

10TH ST, 412 and 414 East; Emily Schwab against Lizzie Friend et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Schenck & Punnett.
48D ST, s s, 150 ft w of 3d Av, 50x75; 178 E. 48 St, 178 ft w of Avenue B, 60x92, and 11th St, s s, 83 ft w of Avenue C, 18x47.4; Robert M. Law, individually and as executor, against Lillian R. Law et al., partition; attorneys, Cannon & Cannon.
49TH ST, 322 West; Solomon Dornberger et al. against Dennis McGowan et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, I. Katz.

Bronx.

LA FONTAINE AV, 2,021; Max Fine against Clinton Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff.
WEBSTER AV, e s, 50 ft s of 200d St, 50x110; Eleanor J. Brown against Theresa Rush et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. W. B. Brown.
184TH ST, n s, 98.10 ft e of Alexander Av, 18x100; Union Trust Co., as executor against Leopold Michael, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, I. B. Stewart.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

8D AV, 272; I. Brotsky against John Clausritzer, carpenter and contractor.....$32.70
172D ST, 715 to 725 West; David Meyer & Brother against Ecallaw Co., owner; A. Geiler & Co., Inc., contractor.....$769.25

Bronx.

MORRIS AV, s w corner of Cameron Place, 90.1x100; Vincent Toriello against Kerry Building Co., Inc., owner; Mary A. Koester, contractor $350
163D ST, East, 868; Christian Vorndran's Sons against Clara Isenberg, owner; James A. Criscuoli, contractor.....$40

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

7TH AV., 729; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against F. W. Burnham Co. et al., July 19, 1917 .....$35

Bronx.

FOREST AV, 1,038; Domenico La Sala against Martin Boden et al., July 23, 1917 .....$1,241
HARRISON AV, 2,115 to 2,124; G. Schaier Eagle Wrought Iron Works against Interson Improvement Co., Inc., et al., July 17, 1917 .....$1,341

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

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N. Y. Rep.—Glenn K. Carver, 50 Wall St.

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Since 1868.

LEONIA.—Bungalow with large plot.

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Ridgewood, New Jersey. Tel. 555.

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Dentist, Nose or Throat Specialist.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.
NEW APARTMENT. JUST COMPLETED.
34 WEST 51ST ST.
EUGENE A. WALSH
on Premises. Phone Circle 1184.

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101 West 85th St.
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$900 to $1,500
Superintendent on Premises.

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605-607 WEST 118TH ST.
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6 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,650—$1,800.
8 Rooms, Two Baths, $1,450—$1,550.
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JOSEPH ATZ, 55 Liberty St., or Supt.

315 W. 94th St.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE
7 rooms and bath;
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$30 per month for balance of season.
La Mond's apartment. Agent on premises.

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N. W. Corner of 90th St.
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One Apartment to a Floor.
9 & 10 Rooms and 3 Baths.
Living room 14x27. Dining room 15x22. All other rooms and kitchen in like proportion. Every modern improvement.
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N. E. Cor. 135th St. & Broadway.
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5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath.
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267 West 89th St.
Modern high-class fireproof Apartment. Southern exposure and abundance of light.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths.
$1,900 to $2,000.

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50 Central Park West,
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8 & 10 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
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Close to Subway Express Station.
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6 Rooms and 2 Baths.
$1,200 to $1,400.
One Apartment of 5 Rooms and Bath, $1,000.

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IN THE APTHORP. TEL. 9700 SCHUYLER.

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7 Rooms, (3 baths) 12th floor, 2,800

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NORTHWEST CORNER OF 82ND STREET.

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'Phone Murray Hill—1481.

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8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths.
Only 2 Apartments on a floor.

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Extra Lavatories.
The Somerset and Cedarcliff
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PARK THOROUGHFARE.
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3, 4 & 5 Rooms.
REASONABLE RENTAL.
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Single and Duplex
With 1, 2 and 3 baths. The rooms are large, some being 21x27 and 33x24; well arranged and with high ceilings.
$1,600 to $4,000
—further uptown these apartments would bring $500 to $1,000 more. They are now under
New Management
which will lease for 1, 2 or 3 years. Supt. on premises, or
Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd
84 William St. Tel. 2200—John.

Read This
1186 MADISON AVE.
1182 MADISON AVE.
53-55 EAST 86TH ST.
57-59 EAST 86TH ST.
6, 7, 8 Rooms, Bath, Electric Light, Etc.
RENTS $40 to $110.
Only a Few Choice Apartments left.
PAPAE & CO.,
1186 Madison Ave., cor. 87th St.

3-Room Duplex
Modern Apartments, with bath. Large rooms; high ceilings. Rent $1,200. 25 East 80th St. Open on premises or Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, 84 William St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1,225 MADISON AVENUE
Corner 88th St. Eight rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements; large, sunny rooms, rents $950 and $1,000 per annum. Apply Superintendent, or
WERTHEIM & CLEAR
405 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 83.

A-640 Madison Ave. "HOFFMAN ARMS" N. W. Cor. 59th.
Attractive Apartments, $1300 to $2000
6 to 10 Large Rooms

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE WOOLSEY
141 EAST 44TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette.
Furnished, $30 to $95.
Inquire on premises, or
HUNG & BING, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

REAL ESTATE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND IS A WISE MOVE."

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY,
Real Estate Broker,
Appraiser and Auctioneer,
156 Broadway. Telephone 1547 Cortlandt.

380 St. Nicholas Av., (cor. 129th St.)—Three story and basement, 13 rooms; good for rooming house; rent $1,000. Apply Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

Absolute Bargain!—Modern house, Park block; moderate for quick action. X 260 Times Annex.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

RIVER VIEW MANOR.—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; well designed and constructed houses; $7,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

COZY LITTLE HOME and 2 acres of fine farm land, some fruit and shade trees, makes ideal home for small family wanting to raise vegetables, poultry, &c.; good location, stores, schools, &c.; price, $1,350 complete; easy terms to right party. Write to COZY HOME, Box 290 Times Downtown.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY an old house with a large plot of land for cultivation of vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c., house needing small repairs; near water and station; price $1,540, for $75 down and $10 monthly. Write or call at once. B, Store, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SEASHORE HOME, $2,000 on easy terms; beautiful location; facing bay and ocean; garden plot; nice locality; improvements; near trolley, school, stores, &c. Write for further particulars. "Shore Home," Box 284 Times Downtown.

FREEPORT WATER FRONT.
Bungalows and houses, $2,500 up; also building plots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices, easy terms; send for circular. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

Sage Foundation, Forest Hills; must sacrifice contract for 2½ exceptionally fine lots, 4½ years' payments made. Benson, Room 908, 88 Wall St.

Forest Hills.—For sale, seven-room house, $8,300; easy terms, or will rent. Gallagher, 330 Burns St., Forest Hills, Long Island.

Forest Hills.—For sale, seven-room house, $8,300; easy terms, or will rent. Gallagher, 330 Burns St., Forest Hills, Long Island.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, much less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily, trolleys also. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, John 5047.

Great opportunity to buy or rent new and attractive houses, 6-8 rooms; all improvements; large plots; near station; easy terms; $6,000 to $8,500. Write for booklet. Smith-Singer Company, Glen Rock, N. J. (Adjoining Ridgewood.)

Exceptional Bargain, $3,200.—Six-room modern home, all improvements, half hour out on Erie, near station and trolley; small first payment, balance $25 monthly, like rent. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

A Commuter's Town Home.—Four acres, mod

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

EXCEPTIONAL RETAIL SELLING SPACE in the PERFECTLY EQUIPPED SHOWROOM of one of the Leading Firms in the UPPER FIFTH AV. DISTRICT catering to women. AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY is offered to a concern handling high-class GOWNS AND WRAPS. ADDRESS J. S., BOX 24 TIMES.

Wanted to buy several sections of bending slab for forming structural steel shapes, or to get in touch with parties having patterns on hand. Address Bayles Shipyard, Inc., Port Jefferson, Long Island, N. Y.

A live wire executive, experienced in handling outside men, with $5,000 to invest, can secure a half interest in an old-established paying business that has outgrown a one-man management; do not reply unless you possess the personal and financial qualifications specified; fullest investigation invited. F 85 Times.

Complete plant of 40 Singer machines and special for sale, suitable for Government contract or any kind of manufacturing; wonderful opportunity; will sell reasonable. Address L. M., 1,364 Broadway.

A New York corporation (builders and realty) wants an associate to take stock and be one of the Directors of the company; must be live wire; references exchanged; money secured. Address E. B., 44 Times.

Patent of an unforceable lock for doors, trunks, furhiture; want partner, $10,000, to manufacture same or will sell on royalty or outright. P. Solaini, 351 West 42d.

Representative of well-known high-grade motor truck will open assembly plant in New York or vicinity; now seeking capital. Address E. M. Shay, Elks Club, West 43d St., New York City.

Have capital; want new, good invention; will finance same; full particulars must be given in answering. F 57 Times.

For Sale.—Successful dry goods paper; splendid opportunity for newspaper or trade-paper man desiring to own his own business; attractive price to quick buyer. L 182 Times.

Chemist, with large contracts, wants silent partner with $15,000 to $25,000; large profits within six months. C 362 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Will buy established auto supply business which has agency for Ford cars; give full particulars. L 154 Times.

Orders wanted on sheet metal work. Morris & Sons, 425 East 9th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Several years' experience, trial balances; $12. Phone Tremont 1965W.

DRESSMAKER. — Artistic; expert fitter; street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling; out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 8th Av; Circle 1158.

GOVERNESS. — Competent entire charge; English, German, kindergarten; best references. 160 East 57th.

NORWEGIAN - AMERICAN educated girl wishes position care of children; experience; references. $35.00. Care Christiansen, 1,148 Summit Av., Jersey City. Telephone Webster 4022-J.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.

Englishwoman, experienced, energetic, capable, stependable, seeks work as above. F 78 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Thoroughly experienced; efficient; executive ability; $18; permanent. Conscientious, C 367 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—American; five years' commercial experience; best references; salary $16. C 341 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $15. C 319 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; five years' practical experience; thorough knowledge of office work. F 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, 3 years' experience dress and waist line, desires position, any line. S 1 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator; five years' experience; references; salary $17. S 2 Times.

TYPIST, (21,) four years' experience; operate billing machine, knowledge of bookkeeping and general office routine; neat and accurate worker. S. Siegel, 1,412 East 29th St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST and clerk; high school graduate; 3 years' experience; $12. C 330 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY.—Five years' experience as bookkeeper and proofreader in printing office; best references. L 240 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat, colored girls, investigated, references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 W. 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1809.

COOKS, waitresses, nurses, houseworkers. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (76th St.) Schuyler 9396.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, 40, MODERN BOOKKEEPING METHODS, CAPABLE OFFICE AND BUSINESS MANAGER, 12 YEARS WITH PRESENT EMPLOYER; EXCELLENTRECORD. C 366 TIMES DOWN TOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ADVERTISING MAN.

Aggressive young man, 22, exempt from military services; college education; has proven ability as a live-wire salesman; best references; at present employed in advertising department of metropolitan newspaper; desires connection with concern offering position of advancement. X 246 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

Young man, 25, nine years' experience, well acquainted with magazine and newspaper rates and circulations throughout the country, seeks change. C 308 Times Downtown.

AGGRESSIVE SALESMAN.

Young man, wide awake, energetic, with record for opening up new territory and creating sales, is desirous of making connection in New York or East in a sales capacity. F 40 Times.

AGGRESSIVE MAN, 24, (exempt,) employed by newspaper; 4 years' advertising experience. L 175 Times.

AM OPEN CHICAGO MIDDLE WEST AGENCY STRONG REPRESENTATIVE LINE LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR, SHIRT WAISTS, NECKWEAR; HEADQUARTERS CHICAGO OFFICE IF NECESSARY. F 72 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable, conscientious man, resigned position recently, holds employer's reference, eleven years, seeks important openine, (outside position,) shipping, freight desk, or assistant to executive. S., 831 41st St. Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (junior,) 20; 3 years' bookkeeping, 6 months' accounting experience; N. Y. U. student evenings; stenographer; references. C 304 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20;) accurate; experienced double entry; expert on ledgers; trial balance; highest references. Phone. Siskin, 2,621 8th Av.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, controlling accounts, balances, correspondent, hard worker, seeks opportunity; not liable to draft. F 76 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—OFFICE MANAGER.

Accountant, 30, wishes connection with firm requiring employe capable of accomplishing things. D 116 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, with 15 years' experience, wants position; furnish good references; salary $18 weekly. Henry Nels, 3 Grant Square, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, accountant, office manager; long experience, desires position with progressive concern. L. M., 210 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER - CASHIER.—Thoroughly familiar with double entry controlling accounts. F 71 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 42; thoroughly experienced executive; best credentials. C 350 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent, reliable; good penman; desires responsible position. Brenner, 974 East 179th.

BUILDING MANAGER.

A1 organizer; age, 39; thoroughly familiar with estimating, superintending, and subletting contracts; tactful, resoureful producer of results; employed now with a large building contractor; salary, $4,000 to start; understand reinforced concrete and steel construction. D 497 Times Annex.

BUILDING MANAGER OR SUPERINTENDENT.—Experienced superintending, managing high class office buildings; thoroughly familiar with repairs, maintenance of machinery and operating at low cost; licensed engineer, familiar with ventilating refrigerating, lighting, heating, with economy; high class references. Advrtiser, 154 West 82d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, age 35, married, wishes steady position private family, city or country. Eller, 219 East 66th St.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. S. Glassman, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4656.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; American, single; 9 years' experience; expert on mechanism, construction, and operation of automobiles; exceptional reference; $30 week. Telephone for information 7405 Melrose.

CHAUFFEUR, Swedish, married, 11 years' experience, excellent driver, any car; city, country; only respectable wages accepted; best references. Streyffert, Box 293, Lawrence, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR, 31 years, married, would like to drive for private family; nine years' experience; good mechanic. George Connors, 178 8th St., Long Island City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable, careful driver; 8 years' experience, 4 years city; personal references. Macauley, 201 West 77th. 7235 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR wants good position; vast experience, unquestionable references. H. Mayer, 1,160 Bryant Av., Bronx. Phone 1221 Intervale.

CHAUFFEUR, useful driver, willing to work long hours, go anywhere; reference to prove character and ability. Wallace, 408 East 58th St. Phone Melrose 2966.

CHAUFFEUR, Single, 29, experienced driver, mechanic, own tools, repairs, high class cars only; city, country. Box 25, 163 East 123.

CHAUFFEUR. — Wishes position, private family; best references. Shea, 328 East 71st, Lenox 5015.

CHAUFFEUR.—$80 month, found; country preferred; temperate; highest indorsements. F 61 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, &c.—Couple, colored, chauffeur and general housewoker; best references. Richards, 240 West 124th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; Hudson, others; single; anywhere; country preferred; temprate. F 60 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful driver, good mechanic; several years' experience private, commercial. F 49 Times.

COLLECTOR.—Experienced, desires connection with good real estate firm; best references. Box C. A., 104 E. 14th St.

CORRESPONDENT, &c. — College graduate desires position as Polish-English correspondent, translator. M. F. W., 96 Eckford St., Brooklyn.

CREDITS AND COLLECTIONS. — Young man, employed, over eleven years' general business training, capable correspondent, familiar with credits and collection work, accounting practice, office systems, efficient, thorough, desires field where conscientious work and initiative are appreciated; highest references. F 87 Times.

DIAMOND polisher, wishes repair work; good references. Carpenter, 43 East 30th St.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced, desires home work; fast tracer and letterer; references. Behr, 61 Fordham St., City Island, N. Y.

EVENING work writing up books, auditing, financial statements. L. Harang, 419 Broome St.

FACTORY OR SHIPYARD EXECUTIVE.

Just completing present employment; open for new engagement; temporary; during war; executive, advisory; have broad business and technical experience; many years; best education, training; highest references, acquaintance; wish connection first-class parties; large business experience in Government contracts, ships, engines, shell, machine tools, motors, standardized manufacture. M 382 Times Downtown.

GARDENER.—Gentleman wishes to place head gardener; 8 years in his employ; experienced with glass, flowers, vegetables, shrubs; sober, honest, industrious. Apply Box 357, Oyster Bay, L. I.

GARDENER.—Norwegian, (28,) single, years' experience, all branches gardening, wishes position on private place; best references. F 75 Times.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE.—Reliable man, married, 31, wants position on gentleman's estate, thorough mechanic, some knowledge firing, handle men; references. Address F., care of Bonardel, 48 Norwood St., Newark, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 32 years old, technical graduate, experienced on construction work, factories, power plants, chemical installations, oil, chemical and mining installations; can take complete charge designing and erection. C 389 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years' experience figuring; neat; American; $10. C 332 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Ten years' experience auditor cost accountant; age 34. E. W. Knight, 1,074 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—American, (33,) five years' salesmanship experience; Principal of educational institution for the past five years; wishes executive position, where ability and hard work are appreciated. A. P., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, 10 years' experience calling on department dry goods stores, city and vicinity, desires connection reliable concern. C 228 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 35, thorough knowledge cotton goods, linens, handkerchiefs, desires position, city or road. C 347 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER desires position where effort will merit promotion; 32. C 380 Times Downtown.

SILK SALESMAN.—Young married man, exempt from military service, 6 years experience selling cutting up trade, wants position; can assure results; straight commission; no drawing account. F 47 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—American, 21, desires connection where ability only limits opportunity; expert stenographer, typi t; knowledge accounting, credits, selling, languages; high school graduate, experience building, automobile, advertising, mercantile lines; unquestioned references, attesting ambition, character, capabilities; valuable to organization or individual where brains and ability count; salary secondary. "Live Wire," Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, several years' steel mill experience, familiar with cost and production work, will consider position out of town; former conections will furnish excellent references; salary nominal. C 848 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 20, experienced, knowledge bookkeeping, traffic work. Y. L., 2,960 3d Av.

SUPERINTENDENT of construction, 6 years' experience reinforced concrete, foundations, and irrigation work, desires position; salary $150. C 342 Times Downtown.

STONE MASON, contractor, builder, account conditions, building, superintendent, position, superintendent, foreman building construction or branches; city, country; honest, energetic, efficient; speaks Italian. C 337 Times Downtown.

STOREKEEPER, 32, executive, thorough bookkeeper and correspondent; eleven years with machine manufacturing concerns; absolutely up-to-date on all stock ledger systems. Address Systematizer, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, age 24, high school graduate, seven years' experience in sales department of manufacturer as stenographer and traveling salesman, energetic and ambitious, would consider inside position. C 320 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, American, desires position with reliable firm, where willingness and strict attention to business count more than experience; excellent references. F 68 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, high school graduate, 3 years' experience as correspondent, typist, assistant to general export buyer, knowledge French, desires position. C 344 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, employed, desires better position; good Spanish correspondent or traveling salesman; experience; best of references. C 376 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, exempt military duty, excellent reference, experienced office work and selling, seeks position with reliable concern. C. K., 473 Lenox Av., 115th St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education, legal, bookkeeping, general business experience, desires position where advancement assured; reference. C 334 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position in purchasing department; knows mechanical stock, follow-up, and record keeping. C 348 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, clerical experience, desires position with wholesale house. C 331 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, wishes position with good advancement. C 327 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, executive ability; ten years' business training. H. G., 19 Times.

Employment Agencies.

SPANISH-PORTUGUESE, office people, male, female, bookkeepers, translators, travelers, export mgrs., domestic and foreign. BERRS AGENCY, esta. 1900, Havana, Cuba. Only American agency with branch in Latin-America. Flatiron Bldg., New York.

HELP WANTED—Female.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES

WITH COLLEGE EDUCATION

as correspondents in large institution; good salary to competent people, and excellent opportunity for advancement; knowledge of typewriting and stenography not essential, but desirable; apply giving full extent of education, business experience, and salary expected; replies will be held in strict confidence. Address M T 205 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, residing in Brooklyn; accuracy essential; state age, salary, references, and details of all former positions. L 147 Times.

BILLING CLERK, accurate, Underwood typist; state qualifications. G 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR, experienced; Underwood or Ellis preferred; must be competent, accurate, and willing; opportunity for advancement; state age, salary, and experience; hours from 8 P. M. to 12 P. M. X 243 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, assistant; competent lady wanted to assist bookkeeper and use remainder of her time as stenographer and typist. Write, giving experience, qualifications, reference, religion, and salary expected, to Competent, P. O. Box 634, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED IN CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS, TO TAKE CHARGE OF SET OF BOOKS FOR CHAIN OF RETAIL CLOTHING STORES. APPLY IN GENERAL OFFICE MOE LEVY & SON, 119 WALKER ST., AFTER 9 O'CLOCK.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST in wholesale house; must be accurate. Apply in own handwriting, giving references and length of time in last position and salary expected. Echo, 1,364 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced; must be competent to take full charge complete set of books, accurate, and good penman; give full details in own handwriting. L 165 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced garment manufacturing office; state experience, references, and salary desired. M. B. 263 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position; small start, but good future; state salary expected. D 146 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with retail experience; trial balance; permanent. Avedon Cloak, 448 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER for cotton goods export house; salary $18 per week. Box 220 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, with good references. L 188 Times.

COOK.—Experienced; suburban home, family of two; $30 a month. Apply Johnson, 42 West 35th St.

EXPERT BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR FOR IMPORT AND EXPORT HOUSE; MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO YEARS SIMILAR EXPERIENCE; APPLICATIONS MUST CONTAIN FULL DETAILS. C 343 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRLS

TO

FOLD CATALOGUES.

TEMPORARY WORK LASTING ABOUT THREE WEEKS.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY;

$7 PER WEEK.

APPLICANTS MUST BE AT LEAST 17 YEARS OLD.

APPLY WEDNESDAY MORNING READY FOR WORK.

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,

207 WEST 24TH ST.

HAND SEWERS on fine underwear. Brand, 3 East 40th St.

HOUSEFURNISHING

SALESWOMEN.

APPLY BEFORE 11 A. M., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, JAMES McCREERY & CO., 35TH STREET ENTRANCE.

MILLINERS, FIRST CLASS. HENRI BENDEL, INC., 10-14 WEST 57TH ST.

MODELS.

STYLISH

AND

GOOD-LOOKING

GIRLS,

SIZE 18.

EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.

APPLY

GOLDMAN COSTUME CO.,

2-16 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS,

36 AND 16. ATTRACTIVE APPEARANCE; LONG SEASON; GOOD WAGES.

FELLER & BERGER,

15 WEST 27TH ST.

MODELS FOR FASHION SHOW. CALL 11 A. M. TO 1 P. M., GREAN, 26 EAST 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16, TALL, A. & S. LEVY, 42 EAST 32D STREET.

NURSE for baby and child; country; best references required; write or call. Room 721, 71 Broadway.

OPERATOR.—Telephone switchboard (plug) operator wanted; must have good memory, be experienced at filing, and also be a competent typist; apply by letter or call with written application, A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact and ability, to call on our list of mothers and explain successful character building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 710, 108 West 34th St.

SALESWOMAN selling line of art goods to handle line of novelties; to one who can show results very good proposition offered; salary or commission. American Art Novelty, 45 East 20th.

STATISTICIAN.

Young woman wanted with good education and business training; must be neat and exceptionally good at figures, for statistical work; knowledge of typewriting advantageous, but not necessary; good salary for the right applicant. Apply C. Kenyon Co. Employment Department, 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—By an old-established and prominent wholesale house, lower west side, refined young woman, (high school graduate preferred,) able to take rapid dictation and transcribe notes accurately and quickly; opportunity for advancement; hours, 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; please give particulars of previous experience, salary expected, &c. C 370 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for temporary position in real estate office, beginning Aug. 6; salary $18. Address Box C 373 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to executive, correspondent, records; splendid opportunity advancement; state age, education, experience, references, salary; permanent. E. S. 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST WANTED; MUST BE QUICK, ACCURATE, AND NEAT; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS GIRL. SALARY TO START, $12. APPLY TO SPIRELLA CO., 506 5TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER,

between 25 and 30, to take charge of stenographic department; one accustomed to dictaphone; good opportunity for advancement. Apply all day, Room 203, 74 Cortlandt St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must also understand bookkeeping, to work in office of a grape juice plant at Penn Yan, N. Y., for two months; will pay good salary and fare. Peter Leonardi & Sons, 183 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accuracy, speed; high school education essential; permanent position and advancement for right person. Apply Congregational Home Missionary Society, 287 4th Av., Room 602, 9 to 12 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER.—Banking house requires thoroughly experienced stenographer; excellent opportunity for clever, industrious young woman; state full particulars, references. G 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by a large, high-grade mercantile house; must be capable, intelligent, and adaptable. Address, stating experience, if any, references, and salary expected. L 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, familiar with Wall Street terms; accuracy and knowledge of English language required; state salary expected. Box C 375 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced and accurate young lady; good pay; an excellent opportunity; advance rapidly. Shepard & Co., 811 Hudson St., corner Spring.

STENOGRAPHER with at least two or three years' experience; must be neat and accurate, with an understanding of filing; state salary expected. L 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; $10 per week to start; good opportunity for advancement to right girl; give age, experience and references. C 349 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; young lady; must be neat, good speller, and grammarian; give previous experience and salary expected. C 383 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of dictaphone; good position for right girl; salary, $15 to start. Call in person, American Tin Co., 890 Broadway, after 9 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper; experienced; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. G. C. S., seventh floor, 81 Prospect St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; must be experienced and neat; good chance for advancement. Apply Samuel Bros. & Co., 415 Lafayette St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted temporarily for last two weeks in August; salary, $12 a week. Florasynth Laboratories, Inc., 331 Pearl St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER with high school education and several years' experience; state qualifications, references, salary desired. D. R. 27 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with several years' experience in high-class woman's apparel line. Reply, stating salary expected, R. F. 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—About 2 years' experience in manufacturing office; $12 weekly to start. Apply all morning, Lefkowitz, 1 Greene St.

STENOGRAPHER with clerical experience; position permanent; advancement; bring references. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 646 West 132d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid operator, who can transcribe notes accurately; permanent position; $15 to start. Apply Room 1111, 50 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Underwood or Royal operator; familiar with office work; state references, salary; good opportunity for ambitious worker. Address A A Box 40 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeping, and general office work; girl; bright; steady position; salary, $9. Silk Wat. Hatband Co., 210 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, law experience; state salary and references. Box C 369 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young woman wanted for permanent position. Apply Wednesday morning, Room 525, 42 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in dry goods commission house; permanent; state age, experience and salary. Box F 83 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Must be capable operator; state experience, reference, and salary. Box F 83 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with law experience; permanent position; good salary. Call Fruehauff, Robinson & Sloan, 60 Wall St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; ambitious; with some experience; excellent opportunity. G 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; permanent position. Call Wednesday morning, Room 1,178, 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, Spanish-English. Apply at once, 346 Broadway, Room 931.

STENOGRAPHER of ability and experience, capable of handling charge accounts. L 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, month of August; good salary. Telephone Sunset 6094.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady. Apply Room 32, 97 Warren St.

TEACHER for special work; year's contract, Room 711, 149 West 34th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Importing house requires thoroughly competent telephone operator; salary, $12; permanent position. L 179 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—REFINED YOUNG LADY TO OPERATE SWITCHBOARD. JOSEPH SKOLNY & CO., 906 BROADWAY.

TYPIST wanted in publishing company for high-grade work; will presumably supervise other operators later, if capable; good pay. Call 310 Broadway, second floor, today, between 10 and 12:30 A. M. Ask for Mr. Seipel.

TYPISTS, experienced only, on L. C. Smith and Underwood, for addressing envelopes and filling in letters; beginners not wanted; permanent positions; eight parties. 16 West 23d St., fourth floor.

TYPISTS.—Wanted three typists for temporary work; must be expert and very careful. Apply A. E. Vaughan, 163 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST.—Intelligent, experienced: $15 per week; state qualifications, experience, religion. G 288 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRLS

TO ASSIST IN SHOWROOM. APPLY GOLDMAN COSTUME CO., 2-16 WEST 33D ST.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in an old reliable Wall Street broker's office to attend to the telephone switchboard, do typewriting and be able to take easy dictation; salary $10 to start; an excellent opportunity for a beginner who has good education and refined associations. Box 221 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in insurance company's compensation claim department must be quick, intelligent, have business experience, capable of conducting correspondence. Address C 287 Times Downtown.

YOUNG ladies with style and good features to pose for first-class illustrators; no Broadway types; picture sent will be returned. S 6 Times.

Employment Agencies.

THE OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME FOR YOUNG WOMEN! TWENTY STENOGRAPHERS ARE NEEDED TO GO TO FRANCE IMMEDIATELY; SALARY, $120 PER MONTH, TRANSPORTATION PAID BOTH WAYS; 6 MONTHS' CONTRACT.

MAKER OF A LUNCHROOM, $100 PER MONTH; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR AN EFFICIENT WOMAN.

CALL 9 to 1 DAILY,

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,

ROOM 725, 90 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
3 STENOGRAPHERS, $20.
5 STENOGRAPHERS, $18.
5 STENOGRAPHERS, $15.
2 LEGAL STENOGRAPHERS, $22-$25.
10 TYPISTS, $10-$12-$14-$15.
20 CLERICAL ASSISTANTS, $10-$12-$15.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $85 month.
5 Filing Clerks, $10-$15.
MANY openings for SUBSTITUTE stenographers, $18 upwards.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE, 37 Liberty St.

WANTED.
STENOGRAPHERS,
BOOKKEEPERS,
TYPISTS,
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS,
TELEPHONE OPERATOR,
BILLING CLERK,
OFFICE ASSISTANTS,
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
DIETZ AGENCY, 110 NASSEY ST.

SECRETARIES, stenographers, bookkeepers, $25-$28; cashier, add. mach. operators, dictaphone operators, typists, &c. Hirst Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY for bookkeeper of personality and refinement; $25-$30; steno., $25; stenos., (8,) $18. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—$10-$21; bookkeepers, typists; billing clerks; (Underwood.) Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Good paying positions. Call immediately. Certified Placement Agency, 1,265 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS. — Other good openings. Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Several beginners, $8-$10-$12; typists, $12. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, clerical; many positions, $8-$18. Acme Agency, 28 Church.

Instruction.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.)—The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Day, Evening, and Correspondence Courses. Catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.

GREGG SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction. Make reservations now for Fall season. References required.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' individual instruction. Special rates. Graduates registered.

V. M. WHEAT,

35 West 42d St.

$10

this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS

on big military proposition, men who can make good; references necessary; commission. Apply Room 808, 527 Fifth Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, assistant bookkeeper; must understand double entry; state length of experience and in what kinds of business. C 365 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in general sales office of large corporation; good opportunity for young man with high school education and one or two years' experience; write fully, stating age, education, experience, salary expected. M 393 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT STOCK CLERK in wholesale house; bright young man, about 17, with some experience in filling orders for beads and fancy goods; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Address, stating experience and salary expected, Box L 186 Times.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK and several stock boys wanted by a large wholesale dry goods house. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary desired. S 4 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Good at figures; good opportunity for advancement; state age and experience. Liability Co., C 364 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT or ORDERLY for an institution; pay $24 a month. Call at 146 East 28th St., today at 6 P. M. for personal interview.

BANK BOOKKEEPERS wanted, capable handling 600 or 700 individual accounts; must have had experience; state salary expected. Address Box C 321 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and CASHIER, by old-established firm; state salary; single man preferred. L 183 Times.

SHEET METAL.

Receiving and stock record clerk; those only having experience need apply. Call the Republic Metal Ware Co., 254 36th St., Brooklyn.

CLERK.—Stock and entry clerk, young man, 18-20; wholesale dry goods; good position for hustler seeking advancement; state experience and references. Write, Box 20, 1,364 Broadway.

COLLECTORS.—Five men, between 31 and 40, for city work; salary $2.25 per day and commission; with good chance for advancement. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. only. Room 801, 3 West 29th.

COMPETENT BUYER WANTED

FOR SILKS, DRESS GOODS,

AND LININGS.

THOROUGH BUYING EXPERIENCE IN A PROGRESSIVE STORE A NECESSITY QUALIFICATION.

THE PALAIS ROYAL,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

CORRESPONDENT.—Must be thoroughly familiar with Spanish and have experience in the South American export trade; good advancement for reliable young man able to take charge of department; no restrictions as to nationality; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. P. O. Box 151, Madison Square.

CORRESPONDENT, bookkeeper stenographer (Spanish-English) wanted, male or female. Dabdoub, 488 Broadway.

COST CLERK.—Experienced; reply, giving age, nationality, experience, and salary desired factory. G 282 Times Downtown.

DEPARTMENT AND SALES MANAGER DESIRED FOR THE SALE AND MANAGEMENT OF VELVETS, VELVETEENS, PILE FABRICS, AND PLUSHES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC, BY WELL-KNOWN AND ESTABLISHED DRY GOODS FIRM. TO APPLICANT WHO HAS EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY TO PRODUCE RESULTS AND ON WHOM PRINCIPAL COULD PLACE RESPONSIBILITY WITH IMPLICIT CONFIDENCE, A MOST LIBERAL AND ATTRACTIVE ARRANGEMENT WILL BE OFFERED. ADDRESS IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, L 36 TIMES.

DRAFTSMEN.

Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability and technical education we offer permanent positions, with excellent opportunity for advancement. Call or write Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMEN. — We need several engineering draftsmen, familiar with power, heating, and underground piping work; immediately; state experience and salary expected. Baker, Smith & Co., 572 and 576 Greenwich St., New York City.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical designer, and detailer on light automatic machinery, jigs, and fixtures; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. L 160 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted for Philadelphia corporation; structural and mechanical; give technical history and salary desired. Z 399 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced on gears, bearings, and shafting. Edward F. Terry, Grand Central Terminal.

ESTIMATOR wanted; first-class man, well acquainted in sheet metal and roofing line; fair commission. X 259 Times Annex.

FOREMAN FOR FACTORY MANUFACTURING LIGHT SHEET METAL SPECIALTY; MUST BE PRACTICAL MAN ON COMBINATION DIE WORK AND WELL EXPERIENCED IN THE MANAGEMENT OF HELP. REPLY MUST GIVE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND STATE SALARY WANTED; PERMANENT POSITION FOR FIRST-CLASS MAN. C 326 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOREMAN.—Wanted, who can supply labor for Government work on Long Island; extra wages paid. Telephone 5390 Beekman.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES
OF A REGISTERED
OPTOMETRIST.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GLASSBLOWER. — Up-to-date, well established factory situated near New York City, requires immediately the services of several first-class glassblowers, experienced in making chemical apparatus; very attractive proposition for high-grade workers. X 234 Times Annex.

IMPORT-EXPORT EXECUTIVE.

Great organizer, with large experience in metals, steels, and machinery, speaks and writes perfectly English, French, Italian, and German, actually working with one of the Allies' Government Purchasing Commissions, desires new connection with first-class firm; salary $4,000. C 351 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE COMPANY wants intelligent, experienced man to investigate and adjust negligence claims. Must have had experience in that line of work. In replying state age, education, business experience, nationality, languages spoken, and address. C 289 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST for the Any Automatic Package Wrapping Machine; a large chocolate factory must be capable of increasing production and thorough mechanic; state experience, age, last place employed, and wages expected. G 259 Times Downtown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

JAMES A. OR CLINTON FOSTER, MARY Whittlesey, children James Foster, Jr.; Alice Goodman, Fannie Crossman, Blanch Foster, children Charles Foster, or next of kin, address James W. Foster, P. O. Box 253, Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT.—Good wages and steady work for middle-aged man in factory office; one preferred who lives in Manhattan and can get to work at 8 A. M.; references. Address Noah Phillips, Station C.

BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR, experienced; Underwood or Ellis preferred; must be competent, accurate, and willing; opportunity for advancement; state age, salary, and experience; hours from 5 P. M. to 12 P. M. X 243 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; need not be a college graduate nor a philosopher, but one who is willing and must be prepared to work; salary commensurate with ability. Address, with full details, L 184 Times.

BOOKKEEPER to check invoices and handle purchase register in large tire company; opportunity to advance; state age, experience, salary desired; also references; replies treated confidentially. Tires. 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, in wholesale house; must be accurate; apply in own handwriting, giving references, length of time in last position and salary expected. Echo, 1,364 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must understand general ledger; typist preferred; state age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. G 287 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Double-entry, experienced in customers' ledger work; young man preferred; steady position; $15 per week; chance for advancement; references. L 180 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—With knowledge of Russian wanted; excellent opportunity; salary $75 month. G 280 Times Downtown.

BOYS, grammar or high school graduates, for office work; to bright, ambitious young men we offer excellent opportunity for advancement. Call, 10 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOY.—Wanted, in cotton goods house, boy of 16 as office boy; must be well recommended, write well, and figure correctly; $7 a week to start. Address in own handwriting, giving full particulars, Chance, Box C 361 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Several bright, active,

MRS. DE SAULLES TO FIGHT FOR BOY

If Family of Man She Shot Refuses Her Request a Writ Will Be Sought.

REMOVED FROM HER CELL

Now Occupies Room in Sheriff's Own Apartment Once Used by Mrs. Carman.

MOTHER AND SISTER ON WAY

Leave Chile to be at Her Side When She Faces Trial for Murder.

Counsel for Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, now in prison in Mineola, L. I., will apply today to the family of her former husband on grounds of humanity for their consent to have 4-year-old John Longer De Saulles, Jr., visit his mother. If this permission is not granted an application will be made for a writ of habeas corpus for the boy in order to have him brought before the Supreme Court, so that the petition of the mother to see the child may be reviewed. The family has not made known its attitude. The last time young Jack saw his mother was last Friday night, when he saw her shoot five bullets into his father, an event the significance of which has not yet dawned on the child.

Unless an agreement is reached regarding visits of the boy to the mother, a long-drawn-out guardianship contest is likely to occur during the next two months while the mother is awaiting trial for murder in the first degree. Henry A. Uterhart, lawyer for Mrs. De Saulles, said yesterday that he was inclined to be in favor of continuing the boy in the custody of his grandfather, Major Arthur De Saulles, for the present at least, providing that the child be allowed to make frequent visits to the Mineola Jail. Such visits, in the opinion of the lawyer, are absolutely necessary, if the mother is to live to face trial. In this opinion he is supported by three physicians who have examined her.

"Although the mother is the only surviving legal guardian, we are not going to ask for the custody of the child," he said, "because we could not keep the boy in jail and it would mean committing him to the care of strangers or servants, which the court might not approve. It seems better to leave the child with his grandfather, but the mother must be allowed to see him."

Mr. Uterhart said that he had not pressed this question as yet, because he was anxious that the mother should have time to recover from the shock of last Friday night before seeing the child. In her present condition, he said that he feared the mother might be overcome with joy at seeing the child, thus increasing her illness. County Physician Dr. Guy F. Cleghorn said, however, that he thought nothing would do the mother so much good as visits from the child.

The result of the examination of the accused woman by three physicians on Monday night was the verdict that she was suffering from malnutrition and anaemia because she had not been properly cared for during the last year. No effort was made to have her transferred from the Nassau County Jail to a hospital because of the opinion of the physicians that she could be treated where she was and because of fear that, if she was placed in an institution where she was not constantly guarded, she might attempt to kill herself. The three physicians agreed that, while her illness might result in her death if her present rate of decline continued for any length of time, it would not be difficult to restore her to health, provided she received proper medical treatment and diet and was comforted occasionally by a sight of the child, whom she continually begs to see.

Because of the result of the physical examination, Mrs. De Saulles was removed yesterday from her little cell, 7 by 9 feet, to a spare room in Sheriff Seaman's own apartment, which is considerably larger and airier. It has two windows, both of them barred. These quarters were occupied by Mrs. Florence Carman during the period between her first trial, when the jury disagreed, and the second trial, which ended in acquittal. Sheriff Seaman said he had received no directions to keep a guard on constant duty over the woman to prevent attempts at suicide, and that only the usual precautions would be taken in her case.

Evidence to support the plea of insanity was received by the woman's lawyer in the preliminary report from Dr. J. Sherman Wight of Long Island College Hospital, who said yesterday that he had not completed his diagnosis, and would pay another visit to the patient before he did. His preliminary report was as follows:

"We found the patient psychopathic and in a depressed state. She has been seriously ill for at least a year, and is still on the downward track."

Indifferent to Her Health.

County Physician Dr. Cleghorn said one of the most alarming symptoms was her indifference to her state of health. He found, however, that her trouble arose from physical rather than mental causes. He said:

"She is thin and wasted, and weighs less than 100 pounds. She will have to be built up and kept under observation, but there is no reason why this may not be done where she is. If she fails to respond to treatment and grows worse here, the question of removing her can be taken up again. While her illness is physical, she was in a very melancholy frame of mind, and seemed to be in a state of complete nervous exhaustion. She volunteered nothing, and was rather hostile in some of her replies to our questions. I would not say that there is danger that she may make an attempt on her life, but I would not sanction her removal to any place where she would not be constantly guarded."

"District Attorney Charles R. Weeks said yesterday that he had his doubts about the seriousness of Mrs. De Saulles's illness, and that if an attempt were made to have her removed from the prison he would oppose it by all the means in his power.

"Everything that is necessary can be done for her where she is," he said. "I see no reason for treating her differently from any other accused person, and she will be treated just as any sick prisoner is. There is a man in the jail now charged with the same crime she is, a man named De Mascos from Lynbrook, who is penniless, but I see no reason why she should receive any different treatment from him. If she is really ill and her counsel wants her removed from her cell, I will have my own physicians examine her, and be guided by their report, but she will not be released. The facts that she is a woman and that she comes of a wealthy family give her no exceptional rights. I do not purpose to give her case any priority or preference. It will be presented to the Grand Jury in its turn and tried in its turn, not before.

"Another thing I wish to say is that I do not believe in conducting criminal trials in newspaper columns, and I will not be led into any public discussion of the case. The other side has been given elaborate space in the newspapers, but there will be no such campaign from this office. Our detectives are making some investigations that I expect will be helpful to the prosecution, but beyond that I shall say nothing."

Mr. Uterhart received word that Mrs. Blanca Vergara-Errazuriz and Miss Emilia Vergara-Errazuriz, mother and sister of Mrs. De Saulles, will leave Valparaiso today to come to New York to be at the side of the young woman during the trial. Mrs. De Saulles has not communicated with her family, but a cable briefly relating what had occurred was sent on Saturday to Valparaiso by Mrs. D. Stewart Iglehart, who is of Chilean birth and was a neighbor of Mrs. De Saulles both in Valparaiso and on Long Island. The family was already acquainted with the experiences of Mrs. De Saulles since she married and came to this country in 1911.

It was learned yesterday that before the suit for divorce was started by Mrs. De Saulles last December, the charges against De Saulles and the story of the alleged sufferings of the Chilean girl who had taken an American husband were current, not only in Valparaiso, but in other cities of South America. The story had spread, according to Americans and to Latin-Americans arriving by steamer from South America, because of the great prominence of the family of Mrs. De Saulles, whose grandmother, Mme. Vergara, was a generation ago much written about as "the wealthiest woman in South America." According to stories from travelers returning from South American cities, the discussion of the affairs of the De Saulles had added appreciably to an impression widely held in South America that North Americans make bad husbands.

South America Interested.

Evidence of the wide interest in the case appeared yesterday in demands received by news associations and transmitted to Mr. Uterhart for a statement from the young woman for South American papers. Requests for news, which were turned over to Mr. Uterhart, came from Buenos Aires, Rio Janeiro, and Valparaiso. Another evidence of the interest felt in South America was contained in dispatches from Valparaiso saying that the Government there had been petitioned by prominent Chileans to interest itself in the case. This was followed by statements from Washington that the Chilean Ambassador mentioned the case at the State Department and suggested that his Government was willing to do anything it could in the matter.

The mother and sister of Mrs. De Saulles will make their home, according to present plans, at The Crossways, the Roslyn house where Mrs. De Saulles had lived with her boy, and from which she made the trip last Friday night which ended in her killing her husband. Mr. Uterhart commented on the report that Mrs. De Saulles had consented to the decree which gave the father an equal possession of the child because she was threatened with a countersuit, saying:

"While I have not had an opportunity to talk with my client, I want to call your attention to the fact that reputable lawyers would not enter into any such agreement. It would be a disbarring offense to compromise a divorce case in any such manner. Certainly nothing of the kind occurred in this case. The verdict was not consented to by Mrs. De Saulles, who, on the contrary, was terribly surprised by it."

The boy's whereabouts, which has been kept in doubt by statements from relatives of De Saulles that outsiders would not be permitted to learn where he was, was definitely made known yesterday by G. M. Heckscher, the business partner of the slain man. His statement was as follows:

"There is no mystery, and never has been, in respect to the whereabouts of little Jack De Saulles. He is at my home at Westbury under the care of his aunt, Mrs. Rudolph Degener, and of my wife."

Mr. Uterhart said that his client continued to receive numerous letters adding to the charges against De Saulles and offering evidence to corroborate her description of him. Relatives of De Saulles and friends allowed the defense of the dead man to rest on the brief statement issued by the father, Major De Saulles, characterizing the charges as calumnies, but Marshall Ward, an old friend of De Saulles and a witness of his death, said yesterday that he expected to have something to say on the subject later.

The body was removed yesterday from Campbell's undertaking parlors to the De Saulles apartment, at 4 West Fifty-seventh Street, where it was viewed by many of his friends. A great collection of floral pieces was received during the day. The original plan to hold the funeral at Grace Church was changed, and it will be held at 10:30 o'clock today from the apartment. It will be private and the interment will be at Greenwood Cemetery.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Chilean Government has been informed of the facts in the case of Mrs. Blanca Vergara De Saulles, who shot and killed her former husband, John L. De Saulles. The report to the Santiago Foreign Office was said to be regular and routine, according to a practice followed by the foreign representatives of all Governments, and merely for the information of the Chilean authorities.

J. W. LAMBERT FOUND DEAD.

Women's Notes Figure in Strange Shooting of St. Louis Man.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 7.—With a bullet through his brain, the body of Jordan W. Lambert, wealthy Vice President of the Lambert Pharmacal Company, prominent sportsman, and brother of Albert Bond Lambert, founder of the United States Aviation Reserve Corps, was found by a maid in his room soon after 1 o'clock this morning, death having occurred only a short time before.

Mr. Lambert had received three notes, one from his last wife, in which she declined to return to St. Louis and get a divorce; one signed "Nellie," which warned him not to "do anything rash without thinking carefully," and a third from which the signature had been torn, which hinted at a love affair.

The discovery of the body was made after the maid had been called on the telephone about 1 o'clock this morning and asked by an unidentified woman to see if Lambert was all right. The mysterious woman said:

"Mr. Lambert told me he might not live through it. Please see if he is all right, or if you can help him."

The maid, hearing mysteriously mumbled words at Mr. Lambert's door, did not enter, but being again urged over the phone, knocked on the door and, when her knock was unanswered, swung the door open. The body was lying full length on the floor, a pistol lying near by.

Lambert was known as a sportsman here and was in the limelight for some time in 1908 because of certain stories of psychic demonstrations that were issued from the Lambert home by his first wife, which concerned the psychic abilities of a male nurse employed for their 17-year-old son.

The police hold a suicide theory, but are endeavoring to find the mysterious woman who telephoned.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Leather handbag, black, containing gold blue enamel locket with young girl's picture, black leather account book with letters, receipts, and keys, in McCreery's resting room, third floor. Keep money and return other articles to Hotel Rutledge, 103 Lexington Av. Liberal reward; no questions asked.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 139937, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company on the life of George M. S. Armstrong; the finder will please return it to the undersigned; an application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. George M. S. Armstrong, 500 5th Av.

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock certificates Nos. A38036 and A46094, each for 20 shares, in the name "Miss Isabel R. Harder." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. Mrs. Isabel Harder Gebhard, Cornwall, N. Y.

LOST.—Scarf pin, small diamond, platinum, between Flushing, L. I., and 29 Broadway, probably on Long Island Railroad or 6th Avenue elevated; reward. Telephone E. Snyder, Rector 7146.

LOST.—On West End Avenue, between 85th and 96th Streets, diamond scroll pin, large diamond in centre and pearl-shaped diamond drop; very liberal reward. Call Charles Cohen, Greeley 5316.

LOST.—Pearl rosary beads, Long Beach Railroad Station Sunday; initials on cross A. H. M., 1913. Return to May, 804 Park Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—A large pearl, on last Saturday, at Long Beach, on Boardwalk, front of Fuller Apartments; liberal reward. W. S. Cohen, 200 5th Av.

LOST—Black leather suitcase, road Deal-Asbury Park; reward. Cruz, 618 West 186th St.

LOST.—Gold bracelet watch on August 6th; reward on return to A. Herman, 5 Nassau Street.

REWARD of $20, no questions asked, return of black handbag with contents lost from automobile front of Singer Building. Return to Room 804, Singer Building. H. M. Flemming.

TEA ROOMS.

THE GREEN WITCH
IN
GREENWICH VILLAGE
AT
FORTY-NINE EAST TENTH STREET.
Outdoor Dining Room.
Table d'Hote Francaise and a la Carte.
Club Dinners a Specialty.

DOWNTOWN'S MOST DELIGHTFUL MID-DAY TEA ROOMS
THE BROWN BETTY 147 FULTON ST. 72 WALL ST.
Delicious Home Cooking.

OLD CHELSEA NEW 51 WEST 16 LOCATION.
Fine, home-cooked, well-balanced Breakfasts, Luncheons, Dinners.

THE DUTCH OVEN 135 Macdougal Street nr. Washington Sq. So.
Luncheon, 35c; Afternoon Tea, 25c; Dinner, 60c. Also a la carte. Closed Sundays.
OPEN AIR DINING ROOM.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. Afternoon Tea
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

The Dorothy-Louise, 1 WEST 39TH ST. (Opp. Lord & Taylor.)
Luncheon, Fifty Cents. Dinner, Sixty Cents.
CHICKEN DINNER EVERY SATURDAY

The OAK ROOM 36 East 57th St. near Madison Av.
Breakfast; Luncheon; Afternoon Tea; Dinner.
Meals served in Summer Garden (weather permitting.)

MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Ave., near 34th. Breakfast or Luncheon, 35c
Tues., Thurs. and Sat., Chicken Luncheon, 40c.
COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN. Unf. room to rent.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET 8 to 8, Except Sundays.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.

SAVORY TEA SHOP 45 E. 30th St. Summer Garden.
Lunch, 40c. Southern chicken dinner, Wed., 60c.
"WONDERFUL APPLE PIE ALWAYS."

Dine at OLD GRAMERCY PARK, No. 20.
Breakfast, 35c; Luncheon, 50c; Dinner, 75c.
Saturday night, New England Supper, 65c.
Entrance on Irving Place, Downstairs.

OLD CHELSEA, 47 8th Av., nr. 12th St. OPEN SUNDAYS
Breakfast 35c. Luncheon 50c. Dinner 75c.
Old-fashioned Luncheons and Dinners

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's
LUNCHEON (Southern cooking) AFTERNOON TEA

THE PIROUETTE, 25 East 49th Street, bet. Madison & 5th Ave.
Luncheon, 35-40c; Afternoon Tea, Dinner, 50c.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Wisdom In Few Words

IV.

THE STUFF OF LIFE.

Benjamin Franklin was strongly against all idleness, waste and extravagance, and especially against the ill-use of time. Have we things to do worth while? Let us, then, be up and doing. There will be time for rest and play by and by. If he could talk in to-day's vernacular, he would, no doubt, advise: If there is something up to you to do, do it. Do it now. Don't be a slacker. But the way he put it was this:

"Dost thou love life?
Then do not squander time,
For that's the stuff life is made of."

A lot of Franklin's sayings, useful for young or old, have been brought together in the little pamphlet "The Proverbs of Franklin" published by the Franklin Society, which for thirty years has helped thousands to practice the philosophy of one of the wisest of men. The proverbs are yours for the asking.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
(For HOME-BUILDING and SAVINGS)
38 PARK ROW
NEW YORK

ADVERTISING MANAGER
(on bottom of Draft List.)
I WILL very soon be ready for a position with any large manufacturer, jobber or advertising agency seeking a widely experienced, thorough-going, all-around Advertising Man.
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Results, P. O. Box No. 842, New York City.

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Takes them all on high
$2090 F. O. B. Cleveland. Subject to Change Without Notice.
An Owner writes: "I have a 1st and 2nd Gear For Sale."
THE VAN CORTLANDT VEHICLE CORP.
1896 BROADWAY, at 63rd STREET

Your Surplus Business Records!
Are They *Safe* from

or

WHERE do you store your back records, reports, correspondence and other valuable data that you need and must have on file readily accessible?

In your office or office building? Where they occupy space, gather dust, add to fuss and confusion, and cost you 66 2-3% more than you should pay for the space they occupy!

Even then they're not safe!

A fire is liable at any time to sweep them all away and destroy every single record on file—and even if not burned, your building may be partially demolished and your business interrupted.

Is the risk worth while, when for actually one-third the cost of lower Manhattan office rentals you can rent space in the Pioneer Fireproof Warehouses? Located out of the congested districts—

Just Seven Minutes from Wall Street

at the Nevins Street Subway Station. May we show you the evidence first hand? An impressive list of

INSURANCE COMPANIES — RAILROADS
BANKS AND BANKERS — LEGAL FIRMS
EXPORT HOUSES — STOCK EXCHANGE BROKERS

and other firms of highest repute who profit by Pioneer Service?

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Call or write for our representative to-day.

Our Number is MAIN 6900

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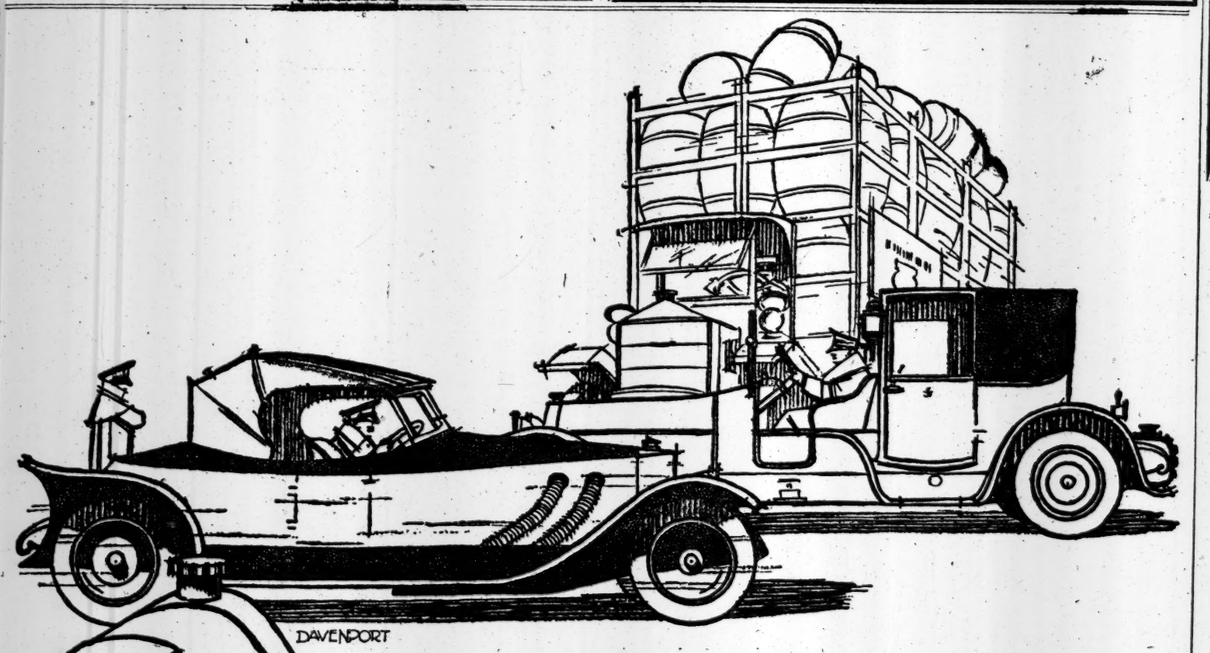
37 to 53 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, New York
OUR 38TH YEAR



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YOU can judge the efficiency of your motor by its flexibility—the eagerness with which it picks up when you open the throttle, the steadiness and smoothness with which it turns over when throttled down.

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Look for the Red, White and Blue SO-CO-NY sign. You'll find it on garages and service stations everywhere and anywhere throughout New York and New England.

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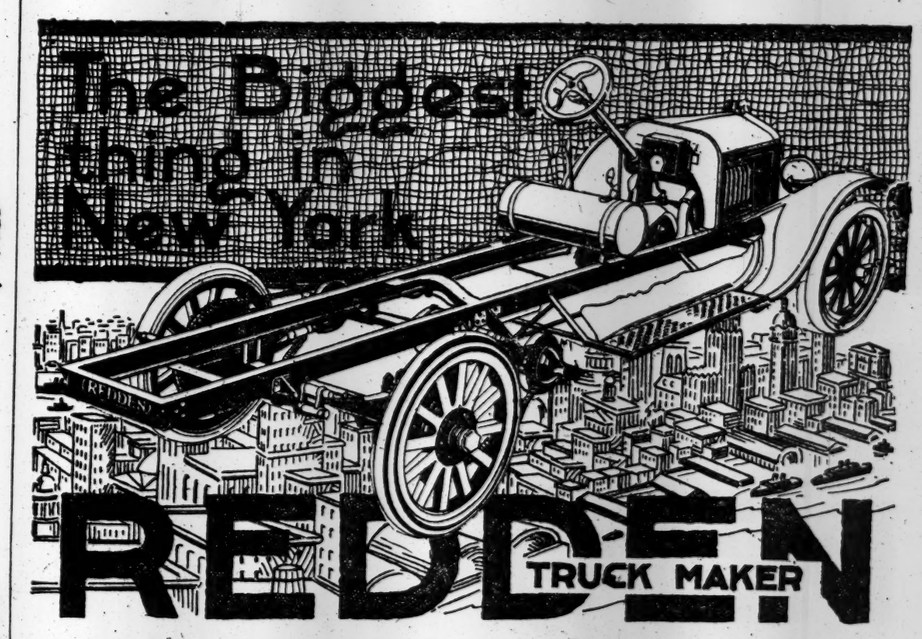

It means millions saved for New Yorkers. For it halves the cost of deliveries. Any merchant or manufacturer in New York can cut hauling costs in two by using Redden Truck Makers.

Be critical. Tell your engineer to compare the Redden to all other Ford ton truck attachments. If he tells you that the Redden has bigger and stronger wheels, tires, springs and rear axle—that its steel channel frame reinforces the Ford frame its entire length—that it is the only attachment with an extra set of service brakes on the jack shaft, that its chain sprockets have 8½ inches road clearance, and that bronze bushings are used liberally—in short, if your engineer tells you that the Redden is by far the soundest and strongest truck maker that's built—why that ought to be conclusive.

It is backed by a big company plus our personal guarantee, and costs $350 and a Ford.

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